THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

ASSOCIATED PRESS SERVICE

Vol. XLVIII.—No. 202. ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 3, 1916.—TWELVE PAGES.

Daily and Sunday, carrier delivery, 15 cents weekly. Single copies on the streets and at news stands 5 cents.

RUSSIANS STRIKE SMASHING BLOWS AT TEUTON FORCES

From the Pripet to the Rumanian Frontier, Over Front of 300 Miles, Great Battle Is in Progress.

THRUST AT BACKBONE OF WHOLE TEUTON LINE

If the Russians Succeed the Teuton Campaign in Balkans Will Fail—Successes Reported by the Russians in Early Stages of Fighting

London, January 3.—Russia's campaign in Bessarabia continues to be the most important visible war activity. From the Pripet to the Rumanian frontier, over a front of at least 300 miles, a huge Russian force with a great appearance of confidence is hurling sledge hammer blows at the opposing force, which, according to all accounts, totals at least 1,500,000 men.

Petrograd still claims considerable successes in the early stages of the campaign and dispatches emphasize the excellent equipment, supplies and munitions that Russia laid up for this purpose during a period of comparative passivity.

Some London observers, speculating on the meaning of the Bessarabian move, hail it as one of the most ambitious strategic plans since the beginning of hostilities and predict that it will prove a colossal attempt to break the backbone of the Germanic allies' whole line across the Balkans. Thus one critic says:

"The plan is that Russia and the other allies, moving from different sides, shall meet in the Balkans and gain complete mastery of that peninsula. If they succeed Turkey will be subdued and the vitals of Austria-Hungary menaced."

ATTITUDE OF RUMANIA.

So long as Russia keeps up her present activity just north of the Rumanian border, the attitude of Rumania will continue to grow in importance. There have been many assertions in the entente capitals that Rumania was about to enter the war on the side of the entente allies, but nothing to support this has yet been heard from credible Rumanian sources.

Meanwhile in the south of the Balkan peninsula the entente allies continue their expectant attitude toward a threatened attack, although Greece seems mainly occupied in making various diplomatic protests, having followed up her polite protest to the entente allies against the arrest of the consuls by an equally polite protest to the central powers against their aeroplanes flying across Greek territory in a raid which killed a Greek shepherd and a few sheep.

In the Dardanelles Constantinople reports continued engagements in which both land and sea forces took part.

Little fighting has been in progress in the western war theater.

GAINS MADE BY RUSSIANS.

Petrograd, January 2.—(Via London.) Today's official statement reads:

"Western (Russian) front: In the Riga region on the Baldon road a lively fusillade and cannonade occurred in which a German armored motor car participated. In the district south of Jacobstadt and near the Podunay farm there was lively artillery and rifle firing. In the region of the Poniewesch railway the Germans threw into our trenches some hand grenades and smoke bombs.

"North of Czartorysk the enemy twice attacked our fortifications, but met with heavy losses and was thrown back on his own trenches. We captured an officer and seventy men.

"On the Stripa front the enemy under our pressure was obliged to fall back on new fortified positions. A particularly fierce engagement occurred near Czernowitz, where we occupied several heights and captured 15 officers, 855 men, 3 machine guns and 1 bomb mortar.

"Caucasus front: Our cavalry suddenly attacked a Kurdish detachment of some hundreds of men, occupying the town of Khopa, sabered the enemy and dispersed his forces.

"In Persia there is nothing to report

Continued on Page Eight.

Family Feud Comes to End In Shooting of J. B. Spier By Dr. Bishop and His Son

HELD FOR KILLING

H. A. BISHOP,
Who shot J. B. Spier, his former brother-in-law, four times Sunday. Dr. Bishop, his father, then fired the fifth shot and Spier died.

Spier Was the Divorced Husband of the Daughter of Slayer, and for Years Had Been Giving Them Trouble, the Bishops Tell Detectives.

TRIED TO KIDNAP GIRL AND LEVELED PISTOL AT HIS FORMER WIFE

H. A. Bishop Then Put Four Bullets in Spier's Head, and When He Again Tried to Shoot Mrs. Spier, Dr. Bishop Fired the Fifth Shot.

After attempting to kill his former wife as she was waiting, with her father an dbrother, to board an incoming street car at the corner of Angier avenue and Bedford place, shortly before 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon, Jebe B. Spier, aged 38, residence unknown, was shot and instantly killed by his former father-in-law, Dr. J. V. Bishop, of Burwell, Ga., and his former brother-in-law, H. A. Bishop, 230 Pine street.

The shooting of Spier took place while Dr. and Mrs. Bishop and Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Bishop were talking of Spier, who had been riding past the Bishop home on Pine street in an automobile all Sunday afternoon. Spier attempted to grab Dorothy, his 8-year-old daughter, from the side of her mother, and being foiled by the quick action of his former wife, attempted to shoot the latter.

Dr. and Mrs. Bishop have been on a brief visit to their son in this city, and at the time the family was at the corner were on route to the depot to catch a train to return to Burwell.

SPIER SHOT DOWN.

Spier drove his car down Angier avenue toward the intersection of Bedford place. Several feet above where the Bishops were standing he stopped the machine, and, leaping out, made a dive for the little girl. Mrs. Spier, divining his intentions, snatched the child to one side, and enraged at her action Spier drew his revolver and levelled it at her. Almost simultaneous with the drawing of Spier's revolver Young Bishop drew his and fired four times, four bullets entering Spier's head.

The wounded man dropped to the sidewalk, from where he again leveled the revolver at his former wife and attempted to pull the trigger. Before he could complete his efforts to fire, Dr. Bishop had drawn his gun and placed the fifth bullet in Spier's head, ending his life.

The shooting, according to detectives, was the outgrowth of six years of trouble between the Bishops and Spier.

Detective Cochran, with Plain Clothes Officers Duncan and Turner were rushed to the scene of the shooting, from where they took the Bishops to police headquarters.

TELL STORY OF SHOOTING.

In the office of Chief of Detectives Newport A. Lanford, Dr. Bishop and his son told the story of the shooting and of events leading up to it.

Dr. Bishop stated that when his daughter married Spier he immediately began causing the Bishop family trouble and had several times threatened to take the life of his wife. On account of that trouble Dr. Bishop claimed that his daughter had left Spier and secured a divorce. Since then, he claims that Spier had been causing trouble and had finally been placed under a peace bond in Carroll county for attempting to kill Dr. Bishop. Dr. Bishop claimed that he had left Atlanta with his wife several years ago, just to get out of the way of Spier.

An enormous crowd, composed of several hundred people, thronged the streets in the vicinity of the tragedy for hours until officers were dispatched there to clear the streets for traffic.

The Constitution reporter, arriving on the scene, found Dr. Bishop and his son in a soda water stand across from the corner on which the shooting had taken place. They had waited there for the officers and had surrendered, stating that they had been forced to shoot.

INFORM DETECTIVES.

To a Constitution reporter the Bishops refused to give out any information.

It was only to the detectives would Dr. Bishop consent to make a statement.

Following the conference with Chief Lanford, Detective Cochran and Plain-clothes Officers Duncan and Turner, young Bishop was released in the custody of a policeman. Dr. Bishop leaves this morning for Burwell with Detective Cochran for the purpose of getting letters and notes said to have been written to Mrs. Spier and Dr. and Mrs. Bishop by Spier. Threats against the lives of the whole family are said to be contained in those letters.

Coroner Donehoo was called by Detective Cochran, but declined to hold an inquest after being acquainted with the details of the affair.

The body of Spier was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Bishop is 24 years of age and a member of the Camp Grocery company firm. Dr. Bishop is 59 years of age and a practicing physician of Burwell, where he is one of the most prominent men of his community.

The Bishops, father and son, will be tried before Recorder Johnson as soon as Dr. Bishop and Detectivo Cochran return to Atlanta from Burwell.

INTRASTATE RATE CHANGES WANTED

Railroads Are Expected to Soon File With Railroad Commission Schedule of Revised Tariffs.

The state railroad commission has received notification from the interstate commerce commission of the action of the board of suspensions of that body in declining to grant a suspension of the interstate tariffs filed by the railroad lines of the southeast to become effective January 1 in response to the interstate commission's fourth section order, No. 3866.

While there will undoubtedly be a further fight against the tariffs on the part of southeastern shippers, the next move by the railroads in Georgia is expected to be the filing with the Georgia railroad commission a schedule of revised intrastate tariffs based upon the interstate tariffs made effective by the order of the interstate commission. The railroads of the state have been at work for months preparing these new intrastate tariffs, which they will ask the Georgia commission to accept as making the intrastate tariffs uniform with the interstate tariffs.

Anticipatory of this petition from the railroads the Georgia railroad commission is already gathering data upon the subject and otherwise making itself ready to handle the subject intelligently.

The proposed revision of intrastate tariffs, it is expected, will result in a large number of increases. While the idea of the railroads "leveling" the intrastate tarius and making them uniform with the interstate tariffs will involve various reductions in rates, it is expected that the average of rate changes of the state will result in a very substantial average increase. Most certainly this petition will bring before the commission one of the most complicated and comprehensive tariff questions that has ever come up in the history of the commission, and will involve a tremendous amount of investigation and work.

U. S. GOLD OUTPUT $98,891,100 IN 1915

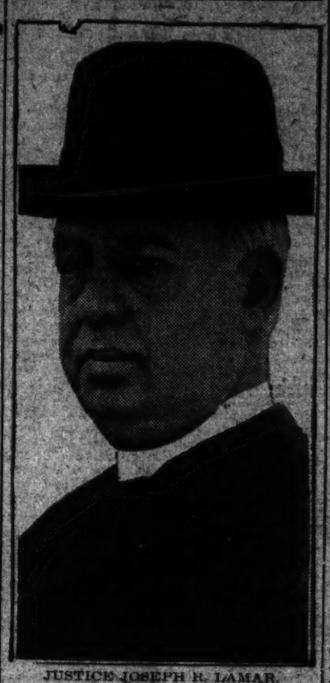
Washington, January 2.—Gold valued at $98,891,100 was produced during 1915 in the United States, according to a joint announcement today by the director of the mint and geological survey. Last year the total was $94,-631,800.

Silver production in 1915 amounted to 67,435,600 fine ounces, a reduction compared with 1914 of 4,969,500 fine ounces.

California led in gold production with a value of $23,005,800.

Nevada produced the most silver, having mined 13,793,000 fine ounces.

SUMMONED BY DEATH



JUSTICE JOSEPH R. LAMAR.
Distinguished Georgian dies on the eve of the anniversary of his appointment to the United States supreme court. Justice Lamar was born in Elbert county, Georgia, October 14, 1857.

JUSTICE LAMAR HAS ANSWERED LAST SUMMONS

Distinguished Georgian Passed in Washington Sunday Night After an Illness of Several Months.

DIED ON ANNIVERSARY OF ELEVATION TO BENCH

He Was Appointed by Taft, Being One of the Few Members of Court Appointed by a President of Opposite Faith.

Washington, January 2.—Joseph Rucker Lamar, associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, died at his home here tonight after an illness of several months. He was 58 years old and had been on the supreme bench five years, having been appointed in December, 1910, by then President Taft.

A year ago Justice Lamar suffered a stroke of paralysis, but was improving nicely until just before the holidays, when he took a severe cold which settled on his lungs. In his weakened condition the attack proved particularly severe and he has practically been at death's door for several days.

Gradual Heart Failure.

The immediate cause of death was gradual heart failure, hastened by inflammation of one of the lungs which had threatened to develop into pneumonia. Attending physicians declared, however, that the primary cause was overwork, due to the arduous duties of a member of the supreme court and as commissioner of the United States, in 1914, to the mediation conference between the United States and Mexico at Niagara Falls.

Exhausted by last year's term of court, Justice Lamar went to White Sulphur, W. Va., in June. He improved until September, when a clot in an artery caused him to lose the use for a time of his left arm and leg. It was some time before he recovered from this attack, but when he returned to Washington in October he planned to return to his work on the bench in February.

About a week ago the justice contracted a cold. His weakened heart was unable to bear the added burden of this inflammation.

About 9 o'clock this morning his condition was noted to be critical. The system had ceased to throw off the normal poisons. In the afternoon, after recognizing his wife and two sons, Philip and William, he dropped to sleep. Gradually his breathing respiration grew less frequent, until at 8:20 o'clock tonight he gave a long sigh, as of relief, and was dead.

Arrangements for the funeral were not completed tonight, but the burial will take place at Augusta, Ga., for many years the home of the justice. The funeral party will leave Washington for Augusta Tuesday at 3 p. m.

Died on Anniversary of Elevation.

Had justice Lamar lived until tomorrow noon, he would have completed five years' service on the supreme court bench. During the entire period he was regarded as one of the hardest workers ever on the bench. His opinions were written and re-written as many as twenty times, and, when handed down were regarded as excellent specimens of diction. It is said of him that when a member of the Georgia supreme court he once took an opinion to a public stenographer to write because he was humiliated at the number of times he had dictated it to his own secretary.

About the time Justice Lamar returned to Washington last fall, a movement was started to have congress legislate so as to enable him to retire on full pay. At that time Secretary Lane, of the interior department, and Solicitor General John W. Davis, of the department of justice, were mentioned in discussions of his possible successor. It is believed that President Wilson will at once proceed in filling the va-

Continued on Page Two.

Persia Sunk Without Warning And Over 300 Persons Drowned; Grave Crisis for United States

WIMBISH ACCEPTS STATE ROAD PLACE

Atlantan Will So Announce to Commission Tuesday. Groves Cohen, of Marietta, Will Be Stenographer and Clerk.

Attorney W. A. Wimbish stated to The Constitution yesterday that when the Western and Atlantic railroad releasing commission meets at the state capitol Tuesday morning he will announce to them his acceptance of the place of special attorney to the commission.

The act creating the commission stipulated that Colonel Wimbish should serve as special attorney to the commission. The personnel of the commission was completed some time ago when all the commissioners named by the general assembly, with the exception of Fuller E. Callaway, of LaGrange, signified their acceptance of their appointments, and E. A. Copelan, of Greensboro, was named to fill the vacancy of Mr. Callaway and accepted.

Mr. Wimbish was the only remaining appointee of the legislature in connection with the Western and Atlantic commission who had not indicated his acceptance, although it had been anticipated for some time that he would accept.

The personnel of the commission is now Governor Nat E. Harris, Chairman of the State Railroad Commission Murphey Candler, Judson L. Hand, of Pelham; G. Gunby Jordan, of Columbus, and E. A. Copelan, of Greensboro, commissioners, and W. A. Wimbish, of Atlanta, special attorney.

It was announced some days ago that the commission has named Campbell Wallace, of Marietta, secretary of the state railroad commission, as secretary also of the Western and Atlantic commission.

It was stated Sunday that the commission has selected Groves H. Cohen, of Marietta, as stenographer and clerk of the commission. Mr. Cohen was connected with the state railroad commission some eighteen months ago, where he proved himself a very efficient man. Mr. Cohen will begin his service with the commission today.

The commission is now trying to secure permanent quarters in the state house, which it will secure in the near future. The offices desired are those now occupied by the pure food department, adjoining the offices of the state railroad commission. Mr. Cohen will be in charge of the offices of the Western and Atlantic commission, which will be kept open all the time, just as any other state house office, so that parties so desiring may call there and give or receive information or transact any other business with the commission.

At the meeting of the commission Tuesday the work of the commission will be outlined. The various commissioners have for the last several weeks been studying the bill which created the commission and outlined its duties. They will Tuesday discuss the provisions of the bill and outline the work which is before them. This work will then be taken up immediately.

ENGINEER DIES BENEATH ENGINE

Southern Passenger Train Runs Into Rock Slide at Barker Creek, North Carolina—Several Injured.

Asheville, N. C., January 2.—Engineer John C. Clarke, of Asheville, was killed and two brakeman and three passengers were slightly injured about noon today when a Southern railway passenger train from this city for Murphy, N. C., ran into a rock slide about 52 miles from here. The injured were Mrs. W. J. Woods, of Whittier, N. C.; G. W. Reeves, of Barker's Creek, N. C., and L. M. Wilson, of Copper Hill, Tenn., all passengers, and C. Knox Christopher, fireman, and J. C. Bean, baggageman.

The rock slide occurred at a curve at Barker's Creek, and was not visible to the engineer until he was too close to stop the train. The locomotive and baggage car turned over, the engineer being pinned beneath the wreck. His body was taken out by a wrecking crew sent from here and was brought to Asheville. The injured also were brought here.

Famed Georgia Peach Leads Entire Country In Value to Growers

The far-famed Georgia peach in 1915 again demonstrated to the country that Georgia is by far the most profitable peach-producing state in the United States. Although Arkansas, according to government reports, produced a bigger crop than did Georgia, her nearest competitor, the Georgia crop was worth over $1,000,000 more to the producers than the Arkansas crop.

Government reports show that in Arkansas during the season of 1915, 5,-940,000 bushels of peaches were grown, while the production in Georgia fell short of that record by 810,000 bushels.

The statistics show, however, that the Georgia peaches were worth $1 a bushel, or $5,130,000, while the total value of the Arkansas crop was only $3,743,000, or $1,388,000 less.

Texas came third in raising peaches in 1915, with 4,235,000 bushels to her credit. The Texas peach was valued at $3,894,000.

BRITONS BITTER ABOUT THE PERSIA

Torpedoing of Liner Called Deliberate Murder—Curiosity Expressed as to Attitude of United States.

London, January 3.—The London morning papers in editorials on the sinking of the steamer Persia denounce the act in scathing terms and ask whether the cup of Teutonic enormity as far as America is concerned is yet full.

The Post says:

"We long ago relinquished all expectation that neutral nations would effectually intervene in the repeated outrages of international law. It is naturally a matter for their own conscience, but at the same time it must be said that their position is singularly inconsistent with their pleadings to the allied belligerents that they may be allowed to trade with the enemy."

The Post then severely reproaches the British government for making secret agreements to assist such trading.

The Times editorial, assuming that it was the Austrians, though it may possibly have been a German or a Turkish submarine, says:

No Room for Hollow Excuses.

"Whatever flag is stained by this fresh outrage there is no room for hollow cynical explanations by which Vienna sought to amuse Washington. It cannot be pretended that the Persia was torpedoed in such a gentle fashion that the passengers ought to have been saved but for the culpable negligence of the crew which is the cowardly defense of the Austrians in the Ancona case. Even Austrian impudence and cynicism cannot plead that five minutes is long enough to save hundreds of passengers.

"The Times considers that the neutral powers will find it dangerous to flout American opinion and says that 'the cup may or may not be full in America, but when it is full it overflows with disconcerting suddenness.'"

"Deliberately Murdered."

"The fact that stares all nations in the face," says The Telegraph, "is that 400 utterly helpless non-combatants were deliberately murdered in broad daylight by an enemy warship acting under orders of its government. By a singular coincidence the new disaster comes on the same day as the publication of Austria's Ancona reply to America. Each new case makes it more difficult to avoid the conclusion that the whole of the enemies' correspondence with Washington over these affairs is so much dishonest pleading.

"The duty of asserting the claims of law and humanity against this murder policy has been assumed by the United States government, but it unfortunately is impossible to say that Washington's action has prevented the enemy from committing as many similar crimes as he was able or thought desirable to commit. Meantime it is obvious that each repetition of this repulsive barbarity weakens the possibility of Washington remaining on friendly relations with Berlin and Vienna. The interchange of notes had now passed the point of farce and no spirited nation can long endure that condition of affairs."

Value of Teuton Assurances.

The Chronicle says:

"In the light of this appalling crime President Wilson can measure the value of the assurances received from Germany and Austria. The former never apologized for sinking the Lusitania and Austria has sent to Washington a tardy apology for sinking the Ancona, its utter insincerity being shown by the almost simultaneous sinking of the Yasaka Maru, the Ville de La Ciotat and Persia. The central powers could scarcely be more open in their contempt for the American government and the people will continue to tolerate their attitude."

"Presumably America's action will be determined by the fate of the few American passengers aboard the Persia," says The Daily News. "We should like to believe for the sake of her good name as much as in the interest of any victims of the future that it would not but whatever the president's decision his right to choose his course without complaint or criticism from this side is unqualified and unquestioned."

Defensive Measures.

The Daily News, in common with other morning papers discusses the question as to whether the entente allies will not be able to clear the Mediterranean sea of submarines as they have already cleared the North sea. It points out that it is a very different thing to clear the Mediterranean from clearing the English channel, and moreover the submarine activity in the Mediterranean is a comparatively recent development and that the allies have not had time to develop their defensive forces to the full extent.

Police Find Jewelry And Ladies' Clothing In Negro's Possession

Bicycle Officers Wiley and Barker, who work Darktown on the evening watch, made a lucky catch early Sunday night when they arrested George Franklin, driver of cab No. 58, and found in his possession a suit case in which was several hundred dollars' worth of jewelry and fine ladies' clothes as well as a package of calling cards bearing the name of Mrs. Joseph N. Worley.

Franklin could not explain the presence of the suitcase on his cab when the officers stopped him for an investigation at the corner of Cain and Butler streets, but after protesting that it contained nothing other than some of his old clothes was forced to open it for a further inspection.

The officers stated to a Constitution reporter that they believe the negro stole the grip at the union station and was taking it to his home in Darktown. They also state that the arrest of Franklin will in all probability expose a series of such thefts made from passengers at both the union and Terminal stations.

U. S. Consul Robert N. McNeely, Proceeding to His Post at Aden, Arabia, Among Those Who Went Down With the Torpedoed Liner.

END OF DIPLOMATIC ROPE REACHED ON SUBMARINES BY THE UNITED STATES

That Is Said to Be the Feeling in Washington — Austria-Hungary Charge Asks a Suspension of Judgment, Declaring That His Government Will "Satisfactorily Adjust" the Matter if International Law Has Been Violated.

Washington, January 3.—Anxiety over the news of the sinking of the British steamship Persia increased in official circles here today when a consular dispatch brought the information that the ship had been torpedoed without warning, and that at least one American citizen, Robert N. McNeely, new consul at Aden, Arabia, was missing.

At the same time officials were much gratified at the indication emanating from Baron Erich Zwiedinek, charge of the Austro-Hungarian embassy here, that the Vienna government would be quick to "satisfactorily adjust" the matter should it develop that an Austrian commander had disobeyed instructions in regard to torpedoing passenger-carrying ships without warning.

ASKS SUSPENSION OF JUDGMENT.

"Judgment should be withheld pending the receipt of the real facts surrounding the sinking of the steamer Persia," said Baron Zwiedinek. "It may have happened in many ways. In the first place it is not yet proved that a submarine sank the Persia. If it was an Austrian submarine it must be determined whether the circumstances were such as to warrant the action taken.

"I am confident, at least I hope, that the final explanation will be quite satisfactory. If the commander of the submarine disobeyed his instructions I feel sure my government will not hesitate to satisfacorily adjust the matter.

"From the answer made to the last note on the Ancona alone it is quite evident that the Austro-Hungarian government will not countenance any act which is wrong."

Complete confidence prevails in Teutonic diplomatic circles that if an Austrian submarine sank the Persia without warning the act would be disavowed promptly, reparation made for Americans lost and the submarine commander severely punished.

It is understood that Baron Zwiedinek new will call upon Secretary Lansing tomorrow for the purpose of informally conveying his views on the subject and endeavoring to gain an understanding of the views of the United States for the information of his government.

NO SURMARINE SEEN BY PERSIA SURVIVORS.

Only one dispatch concerning the sinking of the Persia was received today by the state department. It came from Consul Garrels, at Alexandria, Egypt, and indicated that Consul McNeely, on his way to his post, had been lost. He was last seen in the water before the steamship went down. Consul Garrels reported also that Charles H. Grant, of Boston, another American who was aboard the Persia, was among the survivors. No submarine was seen by the survivors, according to the consul's report, but an officer of the ship said he saw the wake of a torpedo. The Persia went down in five minutes. This dispatch was immediately forwarded to President Wilson, at Hot Springs.

While Secretary Lansing tonight declined to comment upon the situation confronting the United States, it became known that he and other administration officials were awaiting full information before forming an opinion and determining upon any action.

Officials expressed themselves as not being convinced that a submarine sank the Persia. They were impressed by the statement in the dispatch from Alexandria that the wake of the torpedo had been seen, though no submarine was visible. Navy officers who were consulted said they would consider it out of the ordinary, although not impossible, that a torpedo fired by

Weather Prophecy

FAIR.

Washington—Forecast:
Georgia—Fair, slightly colder Monday; Tuesday fair.
Louisiana—Fair Monday and Tuesday.
Tennessee—Fair Monday, slightly colder central portion; Tuesday fair.
Kentucky—Fair Monday and Tuesday; little change in temperature.
Mississippi—Fair Monday, slightly colder southeast and extreme south portion; Tuesday fair.
Alabama—Fair Monday, slightly colder south portion; Tuesday fair.
Florida—Fair Monday, slightly colder north portion; Tuesday fair.
South Carolina—Fair Monday, slightly colder interior; Tuesday fair.

ECONOMY!

Buy-right Hints for the Housewife

Prices Change Over Night!

The morning paper is the vantage ground of economical buying—

Particularly is this the case when the world's markets are as sensitive to changes as the tracer on a seismograph, as they are now in these piping times of American peace under the coverlet of an European war—

The Kaiser's throat, King Edward's unhorsing, a French defeat or a Russian retreat, each and all of such critical junctures are circumstances that press a powerful finger on the pulse of prices—

Whatever advantage there is to be gained in buying, is left for the morning paper to exploit—

That's the reason why the Housewife should read the merchant's advertising in The Constitution—

The savings of a single day may not at all times be reckoned overmuch; but "many a mickle makes a muckle," and the everyday saving throughout the month will aggregate a competence that will joyfully surprise any woman who will put this policy into everyday practice—

Never overlook the market advertising.

NOTE—The CONSTITUTION guarantees a marked saving on every purchase made in Atlanta in stores that advertise their lowest prices in these pages.

a submerged submarine should leave a visible wake.

UNITED STATES AT END OF DIPLOMATIC ROPE.

Discussion of the case today showed that officials generally felt that the United States had about come to the end of its rope in conducting diplomatic negotiations over submarine warfare. There was no inclination to minimize the gravity of the situation that would develop if it was proved that an Austrian submarine sank the Persia and a prompt disavowal from Vienna was not forthcoming. It was thought possible, however, that the Vienna government may see fit to follow the example set by Germany upon the sinking of the Arabic. The Arabic was torpedoed at a time when it appeared that the submarine controversy with Germany was on the road to settlement. A week later Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, received instructions to assure the United States government that full satisfaction, "more than a disavowal," would be given by the Berlin government should the circumstances as they were reported, prove to be correct.

Should the developments warrant it and should the mystery surrounding the nationality of the submarine remain unsolved, the United States, it was said, probably will address inquiries to Austria-Hungary, Germany and Turkey, the only nations whose submarines might be in the eastern Mediterranean.

INQUIRIES TO BE SENT TO ALL THREE NATIONS.

The inquiries necessarily would have to be sent to all three nations, although it is believed certain in all quarters that Austria-Hungary is the only one of the Teutonic allies with submarines in those waters. This belief is based primarily upon a statement recently made by Count von Bernstorff to the effect that no German or Turkish submarines were known to be operating there.

Any action taken by the United States will be based upon affidavits from passengers, particularly Americans, rather than upon officers of the ship. Final decision as to what action, if any, is to be taken, will be made by the president, who will return to Washington from Hot Springs in a day or two.

Several points remain to be cleared up. The state department especially desires additional corroboration of the statement that the wake of a torpedo was seen. It regards as being significant the statement that the vessel went down in five minutes and desires all details upon this point, although it is assumed that Consul Garreis based the statement upon information received from passengers.

It is understood that the Lusitania and the Ancona negotiations will be allowed to remain in their present status until more definite details regarding the circumstances of the sinking of the Persia are at hand.

PEOPLE LOST IN THE BOATS.

London, January 3.—A dispatch to The Times from Cairo says that two boatloads of people were drawn down with the steamer Persia when she sank as there was no time to cut the ropes. The four boats got away, but it was thirty hours before a trawler picked them up. Several ships passed by without assisting the refugees, being afraid, presumably, of decoys. Many passengers were thrown into the water when the vessel heeled over.

PERSIA VANISHED IN FIVE MINUTES AFTER BEING HIT

London, January 2.—Unofficial dispatches from Cairo state that the British steamship Persia, sunk in the Mediterranean on Thursday, was torpedoed without warning and sank in five minutes.

Between 150 and 160 survivors have been landed at Alexandria, Egypt.

Robert N. McNeely, American consul at Aden, Arabia, is believed to have been drowned.

Reuter's Cairo correspondent makes the unreserved statement that Mr. McNeely lost his life. Charles H. Grant, of Boston, was saved.

Over 300 Lives Lost.

It is estimated that there were about 500 souls on board the Persia. Of this number it seems that more than 300 went down with the ship.

Details of the sinking of the Persia came in slowly today, but they indicated that the number of persons who escaped in the four boats which were put off was larger than was hoped when the first news was received yesterday.

The Peninsular and Oriental company, which owned the Persia, announced today that 158 survivors had arrived at Alexandria.

The survivors comprise the chief officer, second officer, seven engineers, twenty-seven seamen, sixty-three Lascars and fifty-nine passengers.

A Lloyds dispatch gives the number as 158, made up of 59 passengers, of whom 17 are women and 94 members of the crew, including 59 Lascars. The survivors include ten military officers and eight persons who are not British subjects.

Ship Struck Amidships.

"The ship was struck amidships on the port side at 1:10 p. m.," says Reuter's correspondent at Cairo. "She had disappeared completely by 1:15.

"Survivors say it was little short of a miracle that any one was saved. There was no panic. Four boats were launched with the utmost promptitude.

"The captain was drowned. When last seen he was swimming after the liner had plunged beneath the surface."

Both the Peninsula and Oriental company and Reuter's Cairo correspondent say that Mr. Grant has been landed at Alexandria. The steamship company this afternoon had received no news of Mr. McNeely's fate.

Edward Rose, of Denver, left the Persia at Gibraltar, as was reported yesterday.

Story of Survivor.

The Peninsular and Oriental Steamship company tonight received the following telegram from Colonel C. C. Bingham, who was among the survivors of the Persia disaster:

"A torpedo struck the ship on the port bow at 1:05 o'clock in the afternoon when about forty miles south of the east end of the island of Crete. No warning was given nor any attempt to assist. Within five minutes the ship had sunk.

"It was impossible to lower the starboard boats owing to the heavy list. Five or six boats were lowered on the port side. I didn't see this myself as I was washed overboard when the boat capsized.

"The conduct of the passengers and crew was splendid, there was no struggling and no panic. Four boats, after thirty hours at sea, were picked up by a warship."

M'NEELY'S BROTHER NOT ON PERSIA.

Monroe, N. C., January 2.—Robert E. McNeely, American consul at Aden, who is reported lost on the steamer Persia, in the Mediterranean, was not accompanied by his brother, C. D. McNeely, of Waxhaw, N. C., according to a statement made at the McNeely home today.

C. D. McNeely was said yesterday to have been with the consul on the Persia as his secretary.

Mrs. W. R. McNeely, mother of Consul McNeely, is critically ill as the result of paralysis sustained last week and has not been told of the reports that her son is listed among the missing passengers of the Persia.

REPORT ON PERSIA SENT TO WILSON.

Hot Springs, Va., January 2.—Dispatches received by President Wilson from the state department today are understood to have included a report of the torpedoing of the British liner Persia, on which an American consul is believed to have been lost. No comment on the news was given out.

The president and his wife are preparing to return to Washington in a few days. They took a long walk and an automobile drive today, and Mr. Wilson spent two hours replying to New Year's greetings.

MONEY TO AID JEWS STRICKEN BY THE WAR

Baltimore, January 2.—Between $50,000 and $75,000 were the estimate of the funds raised for the relief of Jews stricken by the European war at meetings tonight here attended by about 5,000 persons.

Jewelry filled purses, loose cash and pledges were rushed to the stages of the two theaters in which the meetings were held. More than 1,000 persons were turned away from the overflow meeting. It was announced that one pledge was for $3,000 and that a newsboy who could not gain admittance had sent in a stickpin that was a Christmas gift to him.

A telegram from President Wilson was read expressing "profound sympathy with the object of the meeting and my sincere hope that there will be a great outpouring for the relief of these distressed people."

GREEK CHAMBER HASTILY CONVENED

Sudden Action May Be Due to the Teuton-Bulgar-Turk Protest About Arrest of Consuls at Saloniki by the Allies.

London, January 3.—Athens newspapers announce that the chamber of deputies has been hastily convened, and will meet on January 17, according to a dispatch to The Exchange Telegraph company.

GREECE PRESSED BY THE TEUTONS.

Paris, January 2.—The representatives of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria have made collective representations to the Greek government relative to the arrest of their consuls at Saloniki by the allies, according to a Havas dispatch from Athens. They were informed by Premier Skouloudis that he already had protested to the British and French governments.

"Neutrals will not be surprised that we are watching our own safety," says The Temps in discussing the arrest at Saloniki of the consuls representing the central empires, Turkey and Bulgaria. "The bad faith of the Austro-Germans compels the allies to take summary measures and this is the first instance.

"Greece will not be surprised, but, on the contrary, reassured by this energetic act."

The Matin says the Greek government has lodged a protest with the German minister at Athens against the attack on Saloniki by Teutonic aeroplanes.

CONSULS ARE SENT FROM SALONIKI.

London, January 2.—An Athens dispatch to Reuter's says the French battleship Patrie has sailed from Saloniki carrying the German, Austrian, Turkish and Bulgarian consuls at Saloniki, who were arrested last week at the order of General Sarrail, the French commander.

The protest made by Greece to the entente powers against the arrest of the consuls dwells on the fact that even the Greek government was not advised in advance of the decision to take such a drastic step.

At a cabinet council in Athens Friday Premier Skouloudis laid before his colleagues a note collectively presented by the Austrian, German, Turkish and Bulgarian ministers against the arrest of the consuls. The cabinet discussed at length the recent events at Saloniki and, the correspondent says, it is apparent the situation has become a delicate one, which is seriously occupying the attention of the Greek government. There is much uneasiness as to the next move by the central powers. Athens newspapers publish articles, presumably inspired, which take the entente powers severely to task.

HUERTA IS PRONOUNCED IN SERIOUS CONDITION

The Mexican General Underwent Operation at El Paso on Saturday.

El Paso, Texas, January 2.—General Victoriana Huerta, former provisional president of Mexico, who underwent an operation here yesterday, was pronounced in a serious condition tonight by his physician, Dr. M. P. Schuster.

General Huerta, who has been ill for some time with what physicians described as jaundice, was operated on for gall stones. It was announced after the operation that the physicians found symptoms of a more complicated disease and today expressed fear for his recovery.

Huerta has been confined at the Fort Bliss military prison on the charge of conspiracy to start a new revolution in Mexico. Recently the authorities permitted his removal to his home in this city, where it was said he was suffering from jaundice. He apparently recovered and was transferred back to Fort Bliss. Suffering a relapse, he was removed again to his home for the operation.

General Huerta, who succeeded President Madero in executive power in Mexico after the coup d'etat which resulted in the deaths of Madero and Vice President Suarez, and later went to Spain. He then came to the United States and was arrested at Newman, N. M., last June. Upon arraignment on the conspiracy charge he waived examination and was held for the federal grand jury at San Antonio.

San Antonio, Texas, January 2.—J. L. Camp, United States district attorney, stated tonight that the reported illness of General Victoriano Huerta in El Paso will not interfere with the grand jury investigation here this week of charges of neutrality violations pending against the former Mexican president.

The federal grand jury will convene tomorrow. Ten other prominent Mexicans besides Huerta are charged with implication in the alleged conspiracy which is said to have included an attempt to launch a revolution organized in the United States.

Mr. Camp stated that in the event indictments are returned, General Huerta's trial probably will be postponed until the next term of court.

JUSTICE LAMAR ANSWERS LAST SUMMONS

Continued From First Page.

cancy because of the important cases now awaiting consideration before a full court.

The court will meet at noon tomorrow and will adjourn immediately until after the funeral.

Present at the bedside when the distinguished jurist passed away were Mrs. Lamar and her two sons, William Lamar and Philip Lamar. Chief Justice White was in the house, and the other associate justices gathered there shortly afterwards to plan for the funeral.

Bacon Urged Lamar Appointment.

Justice Lamar had the distinction of being one of the few members of the court appointed by a president of opposite political faith. President Taft appointed him with only two precedents for such action, those of justices Jackson and Lurton.

The late Senator Bacon is credited with having induced the president to name Justice Lamar to the supreme court, when the president had in mind appointing him on the ill-fated commerce court. The president had met Judge Lamar in Augusta and acquired a strong liking for him. An exhaustive investigation of the latter's record as a jurist and member of the supreme court of Georgia was made by the department of justice and resulted in a flattering indorsement. Joseph M. Terrell, who had appointed Judge Lamar to the Georgia supreme court, was then in the senate and urged the appointment. Former Representative William M. Howard, who had been a schoolmate of Justice Lamar at Martin institute in Jackson county, was another whose opinion President Taft sought. He and Representative William G. Brantley and Charles L. Bartlett all strongly recommended the Georgia man. Justice Lamar was recognized as one of the strongest men on the supreme court. There was a clearness and lucidity about his decisions which impressed the bar and the casual visitor.

Sketch of Justice Lamar.

Justice Lamar was born in Ruckersville, Elbert county, Georgia, October 14, 1857. He attended the University of Georgia and Bethany college, where he was graduated in 1877. He attended the law school at Washington and Lee university, and was admitted to the bar at Augusta, Ga., in 1878. He lived at Augusta until appointed to the supreme court bench.

Coming from distinguished southern stock, he was one of the few men whose family had previously had a representative on the bench. The justice was a cousin to Associate Justice L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi, who served on the bench from 1888 to 1893.

He was honored by his state by many positions for which his learning and ability as a lawyer fitted him. First, he was a member of the Georgia house of representatives, and in 1892 was appointed by the supreme court of Georgia as one of the commissioners to prepare a code of laws for the state, which code was adopted by the general assembly in 1895. He was again honored on January 1, 1901, by appointment to fill an unexpired term as associate justice of the Georgia supreme court and was elected to the same position at the ensuing election. In 1905 he resigned to resume the practice of law.

His Law Practice.

In the practice of the law he largely represented railroads and other big corporations, and yet, in the day of antipathy to corporation lawyers, his integrity was so highly regarded that the senate, without delay, confirmed his nomination.

Early in his service on the supreme bench he became recognized as one of the most powerful members. His opinions were finished works of logic. Applications for rehearings were rare in cases decided.

Coming to Washington as a man little known beyond his state, his rise in public estimation as a member of the court led President Wilson to select him as the principal commissioner for the United States in the A B C mediation at Niagara Falls in 1914 between the United States and Mexico over conditions in the southern republic. In this position he acquitted himself with distinction.

Taft Expresses Sorrow.

New Haven, Conn., January 2.—Former President Taft, who appointed Justice Lamar to the supreme court bench in 1910, expressed sorrow tonight when he learned of his death. "He was a fine man and a fine judge," he said. "The court loses a very valuable member in his death."

OUTPUT OF AEROPLANES DECREASES IN FRANCE

Paris, January 2.—According to a statement made in The Petit Parisien this morning by Deputy D'Aubigny, president of the sub-committee on aeronautics of the chamber of deputies' army committee, a critical point has been reached in this branch of the service. He asserts that the output of aeroplanes in November was 25 per cent less than in September and that the number produced in December will show a further falling off.

"We have made real progress, as compared with the situation at the beginning of the war," says the deputy. "The result was that in March we had a distinct superiority over the enemy. But at the present time we are notoriously inferior to him."

The deputy's statement closes with an appeal to the war ministry to disregard administrative routine and improve the output of aeroplanes in both quantity and quality.

PEOPLE TO BLAME, SAYS HENRY FORD

For European War—Peace Apostle's Views Undergo Marked Change—People Have Failed to Assert Themselves.

New York, January 2.—Henry Ford, who led the peace expedition which left here December 4 on the steamer Oscar II. for Copenhagen in the hope of bringing about a conference of neutral nations that would end the war, arrived here today on the steamship Bergenafjord. He confirmed cable reports that his return had been hastened by illness, but said he intended when he left to come back this month.

Mr. Ford declared his views regarding the cause of the war have undergone a marked change. When he left he said he was of the opinion that bankers and manufacturers of munitions and armament were responsible, but he returns with the belief that it is the people themselves, those being slaughtered, who are responsible. The men doing the fighting have been too content to let those who rule them do their thinking, and they have not taken advantage of their Divine right to say for themselves what they shall do and think, the pacificist asserted.

"Republics are no better than monarchies in this respect," he said. "Even in the United States we let those whom we have elected to office to be swerved from their duty. We do not assert ourselves. Personally, I have been a voter thirty-one years, and in all that time I have voted only six times, and then because my wife made me."

Believes Mission Will Succeed.

Of the eventual success of the peace mission Mr. Ford declared he had no doubt. "The movement is now organized and under way," he said. "People are talking about it, and while some criticise, when people talk they think, and when they think they think right."

Mr. Ford's future plans with respect to the peace expedition were uncertain, he said. He left the party in charge of Garton Plantiff, he stated, in accordance with his original plans, and, despite all reports to the contrary, when the party left the Oscar II., it was as harmonious as could be desired.

"The main idea of the mission," continued Mr. Ford, "was to crystallize into concrete form, if possible, the various ideas and hopes for peace which prevail all over the world. The nations doing the fighting would be glad to stop it if they could, I believe, but they are afraid to let go.

"Those who accompanied me on the Oscar II. were as fine a body of people for that particular mission as I could ask, and the interested delegates that met us at Christiania were all good men. I am simply financing and carrying out as far as possible the work set under way last year at the meeting at The Hague of the Women's International Peace Congress. This work ultimately will bring Europe to its senses and stop the war.

"If what I have done will bring peace only one day nearer, I shall be more than repaid. Every day the war is shortened will save 30,000 lives, and 30,000 lives will mean much toward restoring order and normal conditions.

No Advertising Scheme.

"If necessary I will go to Europe, and if it will help matters I will charter another ship. I am not doing it for personal glory, gain or advertising. I have more money now than I can use, and I feel I am simply custodian of what I have. It was entrusted to me by the people, some of whom are today fighting in the trenches."

Commenting on the preparedness issue in President Wilson's message Mr. Ford said:

"I am against preparedness, as preparedness means war. No man will arm himself unless he means to attack. Even when he takes a fork in his hand he is preparing to attack an oyster or a beefsteak.

"It would be better for the administration to find out first if the people themselves want armament. If they do, they will eventually get what Europe is getting now. As to other features of President Wilson's message, especially with reference to trade and a greater merchant marine, we are all with him on that."

At the request of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, Collector of the Port Dudley Field Malone arranged for Mr. Ford, a member of the naval consulting board, to be taken off the Bergenafjord on a special customs outfit as soon as the ship cleared quarantine. Mrs. Ford, their son, Edsel Ford, and a few friends went down the bay to meet them.

Bryan and Ford Confer.

William Jennings Bryan conferred for more than an hour here tonight with Henry Ford.

Mr. Bryan declined to reveal the nature of the discussion, but said he had come to New York from Washington at Mr. Ford's request. Mr. Ford denied himself to interviews after Mr. Bryan departed.

Mr. Bryan denied that he would sail for Europe January 4, as previously planned, declaring that he has "more important work to do here for the present."

Asked what he thought of the Ford peace mission, Mr. Bryan said he believed it had achieved partial success, "even before it started."

"The mere discussion of peace," he added, "is in itself an advantage and the presence of the peace party abroad will stimulate discussion there.

"No doubt the members of the party will get information while in Europe which will be of advantage to them here. There is an advantage in the very fact that a man in Mr. Ford's position should devote himself so wholeheartedly and disinterestedly to a movement of such importance."

Mr. Bryan said he would return at midnight to Washington, where he will address the Pan-American congress tomorrow. He declined to comment on the sinking of the British steamship Persia with Americans aboard.

PEACE PARTY SEEKS WAY THROUGH GERMANY.

Copenhagen January 2.—(Via London.)—The managers of the Ford peace party today made another effort to avoid the necessity of sailing to The Hague through the North sea with its danger from mines. They urged the German minister to obtain permission for the party to pass through Germany. It is understood no decision has been reached.

Although the Americans' passports do not permit them to travel in belligerent countries it is suggested that this point may be met by sending them without stop across German territory in cars with sealed doors.

The managers of the party have decided to charter a small vessel for $50,000 to go to The Hague, if consent to pass through Germany cannot be obtained. In this event only the members of the party whose presence is regarded as necessary will be taken on. The others, including the college students, will be sent back to the United States from Copenhagen.

London, January 2.—A Reuter dispatch from Copenhagen says that Mayor Lindhagen, of Stockholm, who arrived at Copenhagen last week to join the Ford peace expedition, returned to Stockholm today. Eight Norwegian delegates have joined the party.

The message says the members of the party were received by the American minister, Dr. Maurice Egan.

Strictly Modern.

(From Puck.)

She—Do you mind if I smoke?

He—Oh, please do! I like the smell of it. All my sisters smoke.

IRELAND TO MAKE FIGHT AGAINST CONSCRIPTION

Her Attitude Will Have Important Bearing on the Home Rule Issue.

London, January 3.—According to an announcement made by the Press association, Ireland is not to be excepted from the new compulsory recruiting bill.

London, January 3.—Ireland's attitude makes a sharp complication in the path of even the limited measure of conscription that Premier Asquith proposes to ask parliament to adopt. Earl Derby's enrollment of recruits was not extended to Ireland, therefore, Ireland's young men can hardly be included in a bill for the compulsory enlistment of unmarried men that failed to present themselves. Nevertheless the nationalist party in the house of commons will fight any compulsory scheme as John Redmond, William Redmond and John Dillon have already announced.

Conscription with Ireland left out, and left out principally because the authorities fear to attempt to enforce it there, will have an important bearing on the home rule issue, which is merely dormant during the war by general consent.

Ulster's determination to fight home rule when its enforcement is attempted remains as strong as ever. Both Irish factions desire to be in a position after the war to point to their services in the struggle, and if the nationalists fight universal service, the Ulster leaders will use that fact as an argument that Ulster is more loyal to the empire, and, therefore, deserving of more consideration.

It is still doubtful whether there will be a great battle in the house of commons over compulsion. The anti-conscriptionists claim to have 200 members determined to fight to the last ditch against what they denounce as the surrender of liberal principles, but other threats of last ditch fights have been uttered during the war, notably by the opponents of the drink restrictions, and have come to nothing, the rebelling elements consenting, when the critical hour arrived, to sacrifice their objections to the nation's welfare.

The Irish nationalists may be counted upon to oppose Premier Asquith's bill, but whether they will use filibustering tactics in which they have had so much practice, as Mr. Dillon has threatened, is doubtful. They will be supported by some laborites and an uncertain number of liberals. Whether the labor party, as a party, will take the same path depends on the result of the labor unions' conferences that have been called for this week.

REPORTED THAT VILLA HAS BEEN SHOT TO DEATH

El Paso Hears Villa Was Killed by Troops of One of His Officers.

El Paso, Texas, January 2.—Unconfirmed reports reached here today that General Francisco Villa was killed yesterday by troops commanded by one of his generals, Eduardo Ocarranza, in the Sierra Madres mountains near Casas Grandes. The reports could not be confirmed by Carranza officials, who declared they had not heard the rumors. It is known, however, that Ocarranza and Villa disagreed concerning the recent attack on Agua Prieta and that Ocarranza was overruled.

Carranza officials stated today that General Villa had sought permission to withdraw from Mexico. Through agents it was said Villa had promised to refrain from participating in Mexican politics and if permitted to travel from the Guerrero district of western Chihuahua to the border at Columbus, N. M., he would leave for Cuba.

ANCIENT ROME CUSTOM STOPPED BY THE WAR

Rome, January 1.—The ancient custom of the Roman youth in washing off the old year in the Tiber was not followed last midnight due to the absence of virtually all Italian young men at the front. One man, however, Armando Sannibale, a champion swimmer, took the traditional plunge.

To Fortify the System Against Winter Cold.

Many users of GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC make it a practice to take a number of bottles in the Fall to strengthen and fortify the system against the cold weather during the winter. Everyone knows the tonic effect of Quinine and Iron which this preparation contains in a tasteless and acceptable form. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system. 50c.

Twelve Violent Deaths On First Sunday of 1916 In Gotham and Vicinity

New York, January 2.—Twelve deaths from accidents and suicides marked the first Sunday of 1916 in New York and its vicinity.

Two Brooklyn boys were drowned when they broke through thin ice on a pond and a tugboat mate who slipped from a pier in Jersey City perished in the Hudson river.

William Dilts, son of a wealthy lawyer, shot himself at his home in Somerville, N. J.

A 10-year-old girl was found dead in bed asphyxiated by illuminating gas beside her mother, who was unconscious. The woman is charged by the police with homicide and attempted suicide.

A blacksmith and his child are dead from sewer gas poisoning while his wife and another child and a boarder are in a serious condition at a hospital.

An infant was smothered by a feather pillow in her crib.

Dorothy Madden, 15 years old, was accidentally shot and killed by a boy who was a fellow guest at a party at Tarrytown.

A railroad brakeman was killed while coupling cars at Jersey City.

A boy was killed by an automobile while playing in the street near his home and a woman was killed by a street car.

When a woman's dress is described as a dream the cost is apt to prove a nightmare to her hubby.

BROYLES'
12 CASH STORES

8 Fancy Grape Fruit	25c	12 pound Peck Meal	25c
11 lbs. Hudnut Grits	25c	No. 2½ Rider's Beans	8c
Yellow Yams, peck	19c	Stripped Bacon, pound	16c
Magnolia Flour, 24-lb. sack	81c	Broyles' Self-Rising, 24-pound sack	86c
Seeded Raisins, pkg.	8c	Three-Crown Layer Raisins, pound	10c
Regular 15c Dromedary Dates, pkg	9c	New Crop Georgia Cane Syrup, gallon	54c

COME TO SEE US

"RIGHT NOW"
"SUPERIOR"
MOTOR TRUCKS
MANUFACTURED BY
E. G. Willingham's Sons
Atlanta

NOTICE!
TO—
Insurance Agents—
AND THE PUBLIC
The COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY
Empire Building
Is the Atlanta Depository Bank for the Universal Insurance Certificate Corporation and will pay in cash at face value all Universal Insurance Certificates, Series "P," presented at the Bank, in any amount, by any licensed Insurance Agent or Company.
The
Universal Insurance Certificate System
Offers—
AN OPPORTUNITY
For the Alert Insurance Agent
THE U. I. C. C. SYSTEM IS:
A System that helps EVERY-ONE—Creates NEW PROSPECTS for Insurance—
Tends to prevent lapses of insurance in force—
And enables those thousands who previously could not afford (?) insurance to now enjoy its protection.
If further particulars are desired by Insurance Agents, ADDRESS—
Universal Insurance Certificate Corporation
Spartanburg, S. C.

CLOSED TODAY
Annual Stock-Taking
Watch Constitution
for
BIG SPECIALS
TOMORROW
L. W. ROGERS CO.
65 Stores Help You to Save

FATHER Reads the Financial News
MOTHER Reads the Society News
SISTER Reads the Dramatic News
BROTHER Reads the Sporting News
UNCLE JACK Reads the War News
BUT—
They All Read the Want Ads
IN
The Atlanta Constitution
TELEPHONE Main 5000 Atlanta 5001

7 Octagon Soap 25c
8 Soda Crystal " 25c
2 O. Dutch Cl'ns'r 15c
3 Pioneer " 11c
With Other Purchases
Delmonte Hawaiian Sliced — PINEAPPLE — No. 1 Flat Cans 6 for . . 45c
Hugh's
SPECIALS FOR MONDAY JANUARY 3
SWEET HEART CORN
-Worth 15c Can-Today Can . . 10c
Dozen . . . $1.05
Melting Sweet PEAS
Worth 25c Can Today, Can . 15c
Dozen . . . $1.65
BIG FREE CALIFORNIA BARTLETT PEARS
35c Everywhere
Can . . 27c
6 Cans . $1.49
CANNED SWEET POTATOES
SPECIAL TODAY
Can . 10c
Dozen . . . $1.00
-White Crest- FLOUR
Makes a Happy Home
24 lbs. $1.05
RIDER'S PORK and BEANS
With Tomato Sauce
No. 2 cans—15c value
Two Cans . 15c
GEORGIA SOFT SHELL PECANS
Pound . 19c
5 Pounds 90c
-CHIEF BRAND- CHINOOK SALMON
2 cans 25c
Dozen $1.25
American Brand STRING BEANS
QUART CANS
2 cans 25c
Dozen $1.25
COFFEE
HIGH'S SPECIAL
Pound . 19c
1—5c can Milk free with each Lb.
-Water Ground- MEAL
ROCK GROUND
Peck . 29c
Bushel . $1.10
ORANGES
25c size, doz. 19c
30c size, doz. 24c
40c size, doz. 30c
VERY SWEET
TANGERINE ORANGES
2 dozen 25c
Box $1.35
CALUMET BAKING POWDER
It Leavens Best
Pound . 18c
BLOCK'S Oyster Crackers In Sealed Cartons
Tip-Top Bread Loaf 5c
Stone's Cakes 10c
—Six Varieties—

YOU'LL FIND IT AT Kamper's
482-486 Peachtree St.
Phone Ivy 5000.
Flour Sale
Wheat has advanced very rapidly within the last month. It is impossible to tell how high it will go, but you will remember last year's experience. It may be well for you to get a supply now.
Kamper's Best Pastry Flour, 24-lb. bag . . . 94c
4 24-lb. bags (¼ bbl.) . . . $3.72
8 24-lb. bags (one bbl.) . . . $7.35
Club House Finest Cake Flour, 24-lb bag . $1.04
4 24-lb. bags (⅓ bbl.) . . . $4.00
6 24-lb. bags (one bbl.) . . . $8.10
Specials:
Telmo Brand Early June peas, reg. 15c, 6 cans . . . 45c
Six cans for . . . 85c
Dozen cans for . . . $1.74
These are fine flavored and tender and of good value. Order a case now.
7 Bars Soda Crystal Soap and 2 cans Japo Cleanser, all for . . . 40c
Syrup—Buckwheat
Charm Brand Cane and Maple Syrup: ½ gallon cans, SPECIAL . . . 65c
Gallon cans, Special . . . $1.20
Plain Dark Buckwheat, 4 lbs. . . . 25c
Evaporated Fruits
Large Fine California Evaporated Peaches, 2 lbs. for . . . 35c
Peeled Peaches, lb . . . 25c
Two lbs. for 45c; three lbs for . . . 67c
Evap. Apricots, choice, 2 lbs. . . . 35c
BLOCK'S Cremona Creams Are Simply Delicious

FOREIGN RELATIONS AND PREPAREDNESS

Will Dominate Congress When It Reconvenes Tuesday—Speeches Are Certain Regarding Sinking of the Persia.

Washington, January 2.—Congress reconvenes Tuesday to begin serious consideration of momentous legislation confronting it. Before the holiday recess little was accomplished, but during the preliminary two weeks there were assurances that foreign relations, incident to the European war and preparedness, would be the dominating features of the session, fraught with far-reaching possibilities.

Important international events since the recess have served to make indications stronger than ever that the legislative branch will seek all available information in possession of the government relating to foreign complications. Administration leaders probably will find it difficult to prevent speech-making immediately after congress reconvenes regarding the recent sinking of the British steamer Persia in the Mediterranean sea, in which an American consular official is believed to have perished.

International Affairs.

The senate committee on foreign relations will take the lead in actual consideration of international affairs. Pending before the committee is Senator Hoke Smith's resolution urging investigation into British interferences with neutral shipping, and the Lodge amendment directing also that investigation be made into the "law and the facts" concering destruction of the Lusitania, other attacks upon vessels imperilling American lives and the conspiracy against neutrality "within our borders," to which President Wilson referred in his annual address to congress.

About this resolution and amendment will center the committee's deliberations over foreign problems. Senator Hoke Smith has prepared another address on the commercial situation with cotton as his particular subject, which he expects to deliver soon after the senate meets.

The military and naval affairs committees of both houses have been studying the national preparedness program during the recess. House committees plan to get to work on these at once and public hearings are contemplated. Senate committees meantime will study the bills submitted and map out programs of procedure.

The Revenue Situation.

The revenue situation also will command immediate attention. Representative Kitchin, chairman of the ways and means committee, plans to call his committee together without delay to take up this problem. Senator Simmons, chairman of the finance committee, also contemplates frequent meetings of democratic members to study fiscal problems. First to be considered will be the amendment of the war revenue law which was re-enacted hurriedly just before recess with the general understanding that amendments would be proposed to increase its revenue producing power. Involved in this are issues likely to provoke wide divergence of views, among them the suggestions to tax gasoline, automobiles, horse power, steel products and other articles of commerce and a stamp tax on bank checks. Amendment of the income tax and an inheritance tax also are to be given serious thought.

Much general legislation is on the program for consideration as soon as the preparedness and defense questions are out of the way. A bill to create a land loan banking system and another to develop mineral resources on public lands have been practically completed by house committees during the holidays.

Rev. Jacob Hartzeler Dead.

York, Pa., January 2.—Rev. Jacob Hartzeler, noted as a theologian, editor and one of the first American missionaries in Japan, died here last night. He was 83 years old, served sixty years in the ministry and was the oldest living minister in point of service of the United Evangelical church.

BRITISH LABOR UNIONS YIELD TO GOVERNMENT

In Regard to "Labor Dilution." Government Also Grants Demands of Unions.

London, January 2.—An account of the conference held Friday evening between Premier Asquith, David Lloyd-George, the minister of munitions, and a deputation from the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, which is the most influential trade union body, and includes most of the trades concerned in the manufacture of munitions, issued tonight by the press bureau, shows that the government has decided to acquiesce in all the demands of the trade unionists in return for their consent to the immediate introduction of Mr. Lloyd-George's scheme of labor dilution.

The press bureau's account says the deputation agreed before the conference was closed "to accept on behalf of the membership of their society the scheme of dilution and to co-operate actively therein."

A bill covering the union demands will be pushed through parliament. The demands mainly concern matters of pay and conditions of labor for unskilled workmen and women introduced under the dilution scheme. The government had already agreed to restore the status quo after the war.

Premier Asquith's appeal to the delegation was along familiar lines.

"From the point of view of the state," he said, "the great point I want to impress on you is the importance of putting this dilution into effect at once. It is an urgent matter to meet the necessities of the war. It is important also that the output of munitions should as far as possible be domestic, not foreign, because the financial problem before us is very serious—an obligation to pay either in exports or gold in America and countries like her for munitions which we are getting there.

"Thus your immediate consent to the dilution scheme means an enormous gain both in military efficiency and financial stability. No doubt it is difficult to persuade men who regard the priorities and privileges of skilled labor as almost gospel, to forego for a time those privileges and admit unskilled men into the class of work which the skilled have been in the habit of doing. They have a natural fear that when the war ends it will be impossible to re-establish the old conditions and that all the elaborate safeguards built up by generations of trade unionists will have been undermined.

"The only way that these suspicions can be eradicated is by the union exerting all their force to influence their members to consent to this temporary process. I have gone over your demands that the ministers of munitions be given power to enforce safeguards in the employment of diluted labor and, although I see great difficulties, I am disposed to acquiesce in a bill carefully framed on those lines, provided I get assurance on behalf of your society that this will settle the whole matter and end the long series of demands and grievances which has hindered the carrying out of our agreement of last March."

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co. ATLANTA NEW YORK PARIS Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

TODAY--The Better-Than-Ever January White Sale

Stop a moment, Mrs. or Miss Reader, we would re-direct your attention to the heading of this advertisement—we say, today—The Better-Than-Ever January White Sale.

We mean to emphasize the Better-Than-Ever.

This heading was stamped indelibly in our minds months ago—it was our incentive, our objective—today we give it out to a public that knows the Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co. way of doing things—we give it out for just what it means—better than ever.

And here's the merchandise! The exquisite Muslin Underwear to make good our words!

But perhaps this announcement will fall under the eyes of some who do not know Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.'s January White Sales.

To them let us say, this White Sale is cast on a plane removed from every cheapening influence. We sought out, we searched for, we got the clean, the dainty, the refined, the kind of underwear a woman likes for herself.

Having that, then we went into the pricing! And we have done a thorough job! The things that have just come in for this event, immaculate and fresh, the very prizes of the world of muslin underwear, are marked at prices that make them values beyond a doubt, and there are countless hundreds of them.

And besides all the new things that we have gathered into this Better-Than-Ever Sale go great and lovely masses of garments from our own stocks---every one at a reduced price.

Look, then, for much on today and find more than you look for!

It is our best; it is the best that some of the smartest makers in America can give.

Gowns

The use of smocking on gowns comes in beautifully as one of the distinguishing marks of newness.

AT 50c—Of muslin, and full wide and long. High and V necks with long sleeves; low, round and V necks with short sleeves. Trimmed with medallions and insertions of Val and Torchon laces and with embroideries. Many extra size gowns at 50c to $1.50.

AT 75c—Of cambric and nainsook, high and V necks with long sleeves; low, round and V necks with short sleeves. Trimmed with lace and embroidery insertions.

AT $1.00—Dozens of styles, nainsooks and cambrics, exceptionally dainty Val and Torchon edges and insertions are used with tucks on some of the most effective styles. With these go many styles from our own stocks that were $1.25. The reason is that they will show a little soiled where they have been folded.

AT $1.50—Here we have nainsooks trimmed with Cluny and filet laces and sheer embroidery medallions and insertions forming all of the yoke.

At $1.98, Were $3 and $3.50

Gowns from our own stocks, soiled just enough that we cannot call them perfectly fresh. Lacy, very lacy, with Vals, filets and Clunys.

At $2.98, Were $3.50 and $4.25

Styles that have only recently come to us; sheer nainsooks, made more dainty with laces and ribbons.

At $3.98, Were $5 to $7.95

Nainsooks and sheer tissues, richly trimmed, with Van Dyke points, wide bands of filet and Val, with medallions and wide ribbons; some with Madeira embroidery.

Teddy Bears

We have made Teddy Bears one of the features of the Better-Than-Ever Muslin Underwear Sale—in keeping with their popularity.

AT 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.50 to $3.98 are a host of styles at each price. Very simple affairs of nainsook and cambric, the daintiest of flesh or white batiste. Yoke and skirt trimmed, sometimes with but an edge, sometimes with medallions and bands of laces or embroideries. Empire, plain, princess or Celonial styles.

Corset Covers

AT 25c, 39c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50—As fresh as the morning and as dainty as can be. Womanly styles, meaning lacy styles. And the laces are sorts that wear well—Vals and, on the finer ones, Princess laces—fly fronts, fitted bands and drawstrings.

Slightly Soiled Corset Covers

A happy miscellany—now that they have lost their first freshness they go at clearaway prices.

Many really charming styles—lace and embroidery edges, insertions and medallions.

Were 25c, at 19c Were 50c, at 39c
Were 75c, at 50c

Corset Covers 19c

Good looking and well made corset covers. Of muslin, fly fronts, lace and embroidery trimmed. You will note that the workmanship is neat, the buttons smooth and regular.

Drawers

Another of the high lights of a remarkable sale. Drawers that, having been displayed on the tables, are somewhat soiled—so we have made VALUES—rare, rare values of them.

Nainsooks and cambrics, embroidery and lace ruffles, cluster tucks, plain hemstitched.

Were 25c at 19c Were 50c at 39c
Were 39c at 25c Were 75c at 50c

At 75c Were $1.25 to $2.25

Circular and narrow—very fine nainsook, trimmed with Van Dyke points, lace and embroidery medallions and insertions—such laces as Princess and French Vals.

Drawers 19c

Drawers of muslin. It was something bordering on a feat to get such drawers to sell at 19c. A number of styles—plain, hemstitched, cluster tucks, lace edged.

Petticoats

The petticoats are particularly beautiful. They are so lacy, so elegant for their prices, and there are so many of them.

At 39c, were 50c to $1.00

But a mere handful, just three dozen!

Plain and with hand-machine embroidered edge flounce.

At $1.00, were $1.50

Of nainsook, ribbon-run embroidery flounce, with under ruffle. Soiled.

At $1.50, were $2 and $2.25

Of nainsook, simple and attractive styles, lace and embroidery flounces.

$1.98, were $2.98 to $3.25

Of nainsook, rather elaborate flounces, all lace, or all embroidery, with under ruffle.

At $2.98, were $3.50 to $3.98

Elaborate and very fine trimmings, laces and embroideries used artistically, in points, in inserts, with organdie medallions.

AT 50c TO $1.00—New, fresh, splendid—flounces of lace and flounces of embroidery, all having under ruffles.

AT $1.50 TO $5.00—Increasingly attractive models, with particularly wonderful values at $3.50 and $3.95. Wide and deep flounces, built of shadow and filet and Val insertions and edges and finished with great bows of ribbons. Now and then a model showing very dainty Swiss embroidery flounce—all have the under ruffle.

Corsets At Half Price

In the Better-Than-Ever Sale

Read the list of corsets that are included, please.

All La Vida, All B & J, Treco, Certain Models of Madame Irene and Successo

It is the list of America's really successful corsets.
Models for this figure and that. Models for every figure.
Coutils, brocades, batistes in flesh and white.
Long skirts, low and medium busts; some with elastic gussets in back and in bust.

Were $3.00, at $1.50 Were $5.00, at $2.50 Were $8.00, at $4.00
Were $4.00, at $2.00 Were $7.00, at $3.50 Were $12, at $6.00

Brassieres Are Priced

We have gathered many kinds, ones and twos of a style, and priced them.

Trimmed with sturdy embroideries, with linen and imitation Baby Irish laces. Some open in back, some in front. Not every size in every style, but every size included.

Were 50c at 39c Were $1.00 at 75c Were $1.50 at $1.00

Combinations

Corset cover and drawers.

This is a clearaway because we have not every size in every style, but a splendid group, including La Grecque, tailored combinations. Lace and embroidery trimmed.

Were $1.50 at 98c, Were $1.98 at $1.25
Were $2.98 and $3.50 at $1.98

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

MRS. ETTA SCHMITT, OF CHICKAMAUGA, GA., GAINS FORTY POUNDS

Was Always Thin and Delicate and Only Weighed 105 Lbs.—She Now Weighs 145—Tanlac Did It.

Among the many remarkable statements about Tanlac, the medicine that is now accomplishing such surprising results in all the leading cities throughout the South, none are more interesting than the one given on Monday by Mrs. Etta Schmitt, at the Live and Let Live Drug Company's store in Chattanooga.

Mrs. Schmitt lives at Chickamauga, Ga., a suburb of Chattanooga, and is a talented musician. Her husband is a prosperous truck farmer, and is well known in that section.

Looking the picture of health and wearing a smile that wouldn't come off, Mrs. Schmitt said:

"I have been a great sufferer from chronic dyspepsia for years, and up to the time I began taking Tanlac I was always thin and delicate. When I commenced taking the medicine I only weighed 105 pounds. After taking only five bottles I now weigh 145 pounds, or a gain of 40 pounds, and my health seems to be perfect.

"I really never have known just what my trouble was. I slept poorly and my sleep did me little good. I was dreadfully tired most of the time, and never felt well for a moment. I was also very nervous and easily depressed. My digestion was always poor, and I could scarcely eat anything for fear of bad results that would follow.

"My condition became one of a general run-down nature, and my complexion was bad.

"I became very skeptical regarding the merits of anything and everything in the way of medicines, because I had taken so many without any lasting benefit. And to tell you the truth, I had no idea that this Tanlac would help me like it has. Tanlac has certainly helped me, though, and I would not take anything in the world for what it has done for me. I hope others who are now suffering as I was will at least give this medicine a fair chance to prove its worth to them. There is nothing to equal it, for the change in my condition has been wonderful."

Tanlac is sold in Atlanta exclusively by Jacobs' Pharmacy.—(adv.)

TWO DEPARTMENTS MAKE FINE REPORTS

Atlanta's Death Rate Is Decreased During 1915—Milk Supply Is Dependable. Gratifying Figures Submitted.

Gratifying reports from two city departments are those of the health officer, Dr. J. P. Kennedy, and Dr. Claude A. Smith, city bacteriologist and chemist.

Although Dr. Kennedy's report has not been completed, sufficient statistics have been compiled to show that the death rate during 1915 was much lower than that of 1914, while the birth rate is higher than that of any previous year.

That Atlanta has a dependable milk supply, 48 per cent of which showed a rating equivalent to certified milk on a bacterial basis, is shown in the report of Dr. Smith. Reviewing the milk situation at length, Dr. Smith says:

What Milk Supply Shows.

"Of the total milk supply of Atlanta for the month of December, this year, 48 per cent showed a rating which is equivalent to certified milk on a bacterial basis. That is, it showed a bacterial count less than 10,000 per cubic centimeter.

"Under total milk supply is included all shipped milk, also milk delivered direct from the dairy farms and milk sold by milk depots.

"This result is the combination of the work of several years by the health department to obtain for the people of Atlanta a dependable milk supply; one that would insure the minimum amount of sickness from milk as a food. At the outset of the work, several years ago, nearly all of the milk sold in Atlanta contained more or less dirt. At the present time it is rare to find any dirt whatever in any milk sold in Atlanta.

"In the beginning of this work (eight years ago) the department was handicapped for the lack of proper laws relating to the milk supply, and the adoption of new laws met with considerable opposition. Much of this opposition came from earnest conviction on the part of many that the rigid laws desired were simply meddlesome interference with a well-established line of business, but most of the opposition was the result of ignorance from actual existing conditions.

Had Co-operation of Dairymen.

"We wish to remind the public of the work toward the improvement of the milk situation has had the approval and support of the best men in the dairy business. It has been mainly a work of education, not only of the dairymen, but of the public as well.

"After securing better laws governing the milk supply, the department was handicapped for the lack of sufficient working force for enforcing the regulations, and it is only within the past two years that this force and equipment has been at all commensurate with the needs of the department. The department now has two milk inspectors and two dairy inspectors to look after the producers and the sale of milk, and the collection of samples for analysis in the laboratory. Some of the dairymen selling in Atlanta are located as far as 80 miles from the city, and all of these are now visited, at irregular intervals, by the dairy inspectors to see that the proper equipment and methods are used for the production of milk.

"The milk inspectors are kept at a ceaseless vigil over the milk as it comes into the city; they keep a close watch over all milk which is shipped into the city over the railroads, the milk hauled in wagons, as well as the sale of milk from milk depots, soda founts, restaurants, etc. They collect, each month, two or more samples from shippers and other persons who sell milk in the city of Atlanta. These samples are all analyzed in the laboratory, classified, and a report of the analysis is mailed to each of these producers, the doctors of the city, and a copy published in The Atlanta Constitution.

"Indebted to The Constitution."

"It is not until the last two years that the department had sufficient force, as before mentioned, to keep the close check on the milk producers. Even after this force was acquired, we found that it was necessary for the public to be informed of the conditions in order that their co-operation might be secured. This presented a serious problem, but happily it was solved with little difficulty. We are indebted to The Constitution for valuable assistance in securing the proper legislation, and in keeping the public informed of the standing of the various dairies, as well as educating the public as to their duties in conjunction with the milk supply.

"We feel it our duty to pay particular stress to this work of The Constitution, because without it we could not have possibly attained the present favorable situation. Also this work has been especially fostered by the physicians of the city who have insisted that their patients should all make careful inquiry as to their milk supply.

What Monthly Reports Did.

"As soon as the department was able to issue a monthly report the public naturally patronized the better dairies and this acted as a stimulus among the dairymen to be on the honor roll of the best dairies. In the beginning of the work the department was looked upon by the dairymen as persecution.

"The result of the present system has been a reversal of the situation and the dairymen are now actively co-operating with the department in many ways to improve their supply beyond the present status.

"Up to the present time the work has been directed mainly toward securing better production of milk on the farms and a corresponding care of the sale of milk by dealers.

"During the coming year the department has plans for the further extension of this close inspection to soda founts, hotels, restaurants, etc.

"In addition to the exceedingly low bacterial count the milk supply of Atlanta is derived from cows nearly all of which have been tested for tuberculosis; the milk is, therefore, free from the contamination with germs of tuberculosis.

"For ridding the herds of tuberculosis, the department is indebted to a great extent to the work of Dr. Bahnsen, state veterinarian, as without his assistance this work would not have been possible."

Dealing with the deaths and births of the past year, Dr. Kennedy said:

Gratifying Facts.

"While our annual report is not complete in several respects, still it shows some very interesting and very gratifying facts.

"Basing our total population on an estimate of 190,000, white 115,900 (61 per cent) and 74,100 colored (39 per cent), and as all death rates are based on number of deaths per 1,000 inhabitants, we have a white death rate of 11.11 and a colored death rate of 19.81, a total death rate, white and colored, of 14.56 for the year 1915. The total number of deaths for the year were 2,766, white 1,298 and colored 1,468.

"For the year 1914 the total number of deaths was 2,825, white 1,443 and colored 1,483. The death rate figured on a basis of 185,000 population, divided 61 per cent white and 39 per cent colored, was 13.78 for the whites, 20.55 for the colored and 16.51 for the total population. This showed a decrease in both white and colored death rates over former years.

"While the death rates of both races are lower for the year 1915, the decrease is especially marked in the white death rate. The lack of marked decrease in the negro death rate is due to the excessive death rate from tuberculosis among the colored people, as we had 392 deaths from this disease during the year, 239 of these being colored. The colored race being only a little more than a third of the population furnishes nearly two-thirds of the deaths from tuberculosis. As this is one of the most important problems of the health department, steps are being taken to provide more adequate facilities for the negroes at Battle Hill sanitarium.

"One of the specially gratifying features of the report for 1915 is the low death rate from typhoid fever, only 21 persons having died from this disease during the year, the lowest rate in the history of the city. The total deaths from typhoid fever in the city of Atlanta during the past five years follows: 1915, twenty-one; 1914, seventy-one; 1913, twenty-nine; 1912, fifty-nine; 1911, ninety.

"The birth rate for the year 1915 is higher than in any previous year as shown by our records. Gratifying progress is being made in getting births reported to this office. The total number of births reported for 1915 so far is 3,160. This number will be considerably increased by later reports."

HARRIS RECEIVES NEW YORK BANK BID

Governor Will Probably Announce Decision Today, Thus Insuring Prompt Payment of Teachers' Salaries.

Governor Nat E. Harris expects today at noon to accept some one of the bids submitted last Friday upon discounting the governor's warrants for the prompt payment of the salaries of the state's teachers for 1916. Failure to receive an expected telegram, however, may postpone the matter.

The bids were opened Friday at noon, but no decision was forthcoming then because the bid of the National Park bank, of New York, had not been received, although telegraphic notification that it was on its way by mail was received. The telegram indicated that the bid of this institution, which is the state's fiscal agent, was favorable, and decision was postponed pending the arrival of this bid. The bid has been received by the governor and has been found to be as indicated by the telegram. It is, therefore, regarded as likely that the state will accept this bid.

The bid of the National Park bank appears to offer to discount the warrants to the extent of $1,000,000 or $1,500,000 for a period of twelve months at an interest rate of 3½ per cent. The governor has telegraphed the bank to know whether this is the intended purport of its bid, and expects a reply before noon today. If the bid of the National Park bank is as indicated there is small doubt that the governor will accept this bid.

The governor desires to have his monthly warrants for the payment of teachers' salaries discounted, in accordance with the recent enactment of the general assembly, so that the teachers may be promptly paid.

The total sum needed cannot be indicated in exact figures, but the maximum would likely be $1,500,000, with the probability that it will not be over $1,000,000. The larger sums would be called for during February, March and April, and would amount to from $300,000 to $300,000 for each of these three months. During April and May there would be less than $100,000 desired each month; during June, July and August, there would be almost nothing, not over $50,000 for the three months entire; during September perhaps $150,000; during October nothing; during November perhaps $200,000. The warrants will be ready at the beginning of each month, between the 5th and the 10th, in all probability beginning with February and will fall due January 31, 1917.

National Bank for Sylvania.

Washington, January 3.—(Special.)—Application has been made to the treasury department for approval of the organization of the National Bank of Sylvania, Ga., capitalized at $35,000. P. R. Kittles, A. R. Roberts and others are the organizers.

SCENES OF REVELRY DURING XMAS TIME SCORED BY PASTOR

In his annual New Year sermon at the First Congregational church, colored, yesterday morning, Dr. H. H. Proctor severely scored those members of his race who, forgetting the sanctity of the season, turn Christmas into a time of revelry and riot.

"The manner in which some of our people desecrate this day," he said, "is a reproach to the entire race. Carousing, drinking, gunplay, stabbing, shooting, maiming, killing—these are the orders of the day. It is a day of fire, fighting and fatality. But this is not the fault of those who do not know any better. Those of us who have had the light must begin now to plan for next year and take hold of the heathen at our very door. In such an effort I feel sure we shall have the co-operation of all who seek the welfare of the city."

FOR BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, COUGHS AND COLDS

Make the Best Remedy at Home—128 Teaspoonsful for 50 Cents

If everything was sold in as liberal and fair a manner as Jacobs' Drug Stores are selling Schiffmann's New Concentrated Expectorant, absolutely no cause for complaint or dissatisfaction could possibly arise from anyone. These druggists say—"Buy a bottle of this remedy and try it for Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Severe Cough, Croup or any Bronchial Affection, and we will return your money, just as we do with Schiffmann's famous Asthmador, if it does not give satisfaction, or if not found the best remedy ever used for any of these complaints." Why not take advantage of this guarantee and try this medicine, and get your money back, rather than buying another purely on the exaggerated claims of its manufacturer or on the strength of testimonials from others and run the chance of getting something worthless and also wasting your money?

In buying this remedy, besides securing an absolute guarantee of its efficiency from these druggists, you also get about eight times as much medicine as you would in buying most any of the old-fashioned, ready-made kinds, which average from 20 to 32 teaspoonsful, because 50c worth makes a whole pint (128 teaspoonsful) when mixed at home with simply one pint of sugar and one-half pint of water. This remedy positively does not contain chloroform, opium, morphine or any other narcotic. It is pleasant to take and children are fond of it. You will be the sole judge, and under this positive guarantee absolutely no risk is run in buying this remedy. Druggists everywhere are authorized to sell it under the same guarantee as Schiffmann's famous Asthmador of "Money Back" if not perfectly satisfactory. R. J. Schiffmann, Proprietor, St. Paul, Minn. (76)

OUR GLASSES HELP

Our glasses help your eyes because they are exactly according to the prescription of your oculist, with curves scientifically accurate, and with a finish as nearly perfect as it is possible for the most skilled mechanic to attain. Bring your oculist prescription to us. Jno. I. Moore & Sons, the Opticians, 41 ½ Broad St.—(adv.)

KIMBALL
Pianos Players
Appeal to buyers with refined musical tastes.
Bargains in Used Instruments
Atlanta Branch
Phone Ivy 3033. 94 N. Pryor St.

Some of the Delicious Things Made by Mrs. Betty Wilson, the Famous Lecturer and Cooking Demonstrator, Who Will Conduct The Constitution's Free Cooking School and Show at Taft Hall, at the Auditorium.

CHRISTMAS CAKES.

The cakes shown here have been decorated for Christmas shipping and are ready to be packed for their journey to all four quarters of the globe.

A beautiful Poinsettia Salad of Pineapple, Pimento and Lettuce.

BOWL OF MELTED BUTTER AND THE CORRECT SANDWICH BRUSH

Mrs. Wilson holds that sandwiches may be as delicious as cakes, and in order to have them dainty and perfect the butter should be put on evenly. Only a brush and softened butter will accomplish this.

UNUSUAL SANDWICHES.

These sandwiches are of sweetened crackers and a chocolate filling. They are specially recommended for afternoon tea and to accompany a luncheon dessert.

FOR THE WEDDING.

Hearts and bells fashioned from fondant and decorated with icing of flowers. The great charm of these minis is that a bit of practice puts them within the reach of any hostess and, puts them on the economy list.

ERNEST F. CLARKE, FORMER ATLANTAN, DIES IN OKLAHOMA

A telegram was received by friends in Atlanta, yesterday, announcing the death of Ernest F. Clarke, aged 55, a prominent capitalist of Oklahoma City, who resided in Atlanta for many years. The message was sent to Mr. and Mrs. William C. Lowe, of 18 Avery drive, Ansley Park, and requested them to announce to the friends of the family that the burial would be in West View cemetery on Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. Clarke left Atlanta five years ago for Oklahoma, selling out his large real estate holdings here. He was connected in business in Atlanta with the P. & G. T. Dodd wholesale house, which had its offices on Alabama and Pryor streets. He later established himself in a large produce business.

The telegram is from the eldest son, Fred C. Clarke, and states that Mr. Clarke died very suddenly.

The survivors of Mr. Clarke are his widow, Fred C., Hulbert, Woodson, George and Arthur Clarke, of Oklahoma City, and Mrs. Davis Beattie, of Albany, Ga.

FEUD IS CONTINUED BY SYRIAN WOMEN; TWO UNDER ARREST

The bloody feud in Atlanta's Syrian settlement on Decatur street, which broke out again last week when nine Syrians were seriously wounded in a pitched battle between the Najours and Maloofs, and their friends, was again checked by the police early Sunday morning—this time two Syrian women taking part in the encounter.

As a result Mrs. A. F. Maloof, of 273 Decatur street, will face Recorder Johnson this morning. Also, Mrs. Delia Naptus, the wife of a friend of the Najour family, will appear in police court. Both women are charged with disorderly conduct.

"It is just another effort to get the Maloofs into trouble again," stated A. F. Maloof. "My wife gave the woman no excuse for starting a fight."

S. Maloof, who operates a merchandise business in Rome, Ga., has come to Atlanta to help fight the legal battle of his brothers and their friends in police court January 14.

H. Abraham, who was alleged to have been seriously stabbed by an Arabian dagger wielded by A. F. Maloof, is still at the Grady hospital. His condition is little better. Menter Maloof, who was shot three times by Michael Najour, is reported at the hospital as "just holding his own." Najour, who shot him, was released under a $1,000 bond Sunday.

To Prevent the Grip.

Colds cause Grip—Laxative Bromo Quinine removes the cause. There is only one "BROMO QUININE." E. W. Grove's signature on box. 25c.

"... as Storm drew steadily abreast of the runaway, she watched her chance and with reckless daring sprang from where she stood, over to the tank of the passenger engine. The safe-blowers turned to meet her. Stack and stack the engines were running toward the Little San Pablo bridge ...."

TODAY
The Second Chapter of
THE GIRL AND THE GAME
Starts at Leading Theatres

And now comes the second chapter of the greatest of all film novels, "The Girl and the Game." The first presentation of this chapter will be given tonight at leading theatres. Go see it! See beautiful, *daring* Helen Holmes play the heroine's role. See the great locomotive chase—two locomotives running abreast at a furious pace. See fearless Helen Holmes make a flying leap from one locomotive cab to another while the engines are traveling at 50 miles an hour. *Don't miss this sensational scene!*

The first chapter of "The Girl and the Game" is still appearing at a number of theatres to accommodate those who failed to see it last week. By all means see this stupendous film novel. It was written by the noted author, Frank H. Spearman. The story is appearing in leading newspapers. The motion pictures cost half a million dollars to produce. The entire novel will be presented in fifteen chapters—a new chapter each week. Each chapter is complete, although all are connected. If you are looking for *thrills*—for *sensational motion picture entertainment*—go today to see "The Girl and the Game."

Atlanta Sunday Constitution

Motion pictures produced by the Signal Film Corporation and distributed through 68 Mutual exchanges in America. Exhibitors: Write us who your nearest Mutual Exchange.

WITH THE MOVIES

ALPHA
TODAY
The University Four. First Chapter of "Graft," featuring Hobart Henley.

THE REGENT
TODAY
"The Red Circle" (Third Chapter).

THE SAVOY
TODAY
"The Girl and the Game," with Helen Holmes.

THE ALAMO NO. 1
TODAY
Photoplays from best programs.

THE DESOTO
MONDAY
High-class pictures and polite vaudeville.

THE GEORGIAN
TODAY
"Damaged Goods," a remarkable human story, superbly staged and acted.

VAUDETTE
TODAY
Helen Ware, in "Cross Currents." Weber and Fields in "The Worst of Friends."

THE SELECTA
Peachtree and Tenth Streets.
TODAY
Blanche Sweet, in "Secret Sin."

ALAMO NO. 2
TODAY
"The Red Circle" (Third Chapter.) "Railroading by Electricity."

THE VICTORIA
TODAY
Irene Fenwick, in "The Green Cloak."

THE STRAND
TODAY
Robert Mantell and Genevieve Hamper, in "Green-eyed Monster."

GRAND
TODAY
Mary Pickford, in "The Foundling."

THE ALSHA
TODAY
Mignon Anderson, in "The Mill on the Floss."

THE EUCLID
627 Euclid Avenue.
Always Five Cents.
TODAY
Refined first-run pictures that will appeal to you.

GEM THEATER
MARIETTA, GA.
TODAY
Refined pictures by the best producers.

THE BONHEUR
DECATUR, GA.
TODAY
Entire change of pictures every day.

MARIETTA Strand
Marietta, Ga.
TODAY
First-run features.

Old City Council Will Adjourn And New Council to Meet Today

Here is the new council for 1916:

Aldermen: James R. Seawright, first ward; Charles H. Kelley, second ward; C. C. McDonald, third ward; Albert D. Thomson, fourth ward; John D. Sisson, fifth ward; J. Lee Barnes, sixth ward; Jesse W. Armistead, seventh ward; John S. Owens, eighth ward; Edgar Dunlap, ninth ward; Nelson T. Spratt, tenth ward.

Councilmen: J. N. Renfroe and Charles B. Alverson, first ward; J. L. McCord and Oscar H. Williamson, second ward; George P. Freeman and Fred Woodall, third ward; C. L. Ashley and A. W. Farlinger, fourth ward; W. H. Johnson and Leonard Bell, fifth ward; Edwin F. Johnson and Ed T. Mincey, sixth ward; J. C. White and J. N. Landers, seventh ward; E. H. Inman and Frank Reynolds, eighth ward; W. D. White and J. L. Carpenter, ninth ward; Sam N. Freeman and Carl Dolvin, tenth ward.

The old council will meet Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, wind up its business and adjourn sine die. At 5 o'clock the new council will meet and organize by the election of a mayor pro tem. and a provisional mayor pro tem.

A race is on for mayor pro tem. between Alderman Jesse W. Armistead and Alderman Charles H. Kelley. The race is said to be close, but the friends of Alderman Armistead declare that he will win. The friends of Alderman Kelley still believe the winner will not be known until after a vote is taken. It takes sixteen votes to elect. In case of a tie the mayor will vote, and he is for Alderman Armistead.

No candidates have announced for provisional mayor pro tem. The office was held last year by Alderman Maddox, who retires from council.

$250,000 Loss by Fire.

Riverside, N. J., January 3.—Fire partly destroyed the plant of the William F. Taubel Hosiery mills here today, causing a loss estimated at $250,000. Members of the firm believe the blaze was incendiary and have started an investigation.

VIRGINIA TOWN BURNING; DYNAMITE BEING USED

Large Portion of Business Section of Gordonsville Already Destroyed.

Richmond, Va., January 3.—It is reported here that fire, which broke out at midnight, already has destroyed a large portion of the business section of Gordonsville. Dynamite is being used to check the spread of the flames, and the fire department at Charlottesville, 20 miles away, is being rushed to the scene.

Reports received over a railroad wire at 1:30 o'clock said that twelve buildings in the heart of the business district had been destroyed; the First National bank building was burning and the flames were spreading rapidly in an easterly direction. Gordonsville has no fire equipment except hand reels, and the fire is far beyond control.

A large number of buildings have been razed with dynamite in order to check the conflagration. The fire department of Orange has been put aboard a special train for Gordonsville, and the Charlottesville department was expected at Gordonsville at 3 o'clock.

The fire originated in a cleansing and pressing establishment, and was caused by an explosion of gasoline.

One entire business block has been destroyed, and the flames now threaten the postoffice. The telephone exchange has been burned out, and communication is difficult.

20 PERSONS INJURED IN APARTMENT FIRE

Two Will Probably Die—The Fire Was Caused by a Cigarette.

Philadelphia, January 3.—Twenty persons were injured, two probably fatally in a fire that destroyed the Bellevue apartments here tonight. Mrs. Elizabeth Ostrum and two children of Mrs. Nellie Buchard are missing, and are believed to have been burned to death. Some of the victims were hurt in heroic attempts to save others, while many leaped from windows and were more or less seriously injured.

Wilson Gray and his wife, each 30 years old, were caught in their apartments on the fourth floor, and were so badly burned that physicians hold out but slight hope for their recovery. They had been married less than a year.

Louis Davis was hurt in a vain attempt to locate Mrs. Ostrum, his mother-in-law. He had already carried his wife from their apartments on the fourth floor to the street safely, and rushed back up a ladder to look for the older woman. As he reached the third floor Mrs. Nellie B. Hucad plunged out of her window squarely into the would-be rescuer. Both fell to the street and were picked up unconscious.

Policeman Al Dermody fell from a ladder with Mrs. Buchard in his arms. He had rescued her from the fourth floor, and had descended but a short distance when he lost his balance and fell with his burden.

The apartment house contained twenty-eight apartments, and about 300 persons were in the building. The blaze started in a waste paper bin in the basement, and quickly spread to the upper stories. It is believed to have been caused by a lighted cigarette. Two children discovered the flames and notified a policeman, who, after turning in an alarm, ran through the lower floors of the apartments warning the occupants to flee. Most of those hurt lived above the second floor.

The financial loss was estimated at about $100,000.

The missing children were found later in a nearby house where they had been carried by firemen who rescued them. A charred body found in the ruins of the burned structure is believed to be that of Mrs. Ostrum, as all other occupants have been accounted for.

Society

Mrs. Grant of New Orleans, Weds Mr. S. H. Dunson

Mrs. Sarah Grant Neeland, of Mobile, announces the marriage of her niece, Mrs. Sarah Diamond Grant, of New Orelans, to Mr. Sanford Harris Dunson, of LaGrange, which took place yesterday at the home of Mrs. Joseph Lane, in LaGrange.

Mr. and Mrs. Dunson arrived last night in Atlanta, and are at the Georgian Terrace hotel.

The news of their marriage will be received with cordial interest by their large acquaintance.

Mrs. Dunson, who spent the past summer with Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Hill, possesses beauty and the social and womanly graces which have made her as popular in Atlanta as in New Orleans, where she has a host of friends.

Mr. Dunson is a man of business prominence, who is pleasantly known throughout the state. He is a brother of Mr. Walker Dunson, of Atlanta.

Miss Gregg and Mr. Meyer Will Marry in Birmingham

Of a great deal of interest to friends in Atlanta comes the announcement that Robert R. Meyer, president of the Winecoff Operating company, proprietors of the Winecoff hotel, will wed Miss Cora Gregg, of Birmingham, in Birmingham, next Saturday. The announcement was made by Mr. Meyer to J. E. Kavanaugh, manager of the Winecoff, last night by long distance telephone.

Mr. Meyer, who is president of the operating companies of a string of hotels, is well known in Atlanta, and has a large number of friends.

Miss Gregg is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Gregg, of Birmingham, and is one of the most popular society girls in Alabama. Her father is a prominent attorney of Birmingham. Miss Gregg has frequently been entertained in Atlanta and has many friends here.

After the wedding Mr. Meyer and his bride will go to New York and from there to Palm Beach upon their honeymoon. Mr. Meyer's yacht will meet them at Palm Beach and they will spend a month or so cruising in Florida waters.

Miss Berry in the City.

Miss Martha Berry, president and director of the Martha Berry school, near Rome, Ga., arrives in the city today and will be the guest of Mrs. Woods White. She will be one of the guests at the dinner which Mr. and Mrs. White give tonight to Miss Pendleton, president of Wellesley college, and she will remain through Wednesday and Thursday to attend the National Council of Missionary Workers.

MEETINGS

The Teachers' association of the Milton Avenue School will hold its regular monthly meeting Tuesday afternoon, January 4, at 3:30 o'clock. All members have been urged to be present.

SOCIAL ITEMS

The announcement made in yesterday morning's Constitution of the engagement of Miss Sadie Tutwiler and Mr. Hugh A. Warner, of Atlanta, was an erronous one, and not authorized by either party. The announcement was sent to the paper bearing what appeared to be an authentic signature.

***

Mr. and Mrs. James E. Murphy will entertain at dinner Wednesday evening in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Kelly Evans.

1,500 MILES OF PIPING FOR ENTENTE ALLIES

Baltimore, January 3.—Fifteen hundred miles of wrought iron pipe, intended, it is understood, to be used by the armies of the entente allies in an immense water system for their camps in the Egyptian desert, are being loaded on the British steamers Shadwell and Oceana here. Representatives of the British consulate in Baltimore are said to be stationed on the ships to see that no bombs or explosives are secreted in the pipes or the boxes of water valves that accompany them.

The Shadwell and the Oceana are expected to sail this week for Alexandria, Egypt. Outside the three-mile limit they will be met by a convoy of allied warships, big enough, it was stated, to put beyond possibility any disaster to the cargo.

Special Taxes.

Columbus, Ga., January 3.—(Special.) A large number of special taxpayers have been crowding into the office of registering, according to the law. The list includes everything from corporations representing large capitals to cigarette dealers.

Two Thomaston Autoists Are Injured in Collision With Macon Fire Truck

Macon, Ga., January 3.—(Special.)—D. R. Dunbar and W. O. Britt, well-known business men of Thomaston, were painfully injured here this afternoon when the automobile in which they were riding was run down by the automobile pump from fire headquarters at the corner of Cotton avenue and Plum street. Both men were thrown from the car and this fact probably saved their lives, for the machine was demolished.

The fire truck was en route to a fire at the time and collided with the roadster from Thomaston as the former swung into Cotton avenue at a speed of fifteen miles an hour. None of the firemen were injured, but the truck was damaged considerably.

Mr. Dunbar sustained an injured right shoulder and a sprained right ankle. Mr. Britt's back was sprained and his right foot injured.

MORTUARY

(All Funeral Notices Appear on Last Page.)

H. M. Bryan, Woodland.

Talbotton, Ga., January 3.—(Special.) Henry Monroe Bryan, of Woodland, Ga., died yesterday morning at 4 o'clock at he home of his niece, Mrs. P. F. Mahone. Mr. Bryan has been in ill health for several months and, last Wednesday, while on a visit to Mrs. Mahone, had a stroke of paralysis. For a number of years Mr. Bryan made his home in Dallas, Texas, but for the past ten years he has made Woodland his home. He was a confederate veteran and a member of Ephesus Presbyterian church at Woodland. Interment took place at the Ephesus church yard, with Rev. W. M. Clemmons, of Columbus, officiating. Mr. Bryan was a member of one of Talbot county's oldest and most respected families and was about 75 years old.

W. J. Williams, Lanier.

Lanier, Ga., January 3.—(Special.)—Dr. W. J. Williams, one of Bryan county's most prominent physicians and progressive citizens, died today at 12 o'clock. He visited several of his patients yesterday. He enjoyed a large practice and made many friends. He leaves a wife, two brothers, Colonel P. W. Williams and S. P. Williams, of Lyons, Ga.; one sister, Mrs. James M. Smith, of Pembroke, Ga.; six daughters and one son, Mrs. G. G. Brown, Mrs. Paul Jordan of Lanier, Mrs. Harry Talley of Lyons, and Mrs. Hayman Butler of Savannah, Miss Stella and Marion, of Lanier, and Watson Williams, of Lanier.

T. J. Autry, Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., January 3.—(Special.) J. T. Autry, a well-known merchant, who was for years an official of the Southern Plow company, died this afternoon, aged 80 years, after a short illness of kidney trouble. Mr. Autry was born in Harris county, moved to Atlanta in 1876 and in 1894 came to Columbus. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Frances Autry; a son, R. D. Autry, and a sister, Mrs. L. E. Watson, of Atlanta. The funeral will be conducted tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the residence, 921 Fifth avenue.

Mrs. O. J. Pierman, Greensboro

Greensboro, Ga., January 3.—(Special.)—Mrs. O. J. Pierman, aged 80 years, died suddenly this morning at 10 o'clock. She was one of the oldest citizens of Greensboro, having resided here since before the war. For several years she has made her home with Mrs. George A. Hall. She is survived by a daughter, Miss Pierman. The funeral will be conducted Monday morning by Rev. J. A. Simpson, at the city cemetery.

John W. Gay, Lanier.

Lanier, Ga., January 3.—(Special.)—John W. Gay, one of the oldest citizens of Bryan county, died yesterday, and was buried at Beulah church this afternoon by the Masonic fraternity. He leaves a wife, four sons and three daughters—Mrs. James D. Clanton, of Lanier, Ga.; Mrs. Cox, of Meggetts, S. C.; Mrs. Rogers, of Glennville, Ga.; Dan J. Gay, of Biloxi; Miss Edward Gay, of Louisiana, and Walter and John Gay, of Beaufort, S. C.

Mrs. L. C. Brewer.

Mrs. L. C. Brewer, aged 65, of Augusta, Ga., died at the residence of Dr. Harden, at East Point, Sunday morning at 6 o'clock. She is survived by two sisters, Mrs. Fannie DeLozier, of Opelika, Ala., and Mrs. J. M. Griffin, of Savannah. Two brothers, Messrs. R. H. and Jack Armstrong, of Winston-Salem, N. C.

T. F. C. Allgood.

Powder Springs, Ga., January 3.—(Special.)—T. F. C. Allgood, an old and highly respected citizen of this place, died at the home of his son, A. C. Allgood, Friday. Mr. Allgood had in recent years been living at 151 Fair street, Atlanta, Ga., but was on a visit to his son at the time of his death.

J. L. McCord, Jr.

J. L. McCord, Jr., the 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. McCord, 285 Glenn street, died at the residence early Sunday morning. He is survived by father, mother, two brothers and one sister.

Homer Garrett.

Homer Garrett, aged 31, of Hogansville, Ga., died early Sunday morning at a private hospital here. His body was removed to the chapel of Greenberg & Bond.

Many Charity Cases.

Columbus, Ga., January 3.—(Special.) The Associated Charities report for the month of December shows that 266 cases were carried over on the first of January into the new month.

To Prevent the Grip.

Colds cause Grip—Laxative Bromo Quinine removes the cause. There is only one "BROMO QUININE." E. W. Grove's signature on box. 25c.

ENLARGED TONSILS AND ADENOIDS

Now Known to Be Caused by Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and Croup, Prevented and Relieved by New Scientific Discovery.

The violent straining, coughing and blowing of the nose, incident to acute inflammation of the air passages, are now known to be the chief causes in the production of enlarged tonsils and adenoids, as well as catarrhal deafness and head noises. These may now be prevented and their causes quickly relieved by the liberal use of Ecuapine Salve, the new pharmaceutical preparation which thoroughly cleanses, purifies and sterilizes the air passages without the slightest discomfort or irritation. Atlanta people who have used this new preparation express themselves as astonished and delighted with its pleasant and instantaneous effect. It has completely revolutionized the medical treatment of colds, coughs, sore throat and croup, and is especially valued by physicians as a preventative and aid in the treatment of serious acute inflammations, such as pneumonia, bronchitis and La Grippe. Get your winter's supply today, only 25c at all drug stores.—(adv.)

PRESCRIPTIONS
Your Doctor Knows
We fill them just as he orders them
Phone Cone's
We send for and deliver

"RIGHT NOW"
"SUPERIOR"
MOTOR TRUCKS
MANUFACTURED BY
E. G. Willingham's Sons
Atlanta

CONSTITUTION ADVERTISING
is the index to the fulfillment of your needs.

10 to 80% Advance on Oil Stock, Jan. 14

To Investors:

This is the "Age of Oil." High grade crude may reach nearly four dollars per barrel by early spring.

This Company is now drilling five deep wells. One in the heart of a 1,200-acre lease on Ranch Creek in Pawnee County, Oklahoma, across the Arkansas River from the rich Boston oil pool. Four more are being drilled on our big propefty in the east extension of the great Cushing oil field.

The company now controls about eight thousand acres of oil and gas leases located in the real oil belt. Also has about 1,500 acres by warranty deed. It has 127 producing wells; three refineries; oil marketing stations over Kansas, Oklahoma and Missouri; an established trade; is selling oils in about six hundred towns and cities. Its pipe line has been exempted by a recent decision of the United States Supreme Court. This exempted pipe line is completed and in operation for 165 miles. Connects two of our refineries in two states with the larger percentage of our oil lands, leases and oil wells.

After years of determined work and over two millions in cash this Company has been built until the stockholders would not approve a sale at less than twenty million dollars.

We now have over 200 locations on practically proven properties on our pipe line to drill. The company is owned by seventeen thousand independent Americans that are banded together to make The Uncle Sam Oil Company the greatest success on an honest basis of the century. One-fifth of the stock remains and is offered to you at less than its book value, because we are going to raise an additional $200,000 during the immediate future and forthwith drill the balance of forty new wells that can increase our properties many millions. This Company is doing things. Do not stop to split hairs or fool away your time on red tape, but secure a big block of this stock while real opportunity knocks at your door.

The stock is prorated among present stockholders on a stock dividend basis. New capital is being paid in daily. The Company is controlled by a Board of Directors of twenty-one large stockholders. There is a provision in the charter that protects the Company from oil trust conspirators obtaining control. You can secure stock for less than you could buy out any director. We struck a rich new Wheeler well on our Cushing property a few weeks ago. The rule is that under the Wheeler sand is the fortune-making Bartlesville. We should start four more drills on our Cushing property. Five more on our big Ranch Creek property. Five drills on our deeded lands. Four more in our Baker-Yowell district, where we had one well start at 300 barrels, and another at 3,000 barrels daily. Six more on our big Meadow leases in Pawnee County that extend nearly across Range 7, from the northeast to the southwest for 6½ miles, containing about 2,000 acres, with a well 2,812 feet deep, now producing 43 gravity oil, where a little good luck would jump this property into a ten million dollar value; also ten drills should be started in the Red Fork district in Tulsa County.

Millions have been made in oil. Millions will be made in oil. The Uncle Sam Oil Company is the recognized big independent winner. Our chances are good soon to develop a ten thousand dollar daily production and save our great Osage lease of 436,000 acres. If advertising space was not so high we could give details that would sell all this stock within forty-eight hours. This company is established. The stock will soon go. Two great gushers should be completed by January 12. On that date the advertised price of this stock will be advanced 10 to 80 per cent. Thousands are figuring on this stock. Conditions are liable to occur that will advance it ten to twenty times over night. While you are hesitating new wells will be started and our drills will go deeper every hour and many open rich oil pools that should pour out millions.

This stock is speculative, but backed by sufficient strength to continue operations until we hit it rich. Many a stock that has been offered in good faith and laughed at by the "wise guys" has made fortunes. Invest with a real, live, going concern, $90 to $900 and help enrich yourself by driving the drills on proven properties where from 500 to 5,000-barrel oil wells can reasonably be expected.

Join a winner by remitting today—or write **forthwith for full particulars and references.**

The stock is non-assessable, and the cash payment together with your agreement to remain loyal to the Company is accepted by the Company as full payment, if the Company approves you as a stockholder. It wants none but loyal, patriotic, liberty loving citizens as its stockholders, and therefore reserves the right to approve or reject any subscriptions to its stock. If you should not be approved your money will be promptly returned to you.

SPECIAL STOCK OFFER

To The Uncle Sam Oil Company,
Kansas City, Kansas.

Find $..... remittance for stock as advertised per X opposite the amount designated below:

100 SHARES	$ 9.00
200 SHARES	18.00
500 SHARES	45.00
1,000 SHARES	90.00
10,000 SHARES	900.00

.....
(Name of Remitter.)
.....
(Street, City and State Address.)

Respectfully submitted,

THE UNCLE SAM OIL CO.
By H. H. TUCKER, JR., Pres.
(Address all letters to the Company)
KANSAS CITY, KANSAS

Georgia State Seal Spoons

or spoons of other states, make inexpensive and pretty souvenirs. Their excellent quality makes them useful as practical gifts.

The Constitution Can Supply Wm. A. Rogers'

Georgia State Seal Spoons, and spoons of Pennsylvania, Florida, North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama, Tennessee, Virginia.

Each spoon set on 18 per cent nickel base, heavily plated, a full 2½-oz. of 50-pwt. silver per gross. Every spoon guaranteed by Wm. A. Rogers.

At The Constitution or any of the following L. W. Rogers' Co. Stores:

Can Supply Following State Seal Spoons

Georgia
Pennsylvania
Florida
North Carolina
South Carolina
Alabama
Tennessee
Virginia

At Following Stores of L. W. ROGERS CO.

361 Euclid Avenue.
309 Ponce de Leon Ave.
161 Peachtree Street.
280 Oak Street.
Corner Dill and Stewart Avenue.
38 Gordon Street.
East Point, Ga.
Decatur, Ga.
116 Whitehall Street.
812 Peachtree Street.

10c EACH With Coupon | BY MAIL 13c for Each SPOON

STATE SEAL SPOON COUPON

Present this Coupon and ten cents at The Constitution office or at any one of the L. W. Rogers Company's Grocery Stores mentioned above (there is one near you) and you will receive one of Wm. A. Rogers' 1881 A-1

GEORGIA STATE SEAL SPOONS

or spoons of Pennsylvania, Florida, North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama, Tennessee or Virginia.

Spoons by mail, postage paid, 13 cents each. For mail orders write your name and address plainly and attach to this coupon.

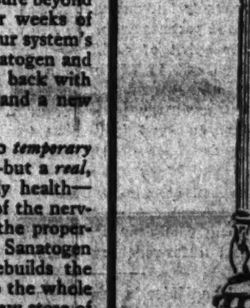
All mail orders must be sent to The Constitution State Seal Spoon Department, Atlanta.

The limit of spoons obtainable on this coupon is six.

By Mail 13 Cents Each.

NEW SLEEPER TO
Albany, Quitman and Hampton Springs
Via A. B. & A.—Through Cordele and Moultrie—10:30 P. M.
Make Reservations—88 Peachtree Street, Terminal Station [PHONE IVY 194 MAIN 1149]

NOW
Now Is the Time to Have Your Teeth Put in Good Condition



BIG REDUCTION—Set of Teeth... $4
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work..... $3
We Lead in Fine Work and Low Prices
All Work Guaranteed
THE OLD RELIABLE
ATLANTA DENTAL PARLORS
10 Years at Same Location. Cor. Peachtree & Decatur Streets

"My—but Sanatogen makes one enjoy living!"

AND you know it *is* a pleasure beyond the telling when, after weeks of overwork have weakened your system's forces, you begin to take Sanatogen and *feel* that old-time vigor come back with a new desire to accomplish and a new joy in living.

The best of it is that it's no *temporary* relief that Sanatogen gives—but a *real, lasting* improvement in bodily health—and especially in the health of the nervous system. For combining the properties both of a *food* and a *tonic*, Sanatogen nourishes the nerve-cells, rebuilds the wasted energies and tones up the whole system as it helps gather a new store of strength.

You can scarcely doubt that Sanatogen will *help you* when you remember that over 21,000 doctors have endorsed it in personal letters—and when you read what *John Burroughs*, the celebrated naturalist, writes:

"I have been greatly benefited by Sanatogen. My sleep is fifty per cent better than it was one year ago, and my mind and strength are much improved."

Or what *Colonel Watterson*, the famous editor, writes:

"I do not think I could have regained my vitality without Sanatogen acting equally upon the digestive organs and the nerve centres."

Sanatogen is sold by good druggists everywhere in three sizes, from $1.00 up.

Grand Prize, International Congress of Medicine, London, 1913

SANATOGEN
ENDORSED BY OVER 21,000 PHYSICIANS

Send for *Elbert Hubbard's New Book*—"Health in the Making." Written in his attractive manner and filled with his shrewd philosophy, together with capital advice on Sanatogen, health and contentment. It is FREE. Tear this off as a reminder to address THE BAUER CHEMICAL CO., 33 g Irving Place, New York.

THE CONSTITUTION

Established 1868.
THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly
CLARK HOWELL,
Editor and General Manager

Directors: Clark Howell, Roby Robinson, Albert Howell, Jr., E. R. Black, H. W. Grady.

Telephone Main 5000.

Entered at the postoffice at Atlanta as second-class mail matter.

POSTAGE RATES.
United States and Mexico.
10 to 12-page papers, 1c; 13 to 24-page papers, 2c; 25 to 36-page papers, 3c; 38 to 56-page papers, 4c.

ATLANTA, GA., January 3, 1916.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
By Mail in the United States and Mexico.
(Payable invariably in advance.)

	1 mo.	6 mo.	12 mo.
Daily and Sunday	60c	$3.35	$6.00
Daily	50c	2.25	4.00
Sunday	...	1.25	2.00
Tri-Weekly	...	....	1.00

By Carrier.
In Atlanta, 55 cents per month or 13 cents per week. Outside of Atlanta, 60 cents per month or 14 cents per week.

J. R. HOLLIDAY, Constitution Building, sole Advertising Manager for all territory outside Atlanta.

The address of the Washington Bureau is No. 1727 S. Street, N. W., Mr. John Corrigan, Jr., staff correspondent, in charge.

THE CONSTITUTION is on sale in New York city by 1 p. m. the day after issue. It can be had: Hotaling's Newsstands, Broadway and Forty-second street (Times building corner), Thirty-eighth street and Broadway and Twenty-ninth street and Broadway.

The Constitution is not responsible for advance payments to out-of-town local carriers, dealers or agents.

RELIEVING CONGESTION.

With the beginning of the new year, there is no more important duty that faces the city council than attention to the condition of Atlanta's streets, with the view of relieving traffic congestion.

In reducing the grades upon West Peachtree and Ivy streets, and making them comparatively level, Atlanta has expended thousands of dollars, not one cent of which investment has yet brought any returns. Nor will the city derive any benefit whatsoever from the work already done on these two streets until it paves them with a passable surface.

Notwithstanding the thousands of dollars spent on West Peachtree and Ivy, these streets are today comparatively unused. Traffic shuns them. No driver of any vehicle who can avoid them will make use of them.

Upon these streets, now perfectly graded, the belgian blocks are laid and set. It remains only for the city to surface them with the smooth asphalt covering, as it has already done on Piedmont avenue, and where it has made a splendid, useful street that is a source of satisfaction to all who travel it.

The same thing can be done with West Peachtree and Ivy streets with comparatively little outlay. It is the council's duty not only to do it, but to do it at once. Everybody knows just what the congestion is on Peachtree street, and there should be no need for further pressing that argument. The opportunity for relieving it is presented by making the proposed improvement, at comparatively small expense, on Ivy and West Peachtree.

REAL CITY PROGRESS.

The Constitution publishes elsewhere today reports from two city officials, which are indicative of real and substantial city progress, one showing a notable decrease in the city's death rate and the other remarkably improved conditions as to Atlanta's milk supply, which has undoubtedly had something to do with decreasing the number of deaths.

The report of City Health Officer J. P. Kennedy shows that Atlanta's death rate for 1915 was 14.56 per 1,000 population, as compared with 15.81 for 1914, or a decrease of nearly 8 per cent. This is the sort of progress that is well worth while, and it has undoubtedly required steady and determined effort to bring it about.

Atlanta has shown, during the year, anything but a tendency to race suicide, for with 2,766 deaths, there were 3,160 births, an excess of 384, or the highest record in Atlanta's history.

A notable feature of Dr. Kennedy's report is the fact that during 1915 there were only twenty-one deaths from typhoid fever, the lowest rate from this disease in all the history of the city.

There might be an almost direct connection traced between this remarkable showing as to typhoid and the facts set forth in the report of City Bacteriologist Claude A. Smith, indicating remarkable improvement in the quality of the milk furnished to Atlanta consumers.

Never in the history of the city has closer or more careful watch been kept upon Atlanta's milk supply than is being done right now under Dr. Smith's administration of this important department. Dr. Smith states that 48 per cent of the city's total milk supply now shows a rating which is "equivalent to certified milk on a bacterial basis." This means it is practically free from impurities, and it is further stated it is now a very rare thing to find any dirt whatever in any of the milk sold in Atlanta.

In bringing about this result so valuable to the health of Atlantans, and especially of Atlanta's children, Dr. Smith particularly commends The Constitution for the assistance it has rendered through its persistent advocacy of a pure milk supply and its publication of the department's monthly reports, which has resulted in a sanitary competition on the part of the dairies supplying the city, and, therefore, the greater cleanliness and purity of the milk. It was at once apparent that the public would patronize those dairies which approached nearest the required standard; consequently all of them are striving for it.

Dr. Kennedy and Dr. Smith are due the congratulations of Atlanta for the excellent service they have rendered. No officials ever in the service of the city have more thoroughly earned and deserved the confidence of the public; nor have any more completely justified the expenditures made by the city in the maintenance of their departments.

THE SAVING HABIT.

The saving habit has experienced remarkable growth in Atlanta during the last decade, due to a variety of causes—frequent periods of enforced economy, the growth of the practice of thrift, triumph of the spirit of investment over that of speculation and the splendid educational campaigns which many of the leading Atlanta banks have conducted through the advertising columns of the daily newspapers.

We have had more than our share of enforced economy, and yet there is no doubt that it has been good for us. One of those beneficent results has unquestionably been to impress the importance and value of saving. Deposits in savings banks have grown after every panic or period of depression, notwithstanding they were reduced for the moment through the peremptory demands of living. Coming back when it is over, almost every fortunate saver brings another with him.

Thus savings have grown until many Atlanta banking institutions, whose savings departments ten years ago were of minor importance or had just begun to grow, today hold in trust for this class of depositors each around a million dollars, close to it or more. Foreseeing the growth of the savings habit, there is scarcely an Atlanta bank today which has not an active and substantial department devoted to this branch of the business.

Although the aggregate of savings deposits in exclusive savings banks and in the savings departments of the commercial banks has, perhaps, more than doubled in the past ten years, we are still far behind the more thrifty New England people and those of other states north and east, where the published statements of some of long established exclusive savings institutions, read like a list of assets in the national treasury. Where we have saved one million, they have saved ten millions or more.

Certainly, if anything would tend to impress the value of the savings habit, it is the long period of depression through which Georgia and the south, in common with the rest of the nation, have just passed. Coming when it did, the effect of the European war has been to make that period doubly long, besides adding materially to its severity.

If results are anything like in accord with the severity of the lesson greater impetus than ever must be given to the accumulation of savings deposits here and throughout the south. The banks of today are the stablest and soundest financial institutions the world has ever known; and the matter of saving no longer involves question of safety, but the habit of the individual founded in foresight and reason.

It is a peculiar fact that the establishment of the postal savings bank system added comparatively little in the outset to the sum total of national savings. In far greater degree it brought hoarded money out of hiding places, put it to work at low interest rate and threw it into circulation. It was simply a question of the individual depositor's idea of safety. But in the long run it has abundantly encouraged saving through creation of confidence, and instead of competing with the commercial banks, the postal savings system has sent them many new customers, as a result of this grown confidence and the attraction of interest rates and advantages the government cannot offer.

The coming year should, and no doubt will, witness the greatest growth in savings this section has ever known. Many will begin with the New Year, who have scarcely known what it was to save before. Fond parents are more and more inculcating the spirit of thrift by starting their children out in life with a savings bank account. But more than everything else, the extraordinary period from which we have just emerged will serve to encourage the accumulation of the "rainy day" fund.

The banks can and will be an important factor, as they have always been, upon the educational side of the problem; and in doing this they are performing a valuable and a far-reaching public service.

The Kaiser's malady is still confined to one word, and if he tries to pronounce it, it will certainly be a sick spell for him.

The remainder of the Ford party should be hurried to The Hague and subjected to a vigorous peace lecture.

Anyway, Brother Ford had the courage of his convictions and backed them with his money.

If congress is "up to its eyes in business" it may experience the same old difficulty in seeing daylight.

Villa might make good in this country staging mimic battles for the film men.

Can Mexico keep the peace when she is surrounded by foreign bill collectors?

The Ford failure is easily accounted for: He had Bryan's Dove of Peace.

When it comes to New Year preparedness the bank book is strictly in it.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

By Frank L. Stanton

A Greeting.

I.

Ho, my brother,
On the glad life-way!
Here's old Winter
With a rose of May!
Meet him, greet him
With a smile that's bright;
Here's Life's morning,
And it's long till night!

II.

Ho, my brother!
On the way we know
Hearts made happy
That they love us so;
Meet them, greet them
With a glance of light;
Here's Life's morning,
And it's long till night!

* * * * *

New Year Sentiments.

De New Year is nuttin' but de Ol' Year in a new suit—only he's got more privilege ter cut de high jinks.

Some folks is so used ter keepin' comp'ny wid Satan dey feels like dey lost a friend w'en he ain't aroun'.

It ain't good ter ax de Lawd ter keep you too humble, kase w'en dat happens de 'hifalutin' folks 'll ride right over you.

* * * * *

The Waiting Ones.

I.

O, don't you wait fer the Good Time Day
Fer ter come a-shoutin' 'long the way,
Fer the thing that's best fer you ter do
Is ter rise an' do some shoutin', too!

II.

O, don't you wait in de lonesome place
Fer ter look de Good Time in de face;
Fer the thing ter do is fer hit the line—
Ter trim yer light an' ter rise an' shine!

* * * * *

The West Wins!

Here is the prize storm-story from the west:

"In the recent tornado at Great Bend, Kan., the wind stripped the feathers off a rooster and then blew wheat straws into the rooster's skin where the feathers had been. The owner took him to Kansas City and sold him to a museum for a porcupine."

* * * * *

Mighty Good Plan.

One of the rhyming brethren puts it in this light:

"Mighty good plan, in the New Year,
To cut out the gloom and regret;
Ef you hain't got the old-time religion,
Jes' grab fer the best you can get!"

* * * * *

A Friend to Count On.

Says George Bailey: "The printer who manufactures calendars showing fifty-three paydays has found no time to communicate with us, but we hope to be on his mailing list again in 1918."

The Peaceful Campaign.

Far from the cannon's rattle,
Rage of the bitter strife,
Still in the long-time battle,
Winnin' the bread of life.

* * * * *

The Unreasonables.

Says the Bentztown Bard, of The Baltimore Sun: "So many people complain of the water just as if they drank it!"

* * * * *

Word From Br'er Williams.

De hills is so highminded dey lose sight er de fact dat God made de valleys down yander; but de hills ain't de whole bizness, des kaze dey is de fust ter hear thunder.

* * * * *

The Even Way.

I.

I ain't here to growl at weather
When it's as the good Lord sends;
Life sings sweet; we walk together;
Rain and sunlight are our friends.

II.

Love to love forever clinging,
Not one life that's all unblest,
When the very storms are singing
Songs that soothe and lead to rest.

* * * * *

A Wayside Word.

We cry for the light, but seldom thank God for the dark that brings sleep and sweet forgetfulness of the troubles of the light.

* * * * *

The Same Old Land.

I.

It's the same old land
Where the dreams come true,—
Right to hand
Where the work's to do;
Where the soil is singin'
A song to you.

II.

The same old land,
From dark to light
Where you take your stand
And show your might,
And the gleam of its gold
Makes your dreams shine bright!

* * * * *

Doubtful Advice.

"Don't git on no water-wagon," counselled the old darkey. "Hit's a bad time o' year ter git wet an' ketch de pneumony!"

* * * * *

The Light of Living.

Thanks for the light of living,
Joy on the old-time way;
And morning skies
Of Love's bright eyes
And faith to work and pray.

* * * * *

A Moonshine Note.

"Only sixty-nine moonshine 'stills in the county now," says The Mountain Patriarch. "If the government keeps up the hard-hittin' there won't be many left when it's time for the millennium!"

CHIMES.

I.

O bells! how wonderful you are,
Clear as the splendor of a star,
And mellow as their rarest rhyme
When poets sing, for love's dear sake,
Is the sweet music which you make,
Out of the flight of time.

II.

Surely within your swinging cells,
A magic music-master dwells,
And his the task sublime,
Assigned him by some heavenly Power,
To make sweet music, hour by hour,
Out of the flight of time.

III.

Ah, bells, would we were what you are!
That music, clear as light of star,
And mellow as their rarest rhyme
When poets sing, for love's dear sake,
We in our saddest hours could make,
Out of the flight of time.

—CHARLES W. HUBNER.

WILL AND TIME.

I.

With will, God-given will, we conquer grief,
And when 'tis softened by Time's tender wing,
Forevermore is lost its poignant sting—
For Will and Time, entwined, can bring relief.

II.

Through tearful eyes, our sorrowing hearts could know
Aught but their grief, and skies forever drear,
No hint of future smile or comfort's cheer—
With Will and Time, we say: "'Twere better so!"

—AUGUSTA WALL.

Sam Small Writes Ringing Invective on The Wrong of the Recall Movement

BY SAM W. SMALL.

SAM W. SMALL.

Editor Constitution: The evolution of a great city from ashes to affluence, from civic chaos to a competent civilization, is a story that cannot be read wholly in piles of wood and brick or stacks of cement and structural steel. That story is most vividly written into the lives of the men who conceived the city and made it presently visible and valuable.

Younger Atlantans and newcomers to the city, whose knowledge of it really embraces a decade or a dozen years, should wake up to the fact that they are inheritors of deeds, benefactions and sure promises of prosperity that were wrought out for them by a past or passing generation of men who invested personal pain, fadeless faith and unselfish sacrifices to create the famous old "Atlanta Spirit" and give this Phoenix city her now splendid "place in the sun" of American achievement.

Every man in Atlanta who loves the city and owes it a penny of debt for its hospitality and its open opportunities to him should hesitate—indeed, frankly and absolutely refuse—to strike with his ballot, as with Joab's blade, at the vitals of any one of those brave men whom our children will memorialize as the heroes of our civic travail, regeneration and recuperation to credit and riches.

Naturally, I have no part in the alleged factionalism that is being charged both ways in this civic riot produced by the pending recall movement. It is no office of mine to excuse any man, or to excuse any man, for any of the acts which engendered the campaign or are fermenting in the fight.

The fight is on and will go to a decision within the next seventy hours, and that which interests me, as one who has loved and labored for Atlanta for more than forty years, is whether that decision, by any possible plea or device, shall be tortured into a condemnation and humiliation of such a man, such a typical Atlantan, such a past-master in her municipal upbuilding, as Captain James W. English.

A Friend's Right to Defend.

Because he has been also my strong and helpful friend, in good or evil report, all my manhood life, I have the right to volunteer as a witness for him when his character and life-contentment are ruthlessly harried into jeopardy by an extraordinary and inflammatory recall election.

Familiar with this situation, as he has been and is related to it, I find no act of his that would justify me, in good conscience or good morals, in casting a ballot to recall him from his office as unworthy of it, vicious in its administration, or corrupt in the use of its power. Every sane man in Atlanta with sense enough to voluntarily keep out of a dog-pound should know that Captain English is not a man of vile mind, of unclean life, of any sympathy with crime or criminals, of any lack of pride in domestic or civic purity, or who has ever been known, whether in rags or in riches, "to crook the pregnant hinges of his knees that thrift might follow fawning." Every great service that he has given the city has been unselfish and every deed of beneficence done to his fellow citizens has been generous and ungrudging. He has kept the Athenian oath with a fidelity above comparison.

Let me record a few outstanding things in the career of that man that some few persons in Atlanta know, but of which most of our newer citizens are ignorant.

One of his first acts in Atlanta, while yet in the remnants of his confederate uniform, was to defend some unknown ladies, passing the old National hotel, from the insulting conduct of some half-drunken federal officers. Jim English bravely rebuked and defied them at the imminent risk of his life.

In the parlous hours of the Bush Arbor and the Davis Hall meetings, when Ben Hill was hurling fateful philippics upon brutal military despotism, one of the few men who stood closest to that incomparable Boanerge, ready to fight for his liberty and die for his defense, was Jim English.

Protected the People's Rights.

Passing other incidents, come to the November election of 1876. J. G. W. Mills, republican, was seeking strenuously to defeat our democratic congressman, Milton A. Candler. It was the era of federal supervision of our elections. A United States marshal, secretly imported a large consignment of Remington revolvers and ammunition, with which to equip a force of miserable thugs and semi-criminals to serve as deputy marshals at the polls and secure by show of force the casting of all republican and negro ballots possible. By accident, as reporter for The Constitution, I discovered the facts in advance and advised our democratic managers of the republican plans. Steps were taken to foil them, but who was it that all that election day trailed the marshal as his shadow and, when challenged by the marshal for his action, said to him: "I have nothing against you personally, but the instant you order one of your deputies to draw upon a white man at these polls that instant you will drop dead in your shoes!"

The man who said that, and meant it, was Jim English. Candler was re-elected, and saved by that action, by a very narrow majority.

I have already told the story in The Constitution of August 12, last, of how Jim English put an end to professional gambling in Atlanta a generation ago, and it has never had footroom or peace in this city since.

Squelched Red Light Paraders.

Most of our good women, of course, do not know another pertinent piece of city history. Before the mayoralty of Jim English the common woman of the town, out of the red-light district areas, fairly dominated in certain hours the main thoroughfares. They came boldly through the business sections in their flashy, advertising attires, rode gaily along the streets in open carriages from our liveries, monopolized attention in leading stores and insulted honest women by audible criticisms or lying statements of their criminal familiarity with husbands and fathers. Jim English put a quick end to that species of devilry by ordering such women to keep within the doors of their houses, to cease riding for pleasure in public carriages, to visit the business district only for legitimate business errands and to appear in public only in the most conventional clothing. That scandal he squelched forever in Atlanta to the great relief and joy of thousands of good wives and mothers. Yet, God save the mark, they say he is the apostle and defender of red-lightism!

Saved Our First Exposition.

Take up the International Cotton exposition we had here in 1881. Jim English was one of the necessary and potential factors in making that daring experiment and then in making it the first financially successful exposition ever held in any country, to my knowledge. Yet I know what very few persons now living know—that the exposition would have been wrecked and finally submerged in bankruptcy, but for the vigilance and financial skill of Jim English, backed up by men like Evan P. Howell, Robert F. Maddox and Benjamin E. Crane. It was English who was the saving watch-dog of the treasury, always on the job.

Others, I see, have spoken of Captain English's indispensable services in the campaign to make Atlanta the capital of the state. I was in that campaign, and it was he who sent me out to chase Hon. Farrish Furman, the Milledgeville champion, all over the map and change his crowds into Atlanta shouters.

Also others have told graphically how Captain English led in promoting the Y. M. C. A. building, for the subscriptions to which I personally hold the "No. 1" receipt signed by Paul Romare; of how he helped establish the Georgia School of Technology, which is recognized by educators as one of the most efficient of its type anywhere on the globe.

We also know how he went in effectively to build more than one of our great railway arms with which we daily feed our faces and our purses, and how it was due almost wholly to him that Sam Spencer ever agreed to make possible the present Terminal station and so it took half of our minds and shame away from the famous and funny old carshed.

We cannot forget—some of us, thank God—how he has helped all appealing charities, subscribed to all funds for the Soldiers' Home, the Grady, the Gordon and the Ben Hill statues, and stood loyal to every educational and eleemosynary institution of the expanding city.

The Moral Issue.

About the moral issue in the case. Where is it and what is it? If it is in the illegality of some act done to an individual the courts are open and enjoined to do justice in such an instance. I can see no special morality in flouting the courts and forcing a popular referendum to redress either a personal or official wrong.

If the moral issue is whether the red light district shall be restored, that issue is already settled and the recall, if carried, would not make it a deader issue than it is right now.

If it is in the gambling matter, why, gambling is a state offense and cannot exist long in Atlanta if state officials do their duty. The record of Captain English as the enemy of gambling was made long ago, all to the good and is beyond recall.

If it is in the liquor and locker club issues, those issues have gone over the heads of the city and are now safely in the hands of the state and her officers, and after May 1 "the jig of John Barleycorn will be up and his jug be down and out!"

Frankly, I am unable to see any moral issue of the kind acclaimed that would be settled pro or con by the recall.

On the other hand, I am curious to be shown the paramount morality of choosing an old and honored citizen to perform a voluntary public service, officially vesting him with power, duty and discretion, and then, when he acts openly and frankly under the sanctions of his oath and conscience, denouncing him as unjust, malicious, corrupt in office and a panderer to the vicious and criminal minority that infests the underworld; following all that with an appeal to a partially informed public to drive him from his post, lash him with a verdict of distrust and pour the bitter poison of ingratitude into the fast-emptying cup of an honorable lifetime.

Morality or Immorality?

I protest that, in my judgment, the greatest morality involved in this recall campaign is the duty of loyal Atlantans to say "No" to the recall of Captain English and so confirm to him the high regard they have hitherto had for his character—for his great heart, his splendid service and his soul of honor, charity and humanity.

I am for Atlanta always and have championed her good name and deeds upon thousands of platforms from ocean to ocean. I want her to stay brave, clean, progressive and the archetype of the south. I do not want her good citizens to make her the victim of any sudden spasm of vicarious virtue or over-righteous revenge.

To my mind the saddest immorality open to our citizens to commit just now would be the recall of Captain English for an act that he believed to be right and still believes to have been morally justifiable. To brand him, as desired by the recallers, in the eyes of the children of the men whom he has served so long, so faithfully and so profitably would have in history no parallel except the spectacle of blind old Belisarius groping discredited among the people whose salvation he had bought with his own blood!

Says True-Hearted Atlantans Will Prevent Recall Outrage

Editor Constitution: The good Lord knows that I have no desire or ambition to get mixed up in Atlanta politics; but since I see that Captain Jim English, a gentleman whom I have ever held in the highest regard and admiration, is being assailed in a city for which he has done so much, I cannot resist the temptation to raise my voice in his defense.

Judge Howell Cobb, of Athens, once remarked that he could never understand why a great city should be built upon the poor, barren, blackjack ridge, such the country upon which Atlanta stands and is surrounded.

It is to such men as James W. English that your city in a great measure owes its wonderful growth and progress, for no one man has done more for Atlanta than Captain English, and I cannot understand why any man or set of men, with a spark of appreciation for past services, can strive to strike down Jim English in his old age. To me it is incomprehensible, and I believe that there are enough brave and true-hearted Atlantans to prevent this outrage.

Atlanta of Long Ago.

I knew Atlanta when the old National was the leading hotel in your city. I have seen gambling dens doing an open business in ground floor rooms on your principal streets. I have seen barrooms as thick in your town as leaves in Valambrosa, and when all kinds of vice was flaunted in the face of every visitor. I also remember when your daily press spoke of the little Broad street wooden bridge as one of the Seven Wonders of Atlanta.

Look at your city today, and see not only its material advancement, but its moral advance.

Refer back to the files of the Atlanta papers for the past forty years or more, and you will find the name of James W. English leading in every movement for the upbuilding of his city, for its moral uplift, and for every movement ever inaugurated to promote the happiness, the prosperity and welfare of its people.

There is no one man to whom Atlanta owes more than to James W. English, and I do not believe your voters will see this grand old man humiliated and crucified upon the cross of partisan politics.

The only member of that band of high-kickers I know is W. Woods White. Woods White has ever been a prohibitionist, and is a moral, Christian gentleman. I am surprised at his joining the hue and cry raised against Captain English.

I have known Jim Woodward since he stuck type for a living. Jim is as full of faults as an egg is of meat; but nothing is concealed, and when he slips up the whole world knows it. He is his own worst enemy, and never in his life has Jim Woodward intentionally harmed or wronged a human being on the face of God's green earth. There was never created a more honest man than Jim Woodward, or one more loyal to friends or honest and sincere in his convictions. Perhaps if the secret lives of some of the men who are attacking Jim Woodward were as public and well known as my old friend Jim's little slip-ups, it would doubtless be a case of the kettle calling the pot black.

Some thirty years ago I led and won in Athens the first fight ever made in Georgia for prohibition. I have always advocated in every paper I edited any movement for the moral advancement of my community.

But there is a way to fight evil without striving to strike down a man like James W. English, and to whom his city owes so much. I confidently predict for my old friend a triumphant victory on January 5 next, when the old citizens of Atlanta, who best know his good work, repair to the polls.

T. LARRY GANTT.
Ellisville, Miss., December 29, 1915.

CITY HALL GOSSIP

NO LAWYERS THERE, BUT—

No lawyers 'mong the councilmen,
"'Tis strange, upon my word,"
Not since the city chartered was,
Has such a thing occurred.

But don't you think there'll silence be,
'Cause lawyers don't appear,
For though the gas will be cut off,
The hot air will be there.

There're men among those councilmen
Chock full of oratory,
Who can out-do Demosthenes
In all his ancient glory.

NOT A LAWYER IN THE COUNCIL FOR THE ENSUING YEAR OF 1916

For the first time since the first council of Atlanta was elected in 1848 there will be no lawyer in council during the present year.

In some councils there have been several lawyers, and in years past lawyers took the most prominent part in municipal deliberations. Some of the most prominent attorneys of the Atlanta bar today were at one time members of council, and some of them got their first start by the prominence given them as city fathers.

But this year not the face of a lawyer nor the voice of a lawyer will be seen or heard in the council chamber.

BIG PROJECTS FOR CITY COUNCIL TO TAKE CARE OF THIS YEAR

The city council of 1916 will have some big projects to take care of. There is the University High school, the Southeastern fair, the plaza and a public comfort, to say nothing of a new cyclorama building, the building of new schools and the purchase of two pumps for the waterworks department.

One project that may be revived is the extension of Alabama street by the building of a long viaduct from Madison avenue to the western side.

Spring, West Peachtree and Ivy streets are to be repaved and South Pryor street extended to Lakewood.

RECALL BALLOT MAY CONFUSE SOME VOTERS ON WEDNESDAY

It is believed there is likely to be some confusion when voters make up their ballots in Wednesday's election because of the wording for the recall, which is prescribed in the charter amendment covering recall elections.

The ballots contain all the names of the six officials to be voted upon with these words:

"For the recall of ————, holding the office of ————."

"Against the recall of ————, holding the office of ————."

Some voters may scratch the wrong line. If you want to vote "for" an official, you scratch the line beginning with the word "for" and if you wish to vote "against" an official, you scratch the line beginning with the word "against."

MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL WHO WILL BE GREATLY MISSED

Four members of the general council, who retire after Monday night, will be greatly missed. They are Aldermen Isaac Newton Ragsdale and James William Maddox, and Councilmen Orville Harmon Hall and Charles DeWitt Knight.

All four of these officials have been very active and have done much for the betterment of conditions in the city. They filled important places on the council committees. Mr. Ragsdale served six years, Mr. Maddox six years and Mr. Knight and Mr. Hall four years each.

NEW AUTO TAX LAW VERY SATISFACTORY TO OWNERS OF CARS

Although the time limit in which owners of automobiles in Georgia must have 1916 license tags for their machines, under the new law which became effective last Saturday, does not expire until March 1, a great many owners have already secured their numbers and every day brings a large number of applications for numbers to the office of Secretary of State Phil Cook.

In short, the prospects are the new law is going to prove satisfactory, which the old law certainly was not.

Rather substantial proof of this statement is found in the fact that so far the applications from Chatham and Bibb counties amount to more than the aggregate from all of the rest of the state. This condition of affairs is particularly significant in view of the fact that the most serious litigation against the old law came from Chatham county, which flatly refused to comply with the law, and Bibb county declined also to comply with the law and for that reason failed to get a share of the state road fund, which accrued from the revenue of tag sales last year.

Altogether, Secretary Cook feels considerably encouraged over the approval with which the new law is meeting.

The State's Conscience.

(From The Macon Telegraph.)

The Telegraph is as jealous of preserving the full remunerative value of the W. & A. road to the state of Georgia as any one who has looked into the situation and is somewhat reconciled to the state taking what steps its officials seem to think justified in heading off any action designed to render it less valuable. But the latest action is pretty well classified by the attorneys for the Louisville and Nashville in their protest against the injunction proceedings taken in Bartow county. It is a high-handed proceeding, playing the game unfairly and with absolute disregard for what must be looked upon as the ethics of the situation. While the state owns a railroad, it is necessarily in the same class as the people who own other railroads. It has the power perhaps to take arbitrary proceedings to restrain competition, to stop other railroad owners from making their property more valuable if in such being done the state's road may stand to suffer as a competitor facing stiffer competition, but the moral right does not exist. We needn't cheat ourselves about that. While in the railroad-owning class as the owner of a railroad we have no right to set up one plane of conduct for other railroad owners to abide on and a separate and distinct one for ourselves—just because we have the power to do it and the other railroads have not.

Much has been written and preached and set forth in recent years in regard to the necessity for railroads as well as individuals having a conscience and a code of ethics. Many of them have actually achieved these two qualities, although popularly supposed to have no soul. The Telegraph knows one big railroad in Georgia that has developed its sense of obligation in these respects to a high degree. The others are rapidly coming to it, too. The state of Georgia as a railroad owner should have the clearest conscience of all. It is the people of the state and the people's skirts must be kept clean.

Now, it may be that this line may be a trifle too fine for some people, but it is merely bringing personal ethics down into larger and corporate affairs. As for the L. & N., it has a reputation, whether deserved or not, of being devious enough when occasion arises. The interstate commerce commission has made public some startling things in respect to the ethics of that railroad in the not too far distant past. But regardless of that the state should never leave its high plane. And yet there comes the matter of expediency. We cannot have our railroad ruined and depreciated. We must do what we can to protect its value and productivity. Which brings us to the familiar and by us often reiterated conclusion that the state has no business owning a railroad. It should sell it; if not then it should conform to the letter and to the spirit of the regulations it lays down for other railroad owners.

RECALL ELECTION NEXT WEDNESDAY

Last Public Gathering of the Campaign Will Be Held Tonight When Recallers Will Meet at the Atlanta Theater.

Wednesday will see the recall election on and the voters of Atlanta will at last have a chance to say by their verdict whether or not the mayor and five other members of the board of police commissioners shall be recalled for voting to demote ex-Chief of Police Beavers.

Those who are to be voted on are: Mayor James G. Woodward, W. P. Fain, James W. English, R. T. Pace, R. C. Clarke and A. R. Kling.

Both the headquarters of the recallers and anti-recallers will be busy scenes today and tomorrow.

Recallers Meet Tonight.

The campaign, so far as public gatherings are concerned, will close with a meeting tonight at the Atlanta theater by the recallers. The speakers will be Asa G. Candler, James L. Key and others. H. Y. McCord will preside.

There will be no public meeting by the anti-recallers.

The voters who have registered will probably receive much mail between now and Wednesday morning, as both sides, it is understood, are sending out campaign literature.

The total registration is 12,533, including 548 negroes. It is believed if the weather is good that about 11,000 votes will be cast.

If there is to be any challenging of voters at the polls on the ground that city taxes have not been paid, no announcement to that effect has been given out. If a voter is challenged he can make affidavit to the election managers that he has paid his taxes. If he swears falsely he can be prosecuted for perjury.

As a change has been made in the polling places since last published, they are given as they will now stand on election day:

Polling Places.

First Ward—49 South Forsyth street.

Second Ward—(a) Old city hall (Hunter street side); (b) 744 South Pryor street.

Third Ward—(a) Hunter and Fraser streets (Rex pharmacy); (b) South Boulevard and Fair streets (E. L. White's store).

Fourth Ward—Corner Auburn avenue and the Boulevard.

Fifth Ward—(a) 748 Marietta street (West Side barber shop); (b) 249 Kennedy street.

Sixth Ward—(a) Grand opera house; (b) 6 Tabernacle place (rear of O. H. Starnes' store).

Seventh Ward—(a) Lee and Gordon streets (Medlock's pharmacy); (b) 640 Gordon street (Upchurch Grocery company).

Eighth Ward—(a) 822 Peachtree street (Richards & Smith's market); (b) 305 Hemphill avenue.

Ninth Ward—(a) Edgewood avenue, corner of Elizabeth street; (b) 26 Stovall street.

Tenth Ward—(a) 619 Lee street (F. J. Bomar Drug company); (b) 227 Stewart avenue.

FARMERS' UNION OF HART TO USE NO FERTILIZERS

Hartwell, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) The Farmers' union of Hart county held a largely-attended and enthusiastic meeting here Saturday, farmers coming in from all part sof the county, with not a few from neighboring counties. President J. J. Brown, of the Georgia union, and other officials were present.

The Hart county farmers decided emphatically by resolution, passed unanimously, that they would use no fertilizers this year under their crops at the present prices of cotton and fertilizers. In other words, cotton must go up to 15 cents before they will consent to use fertilizers at the present prices, or, on the other hand, the price of fertilizers must go down.

Resolutions were also adopted on the subject of rural credits, demanding that congress shall give the farmers such a rural credit plan as will meet their needs.

The Hart county farmers also discussed favorably the pending proposal that the federal government shall develop some large water power which will provide for the establishment of a plant for making nitrates from the nitrogen of the air. It is believed this will cheapen the price of fertilizers.

RAIN SPOILED SUNDAY FOR LOCAL MOTORISTS

Following a beautiful morning which tempted motorists to explore surrounding drives and made golf links popular, Atlanta yesterday afternoon found itself in the grip of a steady rain which robbed out-of-door activities of their attractions.

The weather bureau hasn't been [illegible] for two days. Uncle Sam's attache observing New Year's day and Sunday by remaining away from their offices. However, amateur prophets are expecting a cold wave Monday, basing their predictions on the elements of Sunday night.

Platinum and Gold Jewelry

When you require anything in the jewelry line it will be to your interest to favor us with a call.

You will find here, not only all of the newest, finest and popular lines, but by far the greatest variety to be found in the South.

Quantity buying enables us to deal direct with the biggest factories in the world. This eliminates all in-between profits and means an actual saving to you.

For thirty years we have specialized gold jewelry and a purchase here insures satisfaction as well as a saving.

Call and let us show you what splendid values we offer.

Write or call for booklet, "Facts About Diamonds," and 144-page illustrated catalogue for 1916.

Majer & Berkele, Inc.

Gold and Silversmiths

31 Whitehall Street

Established 1887

New Pastor of Second Baptist Greeted by Big Congregations At First Services Held Sunday

A pleasing speaker with a strong message, Dr. Henry Alford Porter, formerly of Dallas, made his first appearance at Atlanta yesterday morning as the pastor of the Second Baptist church. At all of the Sunday services the new preacher was heard by large congregations, being extended a warm welcome at the morning, afternoon and evening services.

The possessor of a splendid delivery and a clear, distinct voice, Dr. Porter is a good speaker. His style is conversational, rather than oratorical, although he lacks no element of sincerity. He presents his theme in such a manner as to hold the close attention of his hearers and places stress upon those points which he wishes to emphasize without apparent effort.

His sermon was based on the passage of the Scriptures found in the eighteenth verse of the fourth chapter of Second Corinthians. The speaker introduced his remarks with the declaration that it is his ambition to be the real representative of the Second Baptist church.

Tribute to Former Pastors.

He said that he was somewhat embarrassed upon the occasion of his first appearance here and smilingly remarked that he wished he could have reported for duty on a second Sunday, rather than a first Sunday. A strong tribute was paid to the former pastors of the church and the speaker expressed the determination to put forth his best efforts to prove a worthy successor to such men as have led the congregation.

Beginning his sermon, Dr. Porter quoted Lanier's declaration that republics are built on spirit. Although crushed by the hand of the invader and robbed of material wealth, Belgium today is a greater country than she has ever been before, it was declared, because Belgium has kept her honor. Her spirit has not been broken, he said.

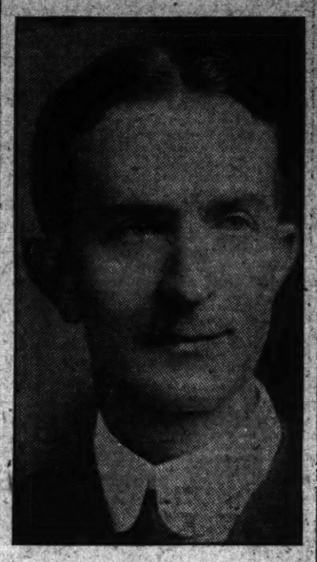
A city is not seen from its streets, for only are the temporal things visible as one gazes upon the mammoth buildings lifting their roofs into the clouds and the eyes fall upon speeding vehicles. A city is the place of men's souls and no one has ever seen a soul. The same is true of the home. A house is a material thing, but a home is that place where love is. Its foundations are truth and loyalty. Its food is tenderness, thoughtfulness and gentleness. Its lights are love, and unfailing confidence in God is one of its necessities. A house perishes, but a home lasts forever.

Man is not merely a suit of clothes. He is seen only as a house of clay in which he is the tenant. The outward man passes, the inward man is renewed day by day. A real man must have courage, patience, largeness of heart and faith in God. That is what the apostle meant when he declared that unseen things are real.

Dr. Porter declared that he fears that the building today is not that which will last. The artistic is given more emphasis in building than the permanency. The books of today are not so good as those of former years. Pictures are not of a lasting nature. No desire is expressed for the things that are permanent. It should be borne in mind, however, that when the material things of life are gone, the unseen things are just beginning to live.

For God or Gold.

The speaker asked his hearers if they are living for the seen or the unseen, for human faith or divine faith. The waste of today is great, and those with duties to perform often are prone to envy those who are not required to



DR. HENRY ALFORD PORTER.

work. Such a point of view is most unfortunate, for the men and women with no work to do have their crosses to bear. It must be decided today whether men and women are living for God or gold, the visible or the invisible, dust or glory; whether they are building something to crumble or something which will outlast the sun; whether they are living for houses and lands or for a real estate where treasures abide and thieves do not break in and moths do not corrupt.

He who would live a life worth while must not forget the unseen realities. He must live for them and must look at the things which are not seen.

Following the sermon Dr. Porter extended to those present upon the service an opportunity to join the church, and several new members were received.

Just before the sermon greetings were read from the Central Presbyterian church, Dr. John E. White, former pastor of the church, and the First Baptist church of Anderson, to which Dr. White went from Atlanta.

At the Sunday school service Dr. Porter spoke of the important part which the school can play in the work of the church and heard the pledges of the teachers to give their best efforts. The scene was an impressive one as the instructors went to the platform in the Sunday school room to express their determination to co-operate in every way during the present year with the new pastor in making the work of the Sabbath school productive of great good.

In the afternoon Dr. Porter attended the musicale given at the church in his honor, the reception given by F. J. Paxon to the members of the latter's Sunday school class and the service of the Baptist Young People's Union.

The night service, like that of the morning, was well attended, and Dr. Porter delivered another strong address. He met many of the members of his congregation during the day who had not been presented with an opportunity to see him before.

Interesting Services Held At the First Presbyterian

The year of worship was ushered in at the First Presbyterian church yesterday morning with a sermon by Dr. Lyons upon the text, "This year also," and the celebration of the Lord's Supper, at which the names of thirty-three new members were announced.

He said in part:

"We cannot think of this new year without shuddering as we contemplate the dark background of last year. Nineteen hundred and fifteen will ever be written in black and blood in the annals of human history. The devastation by the Goths and Huns was probably no more ruthless and complete than that in some portions of the present war area in Europe. Nero and Diocletian were no more savage in their attempts to extirpate the early Christians than the modern Turks in their devilish persecution of the Armenian people.

"But while war clouds have been on all of our horizon, and the thunders of human hatred have ceased not to appall our souls, our land has rolled in plenty and our people have been at peace. We should throng the house of God with our gratitude and love."

He briefly reviewed the year in the life of the First church, paying tribute to the memory of three ruling elders of the congregation who died during the past twelve months—Samuel M. Inman, Captain C. H. Lewis and Captain William Bensel, "all of whom," he said, "were men of sterling character and exemplary Christian lives. They well and fully served their day and generation.

"Their going is a bereavement, but it is also a summons to others to fill up the ranks, to take up the tasks they have left, for while God buries His workmen, His work goes on, and God's work in this congregation has advanced during the past year.

One year ago yesterday one of the ruling elders, recently gone to his reward, turned the first sod in the building program of the church. During the year just finished this beautiful and commodious Sunday school building has been completed, and within the appropriation made for it; an attractive manse is rapidly nearing completion; an every-member canvass of a most thorough and gratifying character has been made, putting the finances of the church upon a sound basis; the transfer of the center of the life and work of the church from the old location to one over two miles distant has been made without loss, and with the enthusiastic interest of all; the women's work has been greatly enlarged, and has extended its efforts in many important directions; there has been a decided increase in the membership of the church, and a most cordial welcome is extended to the church by the splendid community about it.

"Why should we not be happy and enthusiastic, with constructive work both material and spiritual of the most alluring character before us?"

Dr. Lyons outlined a program for 1916 in which he emphasized the all-important elements as being the careful study of the Word of God in the home, together with catechetical training of children, and the family altar in some form, as well as the faithful preaching of the gospel from the pulpit. He spoke for a year of church efficiency in all departments, and one of large increase of membership.

The church was full, with many worshippers in the gallery.

An interesting announcement made in the calendar of the church which related to a notable gift by Mr. Hugh Inman, a former ruling elder of the church and father of Mrs. John W. Grant, Mrs. Hugh Richardson and Mr. Edward Inman, to the endowment fund of ministerial relief of the Southern Presbyterian church, as follows:

"Their Works Do Follow Them."

Of the believer it is said in Revelation 14:13: "They rest from their labors; and their works do follow them." Their toil ceases, but their usefulness, the fruit of their Christian service, abides.

A striking illustration of this is found in the offer made last week by Mr. Watts, of Durham, N. C., to give $68,000 towards the endowment fund of ministerial relief of our general assembly, on condition that double that amount be contributed by others during the year 1916. His offer is to give $1 for every two, up to $68,000 as his portion.

The inspiration for this gift, and for the splendid work already done in behalf of the relief fund, was the generous offer of Mr. Hugh Inman, an honored ruling elder of this church, to give $125,000 for ministerial relief, on the condition that a like sum should be contributed by others. The church responded generously, the full amount was secured, and there has been a continued increase until the endowment fund now amounts to $230,608.63. The interest from this fund brings most welcome relief to many needy homes of aged or infirm ministers.

Mr. Inman's splendid contribution not only furnishes us an explanation of the Savior's words: "Make to yourselves friends of the mammon of unrighteousness," but it reappears in the large gift now offered, and it abides in the beautiful sympathy and helpful liberality towards this cause, which is so Christlike that no other cause is jealous of it, and which will within a few years reach the reasonable goal of a million dollars.

START WEEK OF PRAYER AT THE FIRST BAPTIST

The Woman's Auxiliary of the Fifth Baptist church will observe a day of prayer beginning today at 11 o'clock. A special program will be presented. There will be a luncheon at 1 o'clock; at 2 p. m. two returned missionaries will speak, and at 3 p. m. the regular program will take place. All the chairmen and members have been urged to be present.

Seeking New Home.

Quitman, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) The Brooks County Industrial club, under new management, is seeking new quarters, which it is finding very difficult to secure, as there is not a vacant store in the city. The club has been making its home in the City Hall building, but will be compelled to move because of a re-lease of the building to other parties. Later on it is hoped the club will erect a building of its own.

To Prevent the Grip.

Colds cause Grip—Laxative Bromo Quinine removes the cause. There is only one "BROMO QUININE." E.W.Grove's signature on box. 25c.

FINE PROGRAM RENDERED AT FREE ORGAN RECITAL

The free organ recital, under the auspices of the Atlanta Music Festival association at the Auditorium yesterday afternoon, was one of the most successful that has been held in some time. The program was very elaborate, and City Organist Charles A. Sheldon, Jr., was assisted by the choir of Trinity church.

Despite the rain, an audience of some 3,000 people attended the recital and not only received the program enthusiastically, but participated in it by standing and singing with the choir "The Star Spangled Banner."

The Trinity choir is composed of good voices and is one of the best trained choirs in the city. Their program Sunday afternoon included such numbers as the great "Hallelujah Chorus" from "Messiah," giving the choir scope to display its ability. Its singing was greatly enjoyed and was met with general applause.

Mr. Sheldon also did splendid work, which was fully appreciated. Mr. Sheldon was compelled to respond to two encores.

DEPARTMENT NEEDS MOTOR EQUIPMENT

So Declares Fire Chief Cody in Annual Message—Deals With Work of the Past Year.

In his annual report to the mayor and general council dealing with the work of the department during the past year, Fire Chief W. B. Cody urges that motor equipment be substituted for horse-drawn vehicles as rapidly as possible.

Emphasizing the necessity for a department whose equipment shall be made up entirely of motor apparatus, Chief Cody declares that such equipment permits more efficient service and can be maintained more economically.

The report is a comprehensive one and deals at length with all phases of the department. During 1915 the fire department answered 1,390 alarms, 86 less than were answered in 1914. They are divided among the twelve months of the year as follows:

January, 146; February, 178; March, 233; April, 164; May, 75; June, 79; July, 72; August, 59; September, 68; October, 66; November, 116; December, 140. Total, 1,390.

Causes of the fires are assigned as follows:

Sparks from chimney, 457; sparks from locomotive, 11; sparks from furnace, 1; sparks from grate, 23; sparks from stove, 3; carelessness, 47; carelessness, ashes in wooden containers, 14; carelessness with gasoline, 19; carelessness with stoves, 14; carelessness with matches, 43; carelessness with paper in flues, 6; carelessness with cigarette, 7; carelessness with cigars, 5; carelessness with oil, 1; carelessness with cigars and cigarettes on awnings, 6; carelessness swith burning sulphur, 1; carelessness with leaving gas burning, 1; carelessness with gas jet and curtains, 4; carelessness with electric iron, 2; carelessness with charcoal bucket, 6; carelessness with thawing out pipes, 1; carelessness with burning rags, 2; defective stoves and furnaces, 28; defective chimneys, 39; defective fire places, 9; defective flues, 52; defective wiring, 43; defective gas meters, 3; defective steam pipes, 6; defective gas pipes, 2; defective ash pits, 2; defective radiators, 1; explosion, gasoline, 13; explosion, lamp, 9; explosion, oil stove, 12; explosion, auto-backfiring, 5; overheated brooder, 1; unknown, 170; chimney burning out, 84; grass, leaves, trash and woods, 77; incendiary, 26; smoke in buildings, 20; spontaneous combustion, 12; false alarms, 105; out of city, 7; lightning, 1; rats and matches, 5; auto-sprinkler bell ringing, 4; range not properly installed, 1; tar boiling over, 5. Total, 1,390.

Value, insurance and damage to property are recorded as follows:

Value of buildings where fires occurred, $6,329,120; value of contents where fires occurred, $1,872,140. Total property at risk, $8,701,260. Insurance on buildings, $2,388,535; insurance on contents, $1,203,421. Total insurance, $4,592,006.

Insurance loss on buildings, $276,393; insurance loss on contents, $200,600. Total insurance loss, $476,993.

Installation Services Of Rev. P. M. Watters Will Be Held Thursday

Rev. Philip Melancthon Watters, D. D., will be installed as president of Gammon Theological seminary on Thursday at 10 o'clock in the morning. The Gammon refectory will be dedicated at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

A remarkable program has been arranged by the faculty of the seminary. Among the speakers will be Governor Harris, President William H. Crawford, of Allegheny college, Meadville, Pa.; Dr. Andrew Sledd, of Candler School of Theology; Dr. Irvine Garland Penn, of Cincinnati, Ohio; President Ezra S. Tipple, of Drew Theological seminary, Madison, N. J.; Bishop W. F. Anderson, of Cincinnati, Ohio; Bishop F. D. Leete, of Atlanta, Ga.; Bishop W. P. Thirkield, of New Orleans, La.; Dean P. W. Greatheart, of Turner School of Theology; President E. T. Ware, of Atlanta university; President John Hope, of Morehouse college, Atlanta; Dr. Thomas Nicholson, secretary of the board of education of the Methodist Episcopal church, New York city. The inauguration address will be delivered by Dr. Watters.

Bishop Leete will dedicate the refectory and the trustees' reception will be given at 7:30 in the refectory to the friends. The college presidents of the Freedman's Aid society will hold their annual meeting in connection with these exercises beginning Tuesday, January 4.

LIGHTHOUSE OCCUPANTS WERE LEFT TO STARVE

New York, January 2.—Two men, two women and three children, all starving, who had been without food other than a few small fish for fifteen days, and the body of a woman, a victim of starvation, were found at Triangle Lighthouse, near the Yucatan coast, in the Gulf of Mexico, on December 23 by officers of the steamship Mexico, which arrived here today from Mexican ports. The occupants of the lighthouse, according to the ship's officers, had not been visited by a supply ship for more than four months.

Distress signals from the lighthouse reading, "We are starving," attracted the attention of the Mexico. A boat crew and the ship's surgeon were sent to the lighthouse with provisions sufficient to last a week. The Mexico reported the incident to the authorities at Progreso.

PIMPLY TETTER ON HANDS AND FEET

Would Itch and Burn So Badly Could Not Sleep. Dared Not Put Hands in Water. Ashamed of Them.

HEALED BY CUTICURA SOAP AND OINTMENT

"I was troubled with tetter. It first began by very small bumps or pimples coming on my hands and feet. Large pimples would form and become awfully sore. I could not sleep at night the pimples would itch and burn so badly. I dared not put my hands in water for they would burn and itch so. I was ashamed to let any one see my hands they were so rough and sore, and I could not wear any clothing on the affected parts.

"I finally saw a Cuticura Soap and Ointment advertisement and I got a large sized box of Cuticura Ointment and a cake of Soap and in two months my hands and feet were perfectly healed." (Signed) J. B. Dickerson, Brookhaven, Miss., July 8, 1915.

Sample Each Free by Mail

With 32-p. Skin Book on request. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston." Sold throughout the world.

"To Approve The Removal of James L. Beavers Would Be To Penalize Virtue and Eulogize Vice." —Asa G. Candler.

RECALL MASS-MEETING

MEN AND WOMEN INVITED TONIGHT 8 O'CLOCK

ATLANTA THEATER

H. Y. McCORD will preside.

ASA G. CANDLER, JAMES L. KEY and others will tell the truth to the public.

Another veto has fallen flat.

D. Knight, the Mayor's appointee, has vetoed our request for the Auditorium.

They dared not let you see the crowd.

The Recall was born in a mass-meeting at the Auditorium.

The refusal to let the thousands, who have petitioned for justice, meet in their city's building, is only another illustration of the tyrannies, little and great, the efforts to suppress the expression of the will of the people, which make sure the success of the recall.

Atlanta will not submit.

Meet with us at the Atlanta Theater.

The Recall Campaign Committee claims—

Only one question confronts the city—

Can money drawn from woman's shame, the blood of convicts, the tears of wives, victims of speculators and usurers, broken homes, bar-room flies, blind-tigers and gambling hells tyrannize over Atlanta and deprive her people of their rights?

The Editor of The Journal cuts out the little phrase "money drawn from" and asks—

"In the name of sanity, what is the gentleman driving at?"

We answer—

The Committee is pointing to the sources of the money back of the lynching of Atlanta's chief and the present fight of the lynchers to escape justice and retain control of our police force.

More details will be given at the mass-meeting tonight.

YOU

Cannot Afford to Miss It

COME and HEAR

RECALL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

Atlanta vs. Columbus Saturday

SPORTS—EDITED BY DICK JEMISON.

ATHLETIC CLUB PLAYS COLUMBUS

First Big Game of Year to Be Staged in Columbus Next Saturday — Locals Favored.

Columbus, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) The local Y. M. C. A. will get down to practice tonight for the coming game with the Atlanta A. C., which will be played here on Saturday night.

Columbus has not yet been defeated, while they have won from some of the best teams in the south. Their hardest game of the season was staged last week, with Vandy, which they won by the close score of 41 to 39. They have been fast improving, and when Saturday night rolls around will be in the best of condition.

All of the local Y. M. C. A. stars will get into action against the quint from the capital city. They have not been playing very regularly so far this season, being used mostly only when it was necessary to save a game. Massey, Tippo Peddy and Patterson, all first-class players, will get in the game against the locals.

Columbus is anxious not only to annex this game, but to also defeat the A. A. C. bunch in Atlanta. They want to win back the southern championship, which Atlanta copped last season. To this end they will work hard every day and night from now until then.

WELCHONCE IS NAMED MANAGER OF DALLAS

Former Cracker Captain Succeeds Joe Dunn, a Former Team Mate, This Year.

The sporting editor is in receipt of a post card from Harry Welchonce, former captain of the Crackers, in which Harry announces that he has definitely closed to take charge of the Dallas team of the Texas league next season as manager.

Harry succeeds another former Cracker and a former team mate, none other than our old friend, Joe Dunn.

Niederkorn's Father Believes He'll Make Good With the Crackers

The sporting editor is in receipt of a letter from Dr. J. S. Niederkorn, of Versailles, Ohio, father of none other than our old side kick Norbert "Doc" Niederkorn, who will receive a try-out under Charley Frank next season with the locals.

"Doc's" father believes that if given the proper showing that the young catcher will prove the goods for the Crackers. He believes, like Doc does, that he needs plenty of work and will get better if worked oftener.

Doc is keeping in condition, according to Doc, Senior, by hunting, but will shortly start a routine of training so as to be in good shape by reporting time, ready to jump right into a game if necessary.

TODAY IN PUGILISM

1858—Tom Sayers defeated Bill Benjamin in three rounds at Isle of Grain, England. This was one of the shortest championship battles ever fought, lasting only 6½ minutes. Sayers, the "Little Wonder," although a middleweight, had achieved the heavyweight title, and there was no big man in sight to face him until Harry Broome, the ex-champion, discovered Bill Bainge, a farm lad, gave him the ring name of Benjamin, and pitted him against the little champion. Bill was a fine built, athletic youngster, who had spent his whole life on a farm, but he was scared stiff when he faced Tom Sayers in the ring on a bitterly cold day. The agriculturist seemingly had forgotten all the ring science that Harry Broome had beat into him, and Tom soon laid him low. Bill returned to the farm a sadder and considerably wiser lad, while the sports who had made a long and miserable river trip to see the fight were utterly disgusted. Sayers held his title until 1860, when he retired after his famous fight with John Heenan, the American giant, which ended in a row and was called a draw.

1893—Cal Delaney, Irish-American boxer, born in Detroit.

"RIGHT NOW"
"SUPERIOR"
MOTOR TRUCKS
MANUFACTURED BY
E. G. Willingham's Sons
Atlanta

LOOKING THEM OVER WITH BILLY EVANS

STORIES AND FACTS ABOUT DIAMOND STARS.

I was sitting on the bench of the Philadelphia club one day last summer, waiting for the bell to ring, to start the game. The only other occupants of the bench were Manager Mack and Outfielder Rube Oldring. For years Oldring has been one of the stars of Mack's great teams. Oldring, by the way, is still some ball player, despite the fact that some of the critics are insisting that he is through.

"I am going to send you to New York or some other American league city next year," said Connie.

"I'm sorry, Connie, to disagree, but you won't send me to any place next season," replied Oldring.

"What seems to be the trouble, Rube?" asked Mack with a smile.

"No trouble at all," said Oldring, "I have got enough of baseball. I am going to get wallvers on myself, and then go back to the farm."

"Whatever you want to do suits me," answered Connie. "But if you change your mind and want to quit the farm for the big league, I will try to place you wherever you want to go. I want you to be satisfied."

That short, unusual conversation on the bench, prior to the start of the game, was perhaps the first intimation Oldring had received that he would probably be sent elsewhere, in line with Mack's policy to build up an entirely new team. Oldring accepted it as a matter of course. There was no ill-feeling; both Mack and Oldring smiled through the entire conversation. It will be interesting to see if Oldring makes good his threat to quit. If he does, he will be one of the few players to go into retirement with a lot of good baseball left in his system. Oldring has a beautiful farm, a nice home, an automobile and money in the bank. Rube is of the opinion that is enough for anyone.

Third base is usually referred to as the difficult corner. Infielders accustomed to other positions never relish being shifted to that bag. Third basemen are equally reluctant to try any other position. I regard Eddie Foster, of the Washington club, as one of the greatest third basemen in the game. Conditions last summer made it necessary that Manager Griffith, of the Washington team, shift him to second base at various times. One afternoon Foster had made an unusually brilliant stop of a ball over second base and started a double play that saved the game. I asked him what position he preferred to play.

"Playing third base is a joke compared with this job," answered Eddie. "You only have a couple of situations to think about at third; over here it seems you have a million. Every time I turn my head I see some fellow trying to steal second, coming at me on high speed. With almost every ball pitched you have to keep shifting, also you must constantly figure the batters. I have turned more somersaults tagging baserunners since I started to play second than the average acrobat in a circus does all summer. Third base is called the difficult corner; perhaps it is. Such being the case, I am strong for third."

THE WAR

AS VIEWED BY A SPORTING BARD

One Summer day, as John Bull sat at ease,
And smoked his pipe, and sipped his mug of ale,
And listened to the sighing of the trees,
And idly counted his great wad of kale,
He fell to thinking of that vanished day
When he was lithe and slim and full of fight
And always ready for a finish fray;
And old John gloried in his youthful might
And heaved a sigh that he was old and fat,
Flabby of arms and shaky at the knees;
"And yet," he mused, "you betcha life on that—
I'm still the champ, and not a 'unk o' cheese."

Then John stretched out to take a quiet nap—
For what had he of any man to fear?—
And slept until there came a mighty slap
Full hard and fair upon his good tin ear.
As John sprang up and rubbed his bleary eyes
He saw a Teuton bruiser, stripped to fight,
Bellicose, brawny, and of giant size.
"Ach, Gott, you stiff, you're standin' in my light
And soakin' up my sun," the German said;
"I'm the new champ, and strictly on the job;
Clear out, before I get to seein' red—
Run, chase yourself, you fat old sleepy slob!"

Well, John is old and stale and very fat,
And maybe not the man he usta be,
But if you think he'd stand for such as that
You sure ain't hep to John as well as me.
He peeled his coat, and vest, and striped shirt,
And faced the German battler then and there;
One awful biff, and poor John bit the dirt—
The fat old simp seemed polished off for fair;
But John, still canny, took the count of nine,
Then staggered up to meet the German's rush
And tried to counter to the other's Rhine,
But missed, and fell again into the slush.

Round after round they fought; time after time
John Bull was sent down flat upon his back;
The claret turned the ring to bloody slime;
And while John's tactics seemed most awful slack,
The Teuton battler had most everything—
An awful wallop and a wondrous skill;
He drove poor groggy John about the ring,
And maimed and mauled him, with intent to kill.
But John, if stale, is made of plucky stuff,
And, though he's now a bloody, battered fright,
Like old Joe Grimm, he never gets enough—
"Gorblimey, no!" he shouts. "Come on and fight!"

A. J. Rogers, Champion Billiardist, Is Dead From Pneumonia Attack

A. J. Rogers, a champion billiardist of Philadelphia, Pa., died at the Grady hospital at noon Sunday, following an illness of several days at the Kimball house, where he had been stopping en route from Florida to his home.

According to friends in this city, Mr. Rogers was well known throughout the north as one of the crack billiard players of Pennsylvania. He was said to have finished several championship matches before leaving Florida, two weeks ago.

The body was removed to the chapel of Greenberg & Bond, where it will be held pending the arrival of instructions from relatives in Philadelphia.

At the Kimball house it was stated last night that Rogers had been stopping here about two weeks and was preparing to leave prior to his taking sick.

Mr. Rogers' death was caused by pneumonia.

Killed Wife and Self.

Ivor, Va., January 2.—W. E. Johnson, once postmaster here and a confederate veteran, cut his wife's throat and brained her with an ax, then blew his own head off with a shotgun at their home here early today. The deed was witnessed by a negro girl employed by a neighbor. Mr. Johnson was 70 years old and his wife fifteen years younger.

As Good or Better.

(From The Yale Record.)

"Why didn't you go out for track practice yesterday instead of going to see Ruth?"

"Oh, a miss is as good as a mile any day."

L. S. U. Dates.

Baton Rouge, La., January 2.—(Special.)—The official baseball schedule of the Louisiana State university, just announced, is as follows:

March 17-18—Jefferson college, at Baton Rouge.
March 24-25—Cleveland Americans and New Orleans, at Baton Rouge.
March 31-April 1—Mississippi college, at Baton Rouge.
April 3—New York Giants, at Baton Rouge.
April 7-8—University of Illinois, at Baton Rouge.
April 12-13—Rice institute, at Baton Rouge.
April 15—Lafayette, at Lafayette.
April 17-18—Rice institute, at Houston.
April 19-20—Texas A. & M., at College Station.
April 21-22—Baylor university, at Waco.
April 28-29 — Alabama, at Baton Rouge.
May 3—Open.
May 12-13—Pending.

SIR JOHN SIMON QUITS CABINET OF BRITAIN

Home Secretary Breaks Brilliant Ministerial Career for "Conscience's Sake."

London, January 3.—The Chronicle announces definitely that Sir John A. Simon, secretary of state for home affairs, retires from the cabinet, "thus breaking his brilliant ministerial career for conscience's sake."

Sir John A. Simon enjoyed a rapid and brilliant career after a remarkable success at the bar. He entered parliament in 1906 and joined the ministry first as solicitor general and afterwards as attorney general. He is so strong a pacifist that he was almost decided to resign with Viscount Morley and John Burns when the war broke out. It was only the German violation of Belgium neutrality that induced him to remain as a member of the government.

When the coalition government was formed last May Sir John refused the great prize of post of lord high chancellor, made vacant by Viscount Haldane's retirement because he preferred a political career and became home secretary.

Dr. Charles C. Barrows Dead.

New York, January 2.—Dr. Charles Clifford Barrows, widely known as an obstetrician, died at his home here today. He was born at Jackson, Miss., in 1857, was graduated from the University of Virginia in 1879 and then came to this city, where he began practice. He was an assistant surgeon in the United States Army from 1882 to 1887. Dr. Barrows is survived by his widow, who was Miss Hettie Curtiss, of Prescott, Ariz., a son and a daughter.

Storm Hits San Francisco.

San Francisco, January 2.—A 75-mile-an-hour wind storm struck San Francisco late today, killing one man, severely injuring other persons and causing property damage. The storm was said by weather bureau officials to be the worst that has visited this city in twenty-seven years.

For Every Purpose Use—
Old Forester Whiskey
OLDEST AND BEST OF ALL BOTTLED GOODS
STANDARD FOR 45 YEARS.
Get Yours from Either of the Following Distributors
Paul Heyman, Chattanooga, Tenn.; J. J. Williams, Jacksonville, Fla.; Kaufman Bros. Co., Jacksonville, Fla.; Grail Trading Co., Pensacola, Fla.; Windsor Liquor Co., Pensacola, Fla.; W. P. Ives & Co., Norfolk, Va.; R. L. Christian & Co., Richmond, Va., and other Richmond dealers; L. Lesaux & Co., Lynchburg, Va.; James Germain, Lynchburg, Va.; Mickie Bros. & Co., Lynchburg, Va.; R. Dudley Hill, Lynchburg, Va.; I. H. Oppenheim Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., and all other reliable dealers.
12 Full Quarts $14.00 Express Charges Prepaid
4 Full Quarts $5.50 Express Charges Prepaid
2 Full Quarts $2.85 Express Charges Prepaid
BROWN-FOREMAN CO., Louisville, Ky.

RUSSIANS STRIKE SMASHING BLOWS

Continued From First Page.

except the occupation by our troops of the village of Zel, near Hamadan."

INITIATIVE HELD BY THE RUSSIANS.

London, January 2.—Whichever side began the offensive and whatever has been the gap in the news, the raising of the curtain on the Volhynian and Galician fighting shows that the initiative over a front of 190 miles is firmly on the side of the Russians. The Russians seem to be securely established across the Styr river north of Csartorysk. They have captured the village of Khrisak, three miles from the river. A flank attack six or seven miles to the southeast of Volki, according to the advices, has failed to shake the solidarity of the new Russian dispositions.

Inasmuch as Russian progress is also reported north of Olyka the movement apparently is making in the direction of Kovel, along the two railways between Sarny and Kovel and Rovno and Kovel.

RUSSIANS FAIL, AUSTRIANS CLAIM.

Vienna, January 2.—(Via London.)—An official communication issued by the war office reads:

"Russian war theater: The enemy now is also resuming its offensive against the Bessarabian front of Generals Planner and Baltin. The enemy after twice unsuccessfully attacking New Year's night and once the following forenoon, began today's attack at 1 o'clock this afternoon against our entrenchments near Toperutz, which was repulsed after hand-to-hand fighting. Two hours later, in the same sector, six enemy regiments advanced, of which the greater part were repulsed. Fighting within this sector continues, one of our battalions being still engaged. The enemy's losses are extraordinarily great.

"On New Year's morning our Stripa front, northeast of Bucsacz, was unsuccessfully attacked by the Russians. Attacks against our entrenchments northeast of Kurkanow also failed.

"The number of prisoners taken in one week in east Galicia reached 3,000. South of Dubno and near Berestiany, in the Kormin district, minor attacks were repulsed.

"In the Italian theater there was nothing new to report."

MINES EXPLODED BY THE BRITISH.

London, January 2.—The British official communication, issued by the war office tonight, is as follows:

"The enemy this morning sprung a mine in front of our trenches east of Cuinchy, but did not occupy the crater. During the afternoon we exploded three mines near La Poisselle. Our artillery and trench mortars cooperated.

"Our artillery also bombarded hostile trenches north of Fromelles and east of Ypres. To the former bombardment the enemy replied vigorously, but without doing damage.

"Elsewhere there has been normal activity only."

ITALIANS REPULSE AUSTRIAN ATTACKS.

Rome, January 2.—The Italian war office has issued the following official communication:

"Last night small enemy attacks were easily repulsed near Mori Val Tagarina and in the Col di Lana and on the slopes of the Rambon in the Plezzo plateau region.

"In the Carso zone our detachments took prisoners and munitions. Hostile aeroplanes yesterday dropped bombs on Marco Val Lagarina on the Strygno and Borgo Val Suzana, but without damage."

FRENCH SHELL GERMAN WORKS.

Paris, January 2.—This communication was issued today:

"In the Champagne our heavy artillery last night directed an effective bombardment against huts occupied by the enemy in the forest of Malmaison, north of Bouconville.

"A German attack with hand grenades agains our trenches in the vicinity of the Tahure road, at Sommepy, was repulsed.

Between the Aore and the Oise our heavy artillery silenced the enemy batteries in the region of Amy, to the south of Rove.

"Between Soissons and Rheims there was fighting with mines.

"We exploded successfully two small mines in the region of Troyon and a third near Pompelle, southeast of Rheims.

"In the Vosges there was great activity on the part of our artillery in the vicinity of Muhlbach.

"During the afternoon a long range gun of the enemy discharged about ten projectiles at Nancy and its environs. Two inhabitants were killed and seven wounded slightly. The material damage was small. The gun which discharged these shots was immediately attacked by us."

The official Belgian communication follows: "There was violent artillery fighting over the front of the Yser and along the front at Yperlee. Our batteries silenced the hostile artillery near Mercken and dispersed a detachment of infantry near Poesele."

BRITISH REPULSED, GERMANS CLAIM.

Berlin, January 2.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The following statement was issued today:

"Western front: Strong British forces attempted without success during the night of January 1 to enter German positions near Frelinghein, northeast of Armentieres.

"German troops successfully exploded a mine northeast of Huiluch and occupied the crater.

"A French trench south of Hartmanns-Weilerkopf was captured by Germans, two hundred prisoners being taken.

"Eastern front: Feeble Russian attacks at several places were repulsed. A Russian detachment gained a temporary success by entering a German position north of Lake Drisviaty.

"Balkan front: The situation is unchanged."

HEAVY FIGHTING IN DARDANELLES.

Constantinople, January 2.—(Via Amsterdam and London.)—Heavy fighting continues along the Dardanelles front still held by the entente allies. An engagement in which the land and sea forces of the invaders took part is reported by the war office, in the following statement:

"Near Seddul Bahr on the night of December 30-31, there was active bomb fighting. On our right wing and in the center, violent fighting with artillery and bombs lasted until morning.

"On afternoon of December 31 we exploded two mines on our right wing. The enemy's artillery, assisted by two cruisers, bombarded our trenches in the center of our front. We replied effectively.

"Our batteries at the Narrows bombarded the landing place at Seddul Bahr and the neighboring camp. The French battleship Suffren, assisted by five torpedo boats, replied unsuccessfully.

"Our seaplanes attacked and repulsed a hostile areoplane which was making a reconnaissance."

AUSTRIANS LOSE TO MONTENEGRINS.

Paris, January 1.—An official Montenegrin communication, given out here tonight, reports successes over the Austrians, who are said to have sustained heavy losses. The statement follows:

"On the northern front on December 30 there were engagements with artillery.

"On the eastern front, in the vicinity of Rozaj, we attacked the enemy, who was compelled to retire. We occupied Vlyoka. Toward Rogovo we repulsed the enemy, inflicting heavy losses and capturing horses and munitions. The Austrians occupied Bogicevitch, near Pleva, where we had only a small detachment.

"On the western front there was a lively artillery duel. In the region of the Gulf of Cattaro there was fighting among outposts, in which the enemy sustained serious losses."

An official Montenegrin statement issued yesterday at Cettinje, says:

"During a bombardment of Durazzo yesterday by an Austrian squadron, the steamer Michel, carrying more than 500 tons of provisions for Montenegro, was burned and her cargo destroyed."

The steamer Michel referred to probably is a French vessel of 1,772 gross tons, built at Sunderland in 1881.

RUSSIANS DRIVEN BY TURK FORCES.

London, January 3.—A Bagdad dispatch, received by Reuter's via Amsterdam, says that a Turkish division, advancing in the region of Suj Balak, south of Lake Urumiah, drove the Russians from the town, inflicting important losses. The Russians, the dispatch adds, are being pursued.

LETTER CARRIERS WANT TO WEAR TINY FLAGS

New York, January 2.—The privilege of wearing a tiny flag on the left lapel of each letter carrier's uniform was asked in a resolution adopted unanimously at the annual meeting tonight of the New York Letter Carriers' association. Copies of the resolution will be forwarded to President Wilson, Postmaster General Burleson and congress. It asks that the service rules forbidding the wearing of any insignia not found in the uniform specifications be modified for patriotic purposes.

Coming into intimate contact with the public, the resolution says in substance, the letter carriers wearing the national emblem will bring home their obligations to Americans and tend to counteract "growing disloyalty."

Founder of Hoboes' Hotel Here to See the Governor

Jeff Davis, alias "Cincl Kid," known as prince of hoboes, and famous throughout the United States as founder of the famous Hotel de Gink, hoboes' hotel in New York, is a guest of Atlanta, having arrived via "blind baggage" shortly after 10 o'clock last night, for the purpose of visiting Governor Nat E. Harris today relative to a change being made in the Georgia vagrancy laws.

Jeff was a visitor in Atlanta ten years ago and is known to many people here through his unparalleled record as a "knight of the road."

Jeff visited The Constitution last night and with his visit was a story unequaled by any other follower of the "Gypsy trail."

According to Jeff he has traveled 560,000 miles on the road without paying one cent of fare. That is not counting the last year, which he claims he has not had time to add his other thousands of miles. His ambition is to have 1,000,000 miles to his credit before quitting his precarious career.

Jeff's main purpose in coming to Atlanta was to call upon Governor Harris. He is now engaged in making a tour of all the states, seeing every governor and trying to induce them to change their vagrancy laws so that hoboes, or "itinerant workmen," will be protected and the bum or tramp be prosecuted by them.

New Salt Water Fish Law Will Protect Oyster Beds of State

The new salt water fish law, passed by the extra session of the legislature, became effective Saturday, January 1, and will go into active operation this week.

State Commissioner of Game and Fish Charles S. Arnow made a trip to the coast counties about ten days ago and made the necessary arrangements to put the law into operation.

The new law not only makes the necessary provision for an open season for the taking of shrimp and prawn, which is now a coast county industry representing some several millions of dollars' investment, but also provides for the licensing of oyster boats and for a patrol to protect the oyster beds of the state.

This feature—the protection of the state's oyster beds—is regarded by Commissioner Arnow as a most important step toward conserving the state's resources. It will doubtless require something of an educational campaign to bring the new law in this particular up to the desired state of effectiveness for the reason that many people of the coast counties have felt for many years that these oyster beds of the state were free for the use of anybody and have so acted. The result has been not only a large depletion of the beds, but also a very material injury to the quality of the oysters, for the reason that the oysters are gathered before they have had opportunity to develop, and those oysters which should be replaced and allowed to develop have not been replaced.

This new law is designed to stop this sort of ravaging of the oyster beds and thus to allow the oyster to develop. With the protection afforded by the new law it becomes a good business proposition for business men to lease the state beds, and such a lease would not only bring the state a new revenue, but would also vastly improve the leased property.

WAR CENSORSHIP PLAN BY ARMY GENERAL STAFF

Details Are Revealed in Announced Report of Gen. Hugh L. Scott.

Washington, January 2.—Details of a plan for censorship in time of war worked out by the army general staff are revealed in the annual report of Major General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff, made public tonight. The report says it is of vital importance that definite preparation along this line be made before war is at hand, or "we may anticipate greater confusion and dissatisfaction than Great Britain experienced if no plans be prepared and no personnel be selected for execution thereof until the time arrives when censorship and control of the press become as necessary as in Europe in 1914."

The following is quoted from the staff plan:

"That an officer of the army designated by the secretary of war and an officer of the navy designated by the secretary of the navy be directed to consult with representatives of the press associations and managers of leading newspapers of the country in drafting legislation authorizing the president to issue regulations for control of publication and censorship of telegraph, cable, wireless and mail communications wherever such course may seem to him necessary for the defense of the country.

"That such draft, after approval by the judge advocate general of the army be either submitted to congress at once or held ready to submit when conditions seem to warrant favorable action, as the president may deem proper.

"That whether or not such draft be now submitted, regulations to render an effective censorship be drawn up and careful plans prepared for execution of the censorship under such regulations. These should include record of each cable, telegraph and wireless station which would require supervision by a censor; lists of all newspapers, periodicals and correspondents, selection of army and navy officers, preferably retired, and of experienced newspaper men as personnel of the censorate. Following the British plan, the assistant secretary of war could well be assigned as director of the censorate.

"In time of national peril and absence of legislation the president should at once direct a censorship of all communication by mail, cable, wire or wireless; if necessary declaring martial law to an extent necessary to effect arbitrary suppression of or communication of matter that might prove detrimental to national defense or useful to a possible enemy."

The plan is now under discussion, it is understood, by officials of the war, navy and state departments.

WOMAN IS INVOLVED IN KILLING OF HUSBAND

Philadelphia, Miss., January 2.—Alex Carter, a farm hand, confessed today, according to county authorities, to the killing Friday night of Sim Winstead, his employer, at the latter's home, near here, and implicated Winstead's wife. She is being held as an accessory.

Winstead was shot and killed while seated at his fireside talking to Mrs. Winstead, his slayer shooting through a hole in the wall of their house. Carter had been employed on the Winstead farm for five years, but was recently discharged. Carter and Mrs. Winstead are in jail here.

Not Sewing.

(From Penn State Froth.)

Y. M.—Young Man, have you sowed your wild oats?

M. Y.—Hey, guy, let me give you to understand I'm a civil engineer, not a seamstress.

HOTEL ASTOR NEW YORK
—471
residents of Atlanta registered at Hotel Astor during the past year.
Single Room, without bath, $2.00 to $3.00
Double - $3.00 to $4.00
Single Rooms, with bath, $3.00 to $6.00
Double - $4.00 to $7.00
Parlor, Bedroom and bath, $10.00 to $14.00
TIMES SQUARE
At Broadway, 44th to 45th Streets—the center of New York's social and business activities. In close proximity to all railway terminals.

Camel
CIGARETTES
will delight *your* fancy in many *new* ways. The *blend* of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos does away with tongue-bite and throat-parch *and leaves no unpleasant cigaretty aftertaste*, no matter how many you smoke! Smokers quickly realize that the absence of coupons or premiums is due to the cost of the tobaccos. You compare Camels with *any* cigarette for quality, flavor, aroma; for satisfying "body"—*for anything any cigarette ever did offer you!* You'll prefer Camels to straight Turkish, or straight Domestic, or any cigarette you ever smoked! *And Camels will not tire your taste!*
The stamp pinned over and seals the package, which keeps out air, thereby preserving the quality of the blended tobaccos. By inserting the fingers as illustrated, the stamp easily breaks without tearing the tin foil, which folds back into its place.

Camels are sold everywhere in sanitarily sealed packages, 20 for 10c; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton for $1.00. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.
R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.

WHERE ARE YOU GOING
THIS EVENING
?
Dedicated to the
Go-Fans!
Or Domestic "After-tea-hikers"
EVERYBODY is a "GO-FAN" now, no matter what the age. The "hearth-fire" stuff is obsolete, for GOING is the rage! No longer the cozy ingle-nook, with the old-time cheer that none forsook, can hold a charm for an in-doors stay, or even get a look. It's the Dinner Dance, or the Auto, the Cabaret or Show; the MOVIES with the magic hold, or the White Way's garish glow. NOBODY stays at home now, the family's on the hike, for EVERY MEMBER, OLD AND YOUNG, some "joy trail" must strike.
"Go-Fans" go afternoons and nights, they read mornings. No amusement of any kind interferes with the careful perusal of The Constitution. It is read in the morning hours when the mind is clear and in a receptive mood.
Advertising in its columns pays best.
The Flight of the "Go-Fans"
Advertising Department Constitution
THE WAGSTAFFS-ATLANTA
Copyright, 1916, by J. R. Wallace

TEUTON SUBMARINES DO DESTRUCTIVE WORK

67 Vessels Sunk in the Mediterranean in Six Weeks—Tonnage 225,325.

Vienna, December 14.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Austro-Hungarian and German submarines sank in the Mediterranean eight troop ships, twenty-five transports and thirty-four merchantmen, with a total tonnage of about 225,325 in the last two weeks of October and the month of November, according to claims made in authoritative quarters here. The loss of life is said to have been very heavy in the case of troop ships, and the estimate is made that it amounts to at least 5,000 men.

The largest of the vessels which it is asserted has been sunk was the Cunard liner Transylvania of 14,000 tons, loaded with troops and war materials. The list includes also one Japanese steamer, the Yasukuni, of more than 5,000 tons. Thirty-eight of the vessels sent to the bottom were of British register, thirteen French, ten Italian, two Russian, two Greek, one Norwegian and one Japanese.

The tonnage of the troop ships and transports was about 200,000, and that of the merchant ships 25,325, making a total of 67 ships of approximately 225,325 register tons, or 169,000 net load tons.

London, January 2.—In connection with the submarine activity in the Mediterranean it is interesting to note that an official report shows a total of only twenty British steamships sunk by the submarines during the month of December, with the loss of sixty-seven lives, while eight more were sunk by mines, with the loss of thirteen lives.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS IN BUSINESS WORLD

Statistics Show Conditions in Striking Contrast With Those a Year Ago.

Washington, January 2.—Bright prospects for business throughout the country, in striking contrast with conditions at this time a year ago, are pictured in a statistics and standards committee report made public tonight by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

Spirit of Optimism.

"There are localities where much caution and conservatism yet remain," says the report, "and the influence of high prices for the future further accentuates this caution because dealers feel that high prices will curtail buying by the consumer. Broadly speaking, it may be said that the spirit of optimism and hopefulness prevails to a degree that has not been apparent for nearly a decade, and the general belief and expectation is for such prosperity during 1916 as will recompense the people of this country for all their past misfortunes.

"The adverse effect of the conflict in Europe still prevails in some sections, though to a very much less extent than at this time last year. There are still scattered fears of the possibility of this country being involved in the gigantic strife, but as against this the large portion of the people are paying less and less attention to the war and more and more are concentrating their thoughts and efforts on domestic matters. Beyond this is the striking fact that the influence of the war at present as a whole is more favorable than adverse, because of the tremendous impetus it has given to certain lines of manufacturing, especially east of the Alleghenies, and likewise to many agricultural products.

High Prices for Products.

"This influence is a material factor in the present high prices of sheep, cattle, wool, grain and of the products of leather, steel, iron, copper, brass, lead and zinc or spelter. Much of the prosperity of the grain-raising sections is due to the fact that the farmer is selling freely because of remunerative figures for his product, and there seems to be no manner of doubt but that these prices will decline materially in case of peace. While there are many conjectures as to the consequent effect upon business of such a contingency, the general belief centers around the conviction that the war will last for some time, and that the part of wisdom is to make the most of the present situation, regrettable as it is, and not take undue thought of the morrow by attempting to forecast the likelihood of what will happen if peace is declared.

"Railroads report better business as a whole, and railroad shops are employing more and more men. Manufacturing has taken on new life through the whole country and in almost every branch. There is much consequent decrease in unemployment. Prices are being advanced everywhere by manufacturers in all lines and they are continually being flooded with orders."

U. S. CONSUL CAUGHT ON THE MEXICAN SIDE

Laredo, Texas, January 2.—Alonzo B. Garrett, United States consul in Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, and several other Americans were temporarily marooned on the Mexican side of the border tonight as a result of an order issued by the officials of Nuevo Laredo, closing the international bridge to traffic. Passengers who arrived from the interior of Mexico today also were prevented from crossing to Laredo.

This action is said to have been taken in retaliation for the closing of the bridge yesterday by Texas health officials to prevent the possible spread of typhus fever in Nuevo Laredo yesterday and today was materially decreased.

The Texas order expired at 6 o'clock tonight and it is believed that the Mexican authorities will shortly rescind their action.

INCREASED EARNINGS FOR THE PENNSYLVANIA

Philadelphia, Pa., January 2.—The earnings of the Pennsylvania railroad system continue to show a large increase. The November statement, made public tonight, shows the total operating revenue for the month on all its lines east and west to have been $35,092,170, an increase over November, 1914, of $7,760,102.

The total operating expenses were $25,511,258, an increase of $2,193,847, compared with November, 1914. The railway operating income was $9,580,911, an increase of $5,566,254.

The railway operating income for all lines east and west for eleven months of 1915 was $80,403,423, an increase of $17,075,594, compared with the first eleven months of 1914.

Pointed Paragraphs.

(From The Chicago News.)

Handsome is as handsome often doesn't.

TIDE OF PROSPERITY BRINGS IN NEW YEAR

Past Twelve Months Most Sensational, if Not Most Remarkable, in History of Financial Market.

New York, January 2.—The most sensational and spectacular, if not the most remarkable, year in the history of the financial markets of this country, came to an end on a rising tide of quoted values and a revival of activity on a broad and general scale. Trading received much of its impetus on the final day when news of the settlement of Washington's differences with Vienna over the Ancona incident engendered a feeling of optimism in all quarters.

Other favorable developments of the week included another budget of record-breaking railway statements for November; a further advance in copper metal to 23 cents for future delivery, continuance of high pressure operations in various lines of industry and business advices full of glowing promises.

The New Year opened in a most auspicious manner. Approximately $300,000,000 in interest and dividend payments will soon be released and much of this huge sum already has sought channels of reinvestment. Most lines of manufacture, quite apart from those engaged in the fulfillment of war contracts, are working to the limit of capacity, that capacity in numerous instances having been greatly increased during the year.

The steel trade has known no such prosperity in a decade. Unofficial estimates place the net earnings of the United States Steel corporation for the calendar year at not less than $125,000,000. This not only meets all requirements for preferred dividends, but leaves a substantial surplus applicable to the common stock.

Copper and allied metals are at highest prices in five to ten years and demand for these products is rising beyond all records. Bumper crops are largely harvested and are being marketed at almost unprecedented prices. Oils constitute another important item of the country's enormous wealth, with concurrent advances in the securities of the larger companies. Railroads are enlarging their demands for new equipment and international financing continues to engage the attention of the foremost financiers. The balance of trade is steadily mounting in favor of this country and new sources of foreign trade expansion are constantly being tapped.

Monetary conditions seldom have shown greater ease, thanks largely to the working of the new currency and banking laws and conservative interests are avoiding the pitfalls resulting from possible inflation.

MOSLEMS OF INDIA LOYAL TO BRITAIN

London, January 2.—Reuter's correspondent at Bombay, who reported yesterday that the Moslem League of India had suspended its sessions after noisy demonstrations, telegraphs today that the league made strong demands at its last meeting for the self-government of India under the British flag. It was held, however, that it was not imperative to make this change until after the war, when the whole form of government of the empire should be reconstructed.

Resolutions were adopted unanimously expressing loyalty to the crown and appreciation of the administration of Baron Hardinge, viceroy of India.

GREEK KING EXAMINED BY TEUTON SURGEONS

London, January 2.—A Reuter dispatch from Athens, filed Friday, says that Professor Friedrich Kraus, of Berlin, and Professor Eiselberg, of Vienna, who attended King Constantine during his illness last spring, have returned to Athens to examine the wound left by the operation, performed in June which has not healed. The wound is giving the king some trouble, although his general condition is good.

Professor Eiselberg performed the operation, removing part of the tenth rib. The king was suffering from pleurisy. A London dispatch of Friday said Professors Kraus and Eiselberg were expected to arrive at Athens from Kavala on a Greek destroyer to perform a slight operation on the king.

Washington, January 2.—Charge d'Affaires Vouros, of the Greek legation here, made public tonight a cable from Professors Kraus and Eiselberg on the condition of King Constantine. It says:

"We found his majesty's health excellent. The lungs and heart work well. The excrescence of the wound, resulting from the old operation, continues, but this is necessary for his majesty's entire recovery. This, anyhow, would not by any means influence his health nor hinder him from his work."

INCREASE IN INCOME FOR THE NEW HAVEN

New York, January 2.—The report of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad company and its subsidiaries for the five months ended November 30, 1915, made public today, shows the net corporate income of the parent company was $3,331,937.41, as against $1,178,388.19 for the corresponding five months of 1914. The net corporate income of the various subsidiary companies, including the Central New England Railway company and the New England Steamship company as $2,911,760, as against $1,761,833.

BODY OF GOV. HAMMOND IN STATE AT CAPITOL

St. Paul, January 2.—For twelve hours today the body of Governor Winfield Scott Hammond, who died last Thursday in Clinton, La., lay in state at the capitol here. While a military guard watched over the flower-laden casket a continuous stream of people passed before it, paying silent homage to the late executive.

Tomorrow morning the body will be taken aboard a train departing for St. James, Minn., where funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon under the direction of the Masonic order.

Negro Found Dead.

Zebulon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Nat Dix, a negro who lived here, aged about 50 or 60 years, was found dead near Williamson, in this county, with his head badly mangled, and a shotgun by his body. The killing occurred last night, but there is no clue.

Back Fire at the Instructor.

(From The Harvard Lampoon.)

The English assignment was: Write a short theme using ten words which you have never used before. This is what a freshman accomplished:

One of the idiosyncrasies of this typographical expedition is that the usually otoise teamster is compelled to mollify and transmogrify into useful forms by behemothian, in fact, almost sysiphean swink, the rife cestrus of his quadrupeds.

The instructor is now taking a course under Professor Kittredge in etymology.

Uncle Sam Is Now Supreme In Finance and Industry

The Country Passes From Rule of Debtor to That of Creditor Nation, Declares Bradstreet.

Optimism Is Universal, and the New Year Opens With Prospects Bright Beyond Precedent, Says Dun.

Bradstreet's report says:

While wholesale traders have experienced a comparatively quiet week, due to the taking of inventories, the seasonal pause is less marked than in other years, and in some instances orders continue to come out in a way that hampers stock-taking.

On the other hand, industry, too busy to take account of holidays, proceeds to higher ground, holiday trade at many points was of record proportions, orders already booked for spring delivery are heavy, stocks in the hands of final distributers are exceptionally low, and hopes of an early ending of the European wars having well-nigh vanished, the consensus of opinion is that goods will have to be bought here on an increased scale and at higher prices, not only by our own people but by foreign consumers as well. To the foregoing budget of favorable tidings must be added the fact that mail-order houses report record trade, that jobbers have received relatively large fillings-in orders since the period of the year that usually affords a respite from previous activities. Some traveling men, after a very short vacation, are out for new business, and more are to go forth next week.

Collections Good.

Collections are good, old debts continue to be liquidated, super-abundant supplies of money seem to be ready for internal developments, cereal prices are very high, order books of steel manufacturers are filled far ahead, although domestic business placed the current week was superficially light, and heavy pay rolls, with brisk employment, as well as increased dividends from profit-sharing investments, have greatly enhanced the purchasing power of the public.

Such was the situation at the end of the year 1915, a period that started with a becalmed appearance, but one in which movements gathered force, slowly at first, then smartly as its second half appeared, until, finally, the concluding quarter found most industries and economic energies within the circle of widespread activity. Obviously, it is too early to furnish conclusive statistical measures of the year's results, this exhibit being left for our next issue, but in passing it is apropos to say that export demand for foods and war supplies gave the original impulse to the spurt experienced in American industry, these having been supplemented, however, by the passing of the United States from the role of a debtor to a creditor nation, by the cumulative effects of two successive heavy crop yields which were sold at high prices, by the huge excess of exports over imports, by the fact that the United States, alone of all countries, was pre-eminently able to finance the monetary wants of needy Europe, and finally, by the eternal necessity of domestic consumers to divorce themselves from the long practiced policy of buying from hand to mouth.

BIG ORDERS FOR STEEL PLACED BY RAILROADS

Market Cheered by Lifting of Freight Embargo by Eastern Lines.

New York, January 2.—The most cheering development in the iron industry last week was the raising of the freight embargo by the Pennsylvania railroad and other eastern lines, permitting shipments through New York to domestic consumers. Otherwise the most interesting trade feature was the activity of the railroads in placing contracts for rails and bridges and the renewed negotiations for 45,000 cars.

The rail mills booked orders for 73,000 tons of standard sections, bringing the month's purchases to 430,000 tons and making the year's contracts 3,587,000 tons, the heaviest yearly tonnage sold since 1912. The largest orders last week were placed by the Southern railway (3,000 tons), Missouri, Kansas and Texas and the Texas and Pacific.

The car shops reported orders for 780 freight cars, but the Missouri, Kansas and Texas is understood to have closed for 2,000 freight cars and the Bessemer and Lake Erie is buying 2,000 ore cars.

Activity continued in fabricated structural steel. The shops reported contracts for 27,000 tons, of which 11,000 tons were for railroad bridges, including the largest weekly bridge contracts since October. The year's sales of all kinds of fabricated work were in excess of 1,400,000 tons, the largest tonnage booked since 1909.

Car builders placed orders for 40,000 tons of steel and shipyards contracted for 30,000 tons of plates and shapes for delivery over the third and fourth quarters of 1916. Buying of steel for war munitions was smaller during the week, but 300,000 tons were ordered during the month.

It is estimated that the unfilled orders on the books of the United States Steel corporation increased by 960,000 tons in December.

The railroad traffic situation covering shipments into New England is extremely unsatisfactory. The New Haven has restored embargoes on coke and iron and steel products going from the south and west consigned to New England points, and more manufacturers in Connecticut and Massachusetts are closing down for lack of raw materials. Six different plants are said to have closed down, and others will soon be idle.

The export situation is still deranged and the railroads promise small relief under a week or ten days.

DR. MATHESON ATTENDS PAN-AMERICAN MEETING

Washington, January 2.—(Special.)—William J. Harris, of Georgia, has been selected by the federal trade commission as their representative at the Pan-American congress, now in session here. The commission named a delegate at the request of Secretary of State Lansing.

Dr. K. G. Matheson, president of the Georgia School of Technology, is attending the sessions of the congress. The exchange of professors and of students is one of the plans being discussed by the conference to bring all American republics into closer unity. It may be looking a long way ahead, but Dr. Matheson is meeting these delegates, including the leading scientists and business men of Latin-America, with a view to getting students from their countries for Tech.

AGED CARDINAL GIBBONS HOLDS PUBLIC RECEPTION

Baltimore, Md., January 2.—Although in his 82d year, Cardinal Gibbons today preached the sermon at the high mass in the Cathedral and immediately afterward held a public reception at the archepiscopal residence. Hundreds of persons of all creeds paid their respects to the venerable prelate, each person being presented in turn and receiving a warm handclasp.

In his sermon the cardinal confined himself strictly to the subject, "The Universality of the Catholic Church."

Making mention of the Vatican council which defined the dogma of the infallibility of the pope, the cardinal adverted to the fact that he was the youngest bishop there and now was the only survivor.

The man who acts contrary to his wife's advice and falls down never hears the last of it.

BANK CLEARINGS IN UNITED STATES FOR THE PAST WEEK

Bank clearings in the United States for the past week, as reported to Bradstreet's Journal, New York, aggregate $4,115,857,000, against $4,547,065,000 the previous week and $3,356,294,000 in this week last year. Canadian clearings aggregate $187,276,000, as against $209,601,000 the previous week and $107,925,000 in this week last year.

Following are the returns for last week, with percentages of change as compared with this week last year:

CITIES.	December 30.	Inc.	Dec.
New York	$2,610,146,000	108.0	....
Chicago	308,404,000	25.2	....
Philadelphia	220,546,000	92.6	....
Boston	161,445,000	58.0	....
St. Louis	86,021,000	27.0	....
Kansas City	72,994,000	37.6	....
Pittsburg	54,799,000	38.8	....
San Francisco	46,826,000	17.7	....
Baltimore	40,038,000	18.7	....
Minneapolis	30,858,000	28.4	....
Detroit	28,198,000	62.1	....
Cincinnati	27,362,000	36.5	....
Cleveland	32,102,000	66.6	....
Los Angeles	18,055,000	52.3	....
New Orleans	19,456,000	....	2.7
Omaha	17,490,000	21.4	....
Milwaukee	14,335,000	17.1	....
ATLANTA	15,655,000	41.8	....
Louisville	14,008,000	49.3	....
Seattle	10,280,000	17.8	....
Buffalo	11,213,000	23.0	....
St. Paul	13,968,000	48.9	....
Portland, Ore.	9,400,000	14.6	....
Denver	9,289,000	28.6	....
Houston	8,680,000	24.1	....
Richmond	13,146,000	161.4	....
Indianapolis	8,256,000	27.4	....
Providence	8,205,000	35.4	....
Fort Worth	7,180,000	7.5	....
Washington, D. C.	7,485,000	31.0	....
Memphis	7,533,000	25.9	....
St. Joseph	8,312,000	1.9	....
Columbus	6,157,000	21.5	....
Nashville	6,061,000	53.8	....
Albany	*4,686,000	....	....
Salt Lake City	7,770,000	27.2	....
Toledo	6,115,000	28.2	....
Des Moines	4,873,000	10.5	....
Hartford	6,810,000	68.9	....
Duluth	7,347,000	116.4	....
Rochester	4,099,000	39.7	....
Savannah	4,023,000	23.4	....
Norfolk	4,260,000	31.4	....
Spokane	3,385,000	15.9	....
Wichita	3,534,000	15.6	....
Macon	3,347,000	31.4	....
Oakland	2,929,000	1.7	....
Scranton	*2,133,000	....	....
Peoria	2,974,000	23.8	....
New Haven	3,351,000	39.2	....
Sioux City	3,315,000	37.0	....
Grand Rapids	2,997,000	22.0	....
Syracuse	2,439,000	1.0	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	2,848,000	13.8	....
Birmingham	3,008,000	5.8	....
Austin	*2,350,000	....	....
Springfield, Mass.	2,665,000	40.8	....
Worcester	2,603,000	34.2	....
Chattanooga	2,106,000	22.7	....
Oklahoma	2,730,000	21.7	....
Dayton	2,137,000	35.6	....
Little Rock	2,170,000	33.6	....
Tacoma	1,650,000	12.4	....
Lincoln	2,024,000	24.0	....
Wheeling	2,030,000	38.4	....
Sacramento	1,650,000	25.6	....
San Diego	1,748,000	32.4	....
Portland, Me.	1,761,000	32.1	....
Reading	*2,192,000	....	....
Wilmington, Del.	2,359,000	69.7	....
Knoxville	1,448,000	24.0	....
Charleston, S. C.	1,717,000	20.5	....
Trenton	1,752,000	35.7	....
Cedar Rapids	1,261,000	7.4	....
Augusta, Ga.	1,671,000	14.0	....
Akron	2,202,000	88.7	....
Wilkes-Barre	1,462,000	....	2.7
Lancaster	1,117,000	10.4	....
Topeka	1,738,000	28.4	....
Harrisburg	1,442,000	4.5	....
Canton	1,972,000	52.8	....
Tulsa	2,138,000	125.4	....
Youngstown	1,567,000	76.0	....
Davenport	1,374,000	75.4	....
Waterloo	1,601,000	63.0	....
Fort Wayne	1,510,000	6.7	....
Evansville	1,444,000	105.7	....
Mobile	822,000	2.4	....
Fall River	1,254,000	57.6	....
Helena	1,400,000	30.8	....
Fargo	1,073,000	62.8	....
Springfield, Ill.	1,034,000	15.4	....
New Bedford	1,051,000	42.4	....
Erie	*1,261,000	....	....
Sioux Falls	1,348,000	48.7	....
Galveston	8,761,000	7.5	....
Total, U. S.	$4,115,857,000	78.2	....
Total outside N. Y.	1,505,710,000	39.7	....

*Previous week's.

OGALLALA FIRE DYING FROM SELF-GIVEN WOUND

Chicago, January 2.—Ogallala Fire, a Sioux chief, 90 years old, is in a hospital here expected to die from a self-inflicted wound. He was a survivor of the battle of the Little Big Horn, where General Custer lost his life.

The wife of Little Bear, in whose house Ogallala Fire lived, found the aged chief this morning with his throat slashed with a razor. She said he told her he was tired of living. Mrs. Little Bear said he had been despondent for some time because of failing health, which had changed him from a fine specimen of manhood to a bent and emaciated old man.

Ogallala Fire had had five wives, but no children.

DEMAND FOR SPOTS ADVANCED COTTON

The Market Closed 22 to 30 Points Above the Previous Close — January Tenders Were Easily Absorbed.

New Orleans, January 2.—A better feeling concerning the spot situation was considered the chief influence for the advance in the local cotton market last week. The highest prices were made on the week-end, and the market closed 22 to 30 points above the previous week's close.

January tenders were larger than expected, but were so easily absorbed that bullish sentiment was stimulated and the effect was a larger demand for spots. Spot holders generally were reported asking higher prices proportionately than could be obtained in the future markets. It was estimated that the tenders of the week amounted to about 25,000 bales, and a large part of them was absorbed by Texas spot interests.

Accounts of a large business among both English and American cotton mills were a steadying influence, backed up by the raise in wages among 75,000 mill operatives in this country.

Against the market was the continued small export movement and the piling up of stocks at all important points.

The trade generally looks for important developments in the spot situation the coming week. The bulls look for the inquiry to increase and for values to lift. They expect the shortness of the crop to be revealed in the paucity of offerings under the demand and point to the operations of Texas spot houses in this territory as proof that the Texas and Oklahoma crops already are becoming exhausted. On the other hand, the bears expect any advance to bring forth an avalanche of offerings from the interior, while they continue to believe that the lack of ocean tonnage will prevent any advance of importance.

A feature of interest will be the forecasts of ginning returns in the next report by the census bureau. The report will carry the crop down to December 31, and will be issued January 10. Important private estimates of the output of the gins probably will be made by the middle of the week. Should the figures look large, the bears will claim the crop officially has been underestimated.

DISCOURSE ON UNITY FOR PAN-AMERICANS

Washington, January 2.—Visiting members of the Pan-American Scientific congress, with their wives and daughters, and the Latin-American diplomatic corps listened to a sermon on the unity of thought and interests in Pan-America today at St. Patrick's church by Rev. Charles Warren Currier, former bishop of Matanzas, Cuba. Rev. James Smythe celebrated a special Pan-American mass with Monsignor Russel and Fathers McQuigan, McNamara and Egan.

Father Currier characterized war "at its best as the worst of evils." He expressed his approval of a policy of preparedness, however saying, "I know that there are cases in which war is morally unavoidable and that the necessity of preparing for war in time of peace may be regarded as axiomatic."

Father Currier pictured the horrors of war and offered as a contrast the conditions in the Americas that made possible the discussion of scientific subjects at a time when Europe is suffering from her great conflict.

Dr. Charles Wood, pastor of the Church of the Covenant, which Secretary Lansing attends, made reference in his sermon at the same hour to Pan-Americanism, speaking of the growing spirit of fraternity as evidenced by the sessions here of the congress.

Today the visitors were taken on an automobile tour of Washington's parks and suburbs. No sessions of the congress were held today.

Some men are such tightwads that they won't even lend trouble without good security.

COST OF LOCAL WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

1 Insertion 10c a line
3 Insertions 6c a line
7 Insertions 5c a line

1c per word flat for classified advertising from outside of Atlanta.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

If you can't bring or send your Want Ad, phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad. to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Other want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon publication, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day printed.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

LOST and FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found, often they are stolen with no chance of recovery, but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

FORD CAR STOLEN $25 REWARD

FIVE-PASSENGER FORD, 1915 model, 1915 license No. 5424, expires No. 6462121. Equipped with Fisk tires, glass cut right lamp; speedometer cable broken; new coil box and right front fender. Notify Burdett Realty Company, 116 Candler Bldg.

LOST—In or between Forsyth theater and Majestic hotel on Thursday night, platinum gold bracelet, three sections of which contained sapphires. Liberal reward. Call 403, Majestic Hotel.

STOLEN—Blue chinchilla overcoat, belted back, long, bought at Muse; $5 reward for overcoat, $10 for coat and evidence to convict party taking. J-67, care Constitution.

LOST—Silver vanity box and chain, engraved "Gene, 1915," at Strand Theater or Cox's drug store, Thursday evening. Return 26 Whitehall; get reward.

LOST OR STRAYED—Bull dog, Boston terrier; weight about 20 pounds; dark brindle and straight tail. Answers to name of "Spike." Phone Ivy 3235-J.

LOST—In the city, pocketbook containing about $20; also Odd Fellows' receipt to A. L. Smith, Winder, Ga. Call Main 4336-L.

LOST—Saturday between the Silver building and 254 S. Pryor, friendship bracelet, 13 links, sterling dipped in gold. Call M. 397-L.

STRAYED—Milch cow, black with crumpled horns, medium size. 197 Simpson street, or call Main 2462-J; reward.

LADIES' gold watch, Elgin movement, boys' picture in front. "Jess" on fob, in J. P. Allen's, Atlanta, 1227; reward.

PERSONAL

HAVE you indigestion? We will cure it permanently or refund every cent paid and will return 10 per cent over amount paid as well. A post card to Lock Box 281, Atlanta, Ga. We will call. Best of references.

PERSONAL

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private refined, home-like; limited number of patients cared for. Homes provided for infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 76 Windsor street.

GAME hunters take notice! Taxidermy work of all kinds done; satisfaction guaranteed. Prices right. F. P. Cockburn, 207 Bells ave., Atlanta.

MME. VALAIRE WORLD'S greatest medium, can be consulted on all affairs of life. Hours 9-9. 114½ Whitehall. Main 3868.

IT PAYS to learn dressmaking and ladies' tailoring. Make your clothes while learning. New Era School, 20-B Carnegie Way.

WE make switches from combings for $1. Gallaher Hair Dressing Parlors, 107½ Peachtree street.

HAIRWORK of all kinds made. Mrs. S. Chevalier, 240 Luckie St. Main 4815-J.

FREE scholarship; particulars 2c. Sculpture modeling. Com'l Art School, Atlanta, Ga.

MAIN SPRINGS, 35c to advertise. McDuffie, 159 Peachtree. Cash for old gold.

HELP WANTED

HELP WANTED—Male

STORES AND OFFICES.

WANTED—A large manufacturer of Atlanta, wants sales manager for feed department. Must have had experience in selling cattle feed and must also be able to handle sales force, advertising, etc. Good position for the right man. Must be in position to take charge at once. Give references and state experience. Address P. O. Box 1555, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED BOOKKEEPER—Bright young man, must be over 21 and employed. Good position for the man who is ambitious and knows bookkeeping. Give name of present employer, reference, etc. All replies treated strictly confidential. Address J-66, Constitution.

PROFESSIONS AND TRADES.

YES—If you have two hands, Prof. G. O. Branning will teach you the barber trade for $25, and give wages while learning; paying position in our chain of shops. Atlanta Barber College, 10 East Mitchell st.

WANTED—All-round job printer. State age and experience. No boozer. Non-union. Address J-62, Constitution.

WANTED—First-class machinist; good pay. Phone Ivy 4911.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS.

TRAVELING SALESMEN.

WE REQUIRE IN SOUTHERN TERRITORY TWO A-1 ALUMINUM WARE SALESMEN, THE NEWEST AND BIGGEST SPECIALTY LINE IN THE UNITED STATES. WE TRAVEL LARGE TOWNS AND CITIES. EARNING POSSIBILITIES VERY GREAT FOR STRONG SALESMEN. APPLICANTS MUST BE MORE THAN 21 YEARS OF AGE AND HAVE SUCCESSFUL RECORD AS SALESMEN. THIS IS A STRAIGHT TRAVELING PROPOSITION; NO CANVASSING; EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY; TRAVELING EXPENSES ADVANCED; REFERENCES REQUIRED AND PERSONAL INTERVIEW. E. F. WHITE, 207 FORSYTH BLDG., ATLANTA.

I WANT a man capable of producing a good personal business and handling agents as district sales manager. Must be well acquainted with Atlanta. This is really a great opportunity for the right man. Apply to W. F. Dreger, Sales Manager, 520 Candler building.

MEN—We need several men and can sell the consumer; men who can make good can later become wagon salesmen or branch managers anywhere from coast to coast; references required; salary and commission. Jewel Tea Company, No. 125 Auburn Ave.

AGENTS.

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON DEAD

TWO memorial editions of his life; one written by Dr. Washington himself, price $1.25; one by Frederick E. Drinker, price $1. Each a complete story of his life. Our books contain a complete report of his sickness, death, funeral and memorial exercises held at Tuskegee Sunday, December 19. We are in center of south. Can get books to you instantly by express prepaid. Credit given. Beautiful outfits that get the business. Agents wanted. Order outfit of your choice; each 15 cents or both for 30 cents. R. L. Phillips Publishing Co., Atlanta, Ga.

AGENT wanted in each county for 15 high-grade new specialties needed in every home; also high-class specialty salesman for new helps for merchants; big commission. Huse Co., 530 Temple Court bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Magazine subscription agents everywhere in town and country; very live proposition. O. J. Espy & Co., Summerville, Georgia.

AGENTS—Sell Booker T. Washington book. Memorial editing. Price $1. Your profit 50c. Send 10c for outfit. H. J. Brodrick, 4113 Fillmore street, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Agents. A new discovery. It is in big demand. J. W. Lucus, Cusseta, Alabama.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STUDY LAW AT HOME. UNIVERSITY EXTENSION METHOD. THE DEGREE LL.B. CONFERRED.

To secure the co-operation of a few local students and to directly advertise its extension law department, a well-known university will place a limited number of complimentary $100 tuition credits in this state. Applicants must be of age; references required. Apply Mr. Lively, Ansley Hotel.

WE want men at once to learn the barber trade. We can teach you this trade in a few weeks' time. Wages while learning, tools furnished. Located at 13 N. Forsyth street; best location in city. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE.

PRESSMAN for lithography offset press wanted. Give experience and salary desired, class of work handled. Open shop. Knoxville Lithographing Company, Knoxville, Tenn.

WANTED—Young man, single, of good personality, to represent a well-known corset line in southern states. Address Box F-585, care Constitution.

ON and after January 1 we guarantee to secure positions in 60 days or return money. For position see us. American Employment Agency, 614 Healey bldg. I. 7141.

WANTED—Man with horse and rig to carry newspaper route. A hustler can make good money. Apply City Circulation Department, Constitution.

WANTED—Men to try examinations for government jobs, $70 month. Common education sufficient. Apply immediately. Box F-573, Constitution.

ATLANTA railway mail clerk examinations coming; $76 month. Sample questions free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Dept. 53-K, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUNG MEN for locomotive firemen; experience unnecessary. Give age. Box F-524, care Constitution.

WANTED—White office boy about 17 years old to answer phone and run errands. Apply 47 E. Hunter st.

FIRST-CLASS machinists, who are accustomed to fine, accurate work. Apply Riddell Bros., 16 East Mitchell street.

WANTED—35 boys, with or without wheels. Apply 41 Spring.

HELP WANTED—Female

DOMESTIC.

WANTED—A good cook. Apply between 9 and 10 a. m., corner North avenue and Benaventure.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ATLANTA women government clerk examinations coming, $70 month; sample questions free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Dept. 656-K, Rochester, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted by government, $70 month. Atlanta examinations coming. Sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 854-K, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Six young ladies between 18 and 25 years old to take up comptometer work. Positions are high-grade and work is very agreeable. Wages good. Call at 315 Empire bldg.

WANTED—At once, two cooks, one maid, two house girls, one office girl (colored). Apply 154½ Auburn avenue.

GIRL 17 to learn die stamping. Apply Mr. Self, stationery department, 7:30 a. m. Byrd Printing Company.

EXPERIENCED operators and finishers on skirts; no others need apply. Scherr Manufacturing Co., 136 Marietta street.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

WANTED—A canvasser to sell talking machines in Atlanta; state salary expected and experience. Add. P. O. Box 299, Atlanta.

WHEN in need of any kind of reliable colored help, apply Missionary Workers' Employment Agency, 158½ Auburn. Ivy 4627-L.

FOR POSITIONS as stenographer or bookkeeping register with Miss Hitt, 613 Grant building. Phone—Ivy 6432.

WANTED—Teachers

ACME Teachers' Agency. Best service, most liberal terms; free to school board. 1338 Healey building, Atlanta, Ga. Ivy 3388.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

FOR SALE—New piano taken for debt; never used and have no use for it. Will sell for below regular price to get rid of it. Genuine bargain. Address G. D. J., care Constitution.

MUSIC AND DANCING

DANCING—Private and class lessons. Lane's, 317½ Peachtree st. Ivy 3368.

EDUCATIONAL

LEARN the system of penmanship officially adopted and taught by the city of Atlanta. Investigate our $25 scholarships. Easy payments. Simpkin Shorthand School, 61 East Mitchell street, Atlanta.

SPANISH—Wanted students for private lessons in Spanish; can teach the best methods; rates reasonable. For particulars write D. R. Tourial, the Werner Apts.

SITUATION WANTED

SITUATION WANTED—Male

AN ANSWER TO YOUR AD OR several of them may be sent in as late as a week after your ad last appeared in The Constitution. Such responses are the result of several forms of special service which The Constitution is rendering in behalf of Situation Wanted advertisers. So, if you want a wider range of choice before accepting a position, hold your box number card and call at or phone to The Constitution frequently for at least a week.

SPECIAL rates for Situation Wanted ads: Three lines one time, 10 cents; three times, 15 cents. To get these rates, ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution office.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly familiar with corporate accounting and finance. Present contract expires in February. Could arrange to begin at once. Good references. Long experience. Manufacturing or wholesale business preferred. Address J-61, care Constitution.

IF you want experience, ability, reliability and satisfaction in an employee give me that vacancy. Anything in office work from stenography up. Ten years on road selling and collecting. Age 34. Married. Best bank and other references. Address J-5, Constitution.

WANTED—By married man of 31 position in country store or as farm superintendent. Experienced in operating and keeping up farm machinery; ten years' experience as bookkeeper and office manager in city, but prefer place in country. Address J-43, Constitution.

WANTED—By young man, 18, position in general merchandise or dry goods store; eight years' experience. Reference from last employer. Address P. O. Box 94, Beachton, Ga.

MECHANICAL engineer, technical graduate, with 12 years' varied engineering experience, wishes a position in the south in an executive, technical or sales capacity. Address Box F-586, care Constitution.

DRUGGIST—Has position now, but wishes a change at once; four years' experience; good references; college graduate. Don't hand me work. Address Druggist, 125 Holderness street, Atlanta.

POSITION by young man, at present employed as assistant cashier of bank, but desires change with chance of promotion. References. Young, care Constitution.

MAN with family wants two-horse farm on shares or would consider wages; can give best reference. Address W. M. P., Chamblee, Ga., R. No. 1, care Meadow Land Farm.

YOUNG MAN taking business course wants position at night where can help pay way through. Address J-64, Constitution.

ASSISTANT bookkeeper and general office work; can furnish best of references. Address J-58, care Constitution.

EXPERIENCED combination bookkeeper and shorthand man is open for position; good record. Address J-45, care Constitution.

Get Out of the Rut

IF YOU DON'T LIKE YOUR WORK YOU WILL NEVER MAKE A SUCCESS OF IT. TRY A SITUATION WANTED AD AND GET WORK YOU LIKE IF YOU CAN'T FIND ONE YOU WANT ON THIS PAGE.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY—On Personal Property

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS
$25 to $300
AT SPECIAL LOW RATES ON FURNITURE

PIANOS, ETC., without removal. Payments to suit your own convenience. Other companies paid off, and more money advanced at cheaper rates.

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

Private offices. When in need you will make a saving by getting my terms first. Call, write or phone

CHARLES B. ROSS
Room 512, Empire Life Bldg.
84 PEACHTREE ST.
Bell Phone—Ivy 9347; Atlanta Phone 1775.
OPEN TUESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS UNTIL 10 P. M.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments; confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

MONEY—On Real Estate

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE CO. is now making loans on high-class improved Atlanta property at 5, 5½ and 6 per cent. Prompt and courteous attention.
CHAS. H. BLACK,
Loan Agent,
210-11 Empire Building.
Phone Ivy 111.

Edward C. Peters, Pres.
Jas. W. English, V. P. John K. Ottley, Treas.
ATLANTA SAVINGS BANK
DEALER IN MORTGAGES.
LOANS made on improved Atlanta real estate straight 3 to 5 years; also monthly plan. Purchase money notes bought. Loan agents State Mutual Life Assurance Co., Worcester, Mass. George L. Word, Special Agent, Real Estate Loan Department, 205 4th Nat'l Bank Bldg.

5% HIGH-CLASS BUSI-LOANS. 6% HIGH-CLASS RESIDENCE LOANS.
W. B. SMITH
718 Fourth National

MONEY TO LOAN.
PLENTY of money to lend on Atlanta and nearby improved property, 5½ to 8 per cent, straight; also monthly plan, at 6 per cent on five years' time, payable $21.64 per month on the thousand, which includes interest; will also lend smaller amounts. Purchase money notes wanted. FOSTER & ROBSON, 11 Edgewood avenue.

$20,000 AT 7%

WE have a client with the above amount to be placed in first mortgage real estate loans. Bring us your applications.
FULTON INVESTMENT COMPANY,
Green, Tilson and McKinney, Attorneys.
1701-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9 Hurt Bldg.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS
TO LEND on Atlanta homes or business property, at lowest rates. Money advanced to builders. Write or call
S. W. CARSON
413-414 Empire Bldg.
Broad and Marietta Sts.

FIRST-CLASS applications for city and farm loans wanted by W. B. Smith, 718 Fourth National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 16.

FOR SALE—MORTGAGE LOANS

FOR SALE—Purchase money notes and mortgage loans on Atlanta real estate on a 7 per cent and 8 per cent basis. The Merchants and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company, 209 Grant Bldg. Ivy 5341.

Cliff C. Hatcher Ins. Agency
LOAN AGENTS.
TRAVELERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, INVESTORS' SAVINGS COMPANY.
City Real Estate Loans.
Purchase Money Notes Bought.
SEE REX B. MOONEY,
321 GRANT BLDG. BOTH PHONES.

$25,000 TO LEND on Atlanta real estate. Reasonable rates. Phone or write,
OTIS & HOLLIDAY
Peters Bldg. Phone M. 175.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE FOLLOWING SUMS: $1,000, $1,500, TO LOAN ON IMPROVED ATLANTA REAL ESTATE. CAMERON MORTGAGE-LOAN COMPANY, PHONE MAIN 921 OR IVY 3422. 502-3 THIRD NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

AGENTS MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
ANY AMOUNT, $100 TO $5,000, LOT OR HOME. WE HAVE MONEY IN BANK TO MAKE YOUR LOAN PROMPTLY. T. J. BETTES & CO., 801 EMPIRE BLDG. IVY 7371. ATLANTA 1983.

$10,000 or parts thereof, on Atlanta property. Quick action. Otis & Holiday, Peters building.

$1,000, $1,500, $2,500 for first mortgages on improved property in Atlanta. W. O. Alston, 1203 Third National Bank bldg.

MORTGAGE LOANS made on property in and near Atlanta at current rates of interest, reasonable expense and prompt attention. See us before borrowing. Purchase money notes bought and sold. TURMAN & CALHOUN, Empire Bldg.

LOAN-BOND CO.
REAL ESTATE LOANS.
1616 Healey Bldg. Ivy 7638.
J. Lewis McKoin.

MONROE & BEERMANN
LOANS AND REAL ESTATE.
1002 Hurt Bldg.
WALTER L. BEERMANN, MGR.

WE represent unlimited local money for loans on suburban homes and semi-central property at current rates. Exclusive attention; no delay. L. H. Zurline & Co., 501-502 Silvey bldg. Phone Main 624.

LOCAL FUNDS, cash quick; loans from $1,000 to $5,000. Choice loans on stores, dwellings and apts., $5,000 to $30,000. Lowest current rate. Dunson & Gay, 409 Equitable. Ivy 5678.

MONEY TO LOAN on city property. W. O. Alston, 1203 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate. C. C. McGehee, Jr., 622 to 624 Empire Bldg.

WANTED—Money

WANTED, MONEY—Splendid demand for local money on improved Atlanta and suburban real estate at 7 and 8 per cent. Security two or more times value of loan. If you have money to loan, see us. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood avenue.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

LOOK DON'T read this unless you are looking for a party to buy your purchase money notes, make your loans at the lowest rates or sell your property. Now is the time. 508 Silvey bldg. is the place. See R. A. Shope, Main 631.

WANTED—To buy good second mortgage monthly notes at reasonable discount. L. H. Zurline & Co., 501-2 Silvey Bldg. Phone Main 624.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

1914 Touring electric, starter and lights $400
1914 Touring electric, starter and lights $500
1914 Roadster, electric starter and lights $475
1913 Overland touring, electric lights, only $375
1913 Overland touring, Prest-O-Lite, only $350
1913 Overland touring, Prest-O-Lite, only $300
1912 Overland roadster, Prest-O-Lite, only $150
1912 Overland delivery, good condition $400

OVERLAND-SOUTHERN AUTO CO.
232 PEACHTREE

WELL, THE NEW YEAR IS HERE AND WE HAVE A FEW LEFT

AND those few will be sold at exceedingly low prices. Just think of buying an Oakland 40-horse power touring car that cost $1,650, for $500
One Hupp "32," at 375
One 7-passenger Hudson, Big Six, completely gone over, repainted, with new top and new seat covers 900
And a few used Cadillacs that are in the very best of condition and repainted, at figures that will astonish you.
If you are thinking of buying a used car in the near future don't fail to look these over carefully, as there are some of the best offerings we have ever had.
Call or write
THE ATLANTA CADILLAC COMPANY
228-30 Peachtree St.
Phone, Ivy 2233. Atlanta, Ga.

FORD CARS ON TERMS
DAVID T. BUSSEY
With
JOHN M. SMITH CO.
122 Auburn Avenue. Ivy 1316.

BUICK ROADSTER, in splendid mechanical condition and looks well; big value at $175 cash. Phone Owner, Main 493, or L. 752.

WANTED.
WANTED—A Ford touring car. Must be cheap for cash. See Mr. Williams, 380 Peachtree street.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES.

JOHN M. SMITH
Automobile Coach Work
CARS REPAINTED.
Tops re-covered and repaired; wheels, springs and axles repaired.
Bodies built to order or repaired.
120-122-124 AUBURN AVE.

AUTOGENOUS WELDING
BY A NEW AND INGENIOUS METHOD WE CAN REPAIR ANY BROKEN PIECE OF METAL SO THAT IT WILL BE AS GOOD AS NEW. TWO SHOPS IN ATLANTA. TELEPHONE CONNECTIONS. BIRD-WILCOX CO., INC., 182 COURTLAND ST., 24 HARWELL PLACE.

RUSSELL & ANDERSON, state distributers for Bales puncture plugger and the Racine Horseshoe tires, located at 22 Porter place, between Peachtree and West Peachtree streets. Call and have your tires treated and eliminate time and the expense of punctures.

Overbeck Magneto Exchange
53 NORTH PRYOR ST. Ivy 8451. General magneto repairing. We buy and sell new and used magnetos.

AUTOMOBILE repairing, rebuilding, high-class painting; all work at reasonable cost and warranted satisfaction. Barber Motor Company, 287 Edgewood Ave. I. 1500.

Autogenous and Forge Welding.
SPRINGS REPLACED AND GUARANTEED. B. B. RICH, 371 EDGEWOOD AVE. IVY 5947.

PLATING AND REPAIRING
RADIATORS, lamps, brass beds, silverware. Simmons Plating Wks., 125 S. Pryor. M. 1147.

UNITED RADIATOR CO.
76 IVY ST., Atlanta. Ivy 6060-J. Radiator Work. Guaranteed. Prices Suprisingly Low.

TRAVIS & JONES
AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING. 69 Cone street, third floor. Ivy 4832.

MOTORCYCLES—BICYCLES

USED motorcycles, all makes, $35 and up. Retail department. Harley-Davidson Motor Company, Atlanta, Ga. 224 Peachtree St.

MEDICAL

MEN'S DISEASES CURED
AMERICAN - EUROPEAN SPECIALIST; FINEST EQUIPMENT IN SOUTH; 20 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; LATEST TREATMENT GIVEN; PRICES REASONABLE; TERMS TO SUIT YOUR CONVENIENCE.

WOMEN'S DISEASES
CURED WITHOUT OPERATION.
CONSULTATION FREE.
OFFICES 205-6-7 M'KENZIE BUILDING, OPPOSITE CANDLER BUILDING. DR. HOLBROOK, SPECIALIST.

DISEASES OF MEN
CURED. 22 years' experience; latest treatment given; prices reasonable; consultation free. 31 Inman building. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.; Sundays, 10 to 12 a. m. Phone, Main 5043.
DR. BOWEN, Specialist,
22½ SOUTH BROAD ST.

ARE YOU
CONSTIPATED?
Our Remedy Never Fails.
TEHUANTEPEC REMEDY CO.
244 Bellwood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.

CATARRH OF HEAD
STOMACH, bladder or other organs entirely cured. Write one who had it. Box 730, care Constitution.

MRS. DR. E. W. SMITH, 516 W. Peachtree St. Ivy 469. Diseases of women and children. Electric treatment in chronic diseases.

DRESSMAKING—SEWING

EXPERT DRESSMAKING—Fancy dresses, street dresses and evening dresses made very reasonable. Give us a trial. 40½ Whitehall. Main 3040.

DRESSMAKING, coat suits and alterations. Mrs. G. R. McCown. Ivy 935-J. 334 Highland ave.

FANCY dressmaking and tailoring. Evening dresses a specialty. Prices reasonable. All work guaranteed. Room 25, Aragon Hotel.

WORK guaranteed; plain and fancy dressmaking; very reasonable. 286 Peachtree. Ivy 6699-J.

46 CURRIER—Expert dressmaking; trial will bring you back. Reasonable. Ivy 5553.

SEWING FOR CHILDREN. 54 EAST ALEXANDER STREET.

DRESSMAKING and fancy sewing a specialty; reasonable. 153 Wash'ton. M. 1636.

FIRST-CLASS plain and fancy dressmaking; reasonable. 121 Mills st.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

The arrival and departure of passenger trains, Atlanta.
The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed.

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.
Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Effective May 30.	Arrive.	Leave.
Brunswick, Waycross and Thomasville	6:10 am	7:30 p
Brunswick, Waycross and Thomasville	7:10 pm	10:[illegible] pm

Sleeping cars on night trains between Atlanta and Thomasville.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
42 West Pt.	8:15 am	35 New Or.	6:25 am
18 Colum's.	10:55 am	19 Columbus	6:45 am
38 New Or.	11:50 am	33 Montg'y.	9:10 am
40 New Or.	2:15 pm	39 New Or.	2:00 pm
34 Montg'y.	7:10 pm	17 Columbus	4:05 pm
20 Colum's.	7:45 pm	37 New Or.	5:20 pm
36 New Or.	11:35 pm	41 West Pt.	5:45 pm

Central of Georgia Railway.
"The Right Way."

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Savannah	6:25 am	Savannah	8:00 am
Thomasville	6:25 am	Albany	8:00 am
Albany	6:25 am	Macon	12:30 pm
Macon	6:25 am	Macon	4:00 pm
Jacksonville	6:53 am	Jacksonville	8:40 pm
Jacksonville	7:40 am	Valdosta	8:40 pm
Macon	10:50 am	Savannah	8:20 pm
Savannah	4:20 pm	Jacksonv'e	10:15 pm
Macon	7:00 pm	Thomasv'e	11:59 pm
Albany	7:55 pm	Albany	11:59 pm

City Ticket Office, Fourth National Bank building, Peachtree and Marietta streets. Telephone—Main 490.

Southern Railway.
Premier Carrier of the South.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
22 Jackson'e	5:55 am	36 N. Y.	12:01 am
35 New York	6:05 am	30 Colum's.	6:15 am
1 Jackson'e.	6:10 am	1 Chicago	6:20 am
13 Shrevep't	6:20 am	23 Kan. City	6:25 am
17 Toccoa	8:10 am	12 Richm'd.	6:55 am
26 Heflin	8:20 am	7 Chatta'a.	7:10 am
8 Chatta'a	10:35 am	22 Ft. Val'y	7:15 am
27 Ft. Val'y	10:45 am	16 Brunsw'k.	7:45 am
7 Macon	10:45 am	6 Jackso'e	11:30 am
31 Colum's.	10:55 am	38 N. Y.	12:05 pm
40 Memphis	11:15 am	40 Charl'e.	12:15 pm
6 Cincin'i.	11:30 am	39 Birm'm.	12:25 pm
29 N. Y.	12:10 pm	30 N. Y.	2:25 pm
30 Birm'm.	2:10 pm	15 Chattan'a	3:00 pm
39 Charle'e.	4:20 pm	15 Toccoa.	4:45 pm
5 Jackson'e	4:40 pm	5 Cincin'i.	4:50 pm
37 N. Y.	5:00 pm	22 Colum's.	5:10 pm
15 Bruns'k.	7:00 pm	39 Memphis.	5:15 pm
11 Richm'd.	8:00 pm	28 Ft. Val'y.	5:20 pm
31 Ft. Val'y.	8:00 pm	10 Macon	5:30 pm
13 Jackson'e	8:10 pm	25 Heflin	5:45 pm
16 Chatta'a.	9:15 pm	12 Cincin'i.	8:20 pm
2 Chicago	9:45 pm	2 Jackso'e.	9:55 pm
24 Kan. City	9:55 pm	24 Jackso'e.	10:05 pm
19 Colum's.	10:35 pm	14 Jackso'e.	11:15 pm
14 Cincin'i.	11:05 pm	11 Shrevep't	11:20 pm

All Trains Run Daily, Central Time.
City Ticket Office, No. 74 Peachtree St.

Union Passenger Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.
Georgia Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
2 Charle'n	6:10 am	2 Aug. and East	6:00 am
3 Wilmi'n.	6:10 am	6 Augus'a	12:10 pm
11 Buckh'd	7:40 am	3 Augusta	3:30 pm
†13 Buckh'd	9:35 am	12 Buckh'd	6:10 pm
1 Augusta.	1:15 pm	†14 Buckh'd	5:00 pm
5 Augusta	4:35 pm	4 Charl'n.	8:35 pm
7 New York and Aug.	8:20 pm	4 Wilmin'n	8:35 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective Nov. 21—	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville, Chicago and Northwest	4:45 pm	11:40 am
Cincinnati and Louisville	7:18 am	10:05 pm
Knoxville via Blue Ridge	7:25 am	5:00 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville	7:18 am	10:05 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville	4:45 pm	11:40 am
Blue Ridge accommodation	3:40 pm	10:30 am

The 10:05 p. m. train will arrive Terminal Station.

Seaboard Air Line Railway.
Effective January 2, 1916.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
11 N. Y.	7:00 am	11 Birm'm.	6:30 am
11 Norfolk	7:00 am	30 Monroe	7:00 am
11 Washin'n	7:00 am	6 N. Y.	3:00 pm
11 Portsm'h	7:00 am	6 Wash'n	3:00 pm
17 Abbe, S.C.	8:50 am	6 Norfolk	3:00 pm
6 Birm'm	2:50 pm	6 Ports'h	3:00 pm
22 Memphis	12:10 pm	6 Richm'd	3:00 pm
23 Birm'm	12:10 pm	23 Birm'm	3:45 pm
5 N. Y.	5:00 pm	5 Birm'm	5:20 pm
5 Washin'n	5:00 pm	5 Memphis	5:20 pm
5 Norfolk	5:00 pm	18 Abbe, S.C.	4:00 pm
5 Portsm'h	5:00 pm	12 N. Y.	8:30 pm
12 Birm'm	9:00 pm	12 Norfolk	8:30 pm
29 Monroe	8:00 pm	12 Portsm'h	8:30 pm

City Ticket Office, 88 Peachtree St.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
3 Nashville	7:10 am	94 Chicago	8:15 am
73 Rome	10:25 am	2 Nashville	8:20 am
93 Memphis	11:55 am	92 Memphis	4:55 pm
1 Nashville	6:35 pm	72 Rome	5:15 pm
96 Chicago	8:20 pm	4 Nashville	8:50 pm

No. 95—Dixie Flyer, arrives Terminal Station.

TAXICABS

TAXICABS
OPEN AND CLOSED CARS.
BELLE ISLE
No. 4 LUCKIE. IVY 5190-166.

TAXICABS
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
ATL. 3660—8 LUCKIE—I. 322

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr., Hugh M. Dorsey, Arthur Heyman.
Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman.
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices—202, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 210 Kiser Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone, 3023, 3024 and 2025, Atlanta, Ga.

BUSINESS CARDS

HATTERS.
HATS OF ALL KINDS cleaned and reshaped into latest styles at 17½ Walton St. C. Christensen. Ivy 8527-J.

MINUTE MESSENGER.
MILLER'S ALWAYS on the minute. Phones 38 or Main 97.

NEW RUBBER TIRES.
PUT on your baby's carriage; repaired, repainted and re-covered. Robert Mitchell, 227-29 Edgewood avenue. Ivy 3076.

ROOF REPAIRING.
MOONEY REPAIRS all kinds Roofing a specialty; 12 months' guarantee; reasonable rates. Call Ivy 906.

ROOF REPAIRING AND CONTRACTING.
IF YOUR ROOF LEAKS
CALL Main 237. No money required until roof stops leaking; also contracting and building.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES RETAILORED AND REPAIRED.
ROUNTREE'S 77 WHITEHALL STREET.
Phones—Bell, Main 1576; Atlanta 1654.

WINDOW CLEANING.
NATIONAL WINDOW CLG. CO., 47 E. Hunter. M. 1175. M. 4879-J.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

LUMBER YARDS FOR SALE.
DOING $44,000 BUSINESS IN BIG RAILROAD CENTER.
WE offer for sale at once, retail lumber yard in thriving South Carolina city and prominent railroad center, well situated for easy and quick deliveries, and doing an annual business of $44,000 in normal times, which could be easily increased. An unusual opportunity to secure a going, profitable business. The railroads entering this town contemplate improvements next year amounting to one to two hundred thousand dollars in shop and engine house enlargement. For particulars, address Palmetto, care Constitution.

FOR SALE—General store near Conyers in good farming section. Will invoice about $2,000. New, clean stock, doing a good business. Will rent building reasonable. No city license, taxes, etc. Investigate. Freeman Merc. Co., Conyers, Ga.

SMALL stock drugs and fixtures for sale; will invoice about $1,250. With best stand in town for rent. B. R. Davis Iron City, Georgia.

FOR SALE—Grocery and market business, good location, fine trade; reasonable rent. Address J-67, care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Stock dry goods, shoes, fixtures, cheap. "M." 418 Marietta st.

POULTRY, SEED and PET STOCK

SEEDS AND PLANTS.
SELECT COTTON SEED
THERE has never been such a demand for fine seed; they are scarce and high; get them while you can. Cleveland's big boll, Redding's select Cleveland and Wanamaker's pedigree Cleveland, pure, sound and true to name; ginned on our private gin and as good as any man can show. $1.00 bushel for one or 100 bushels. Fair View Farm, Palmetto, Ga.

SEED CORN for sale. Liquidating our business, offer our seed corn $1.50 per bushel. A hard variety. Made 40 bushels per acre during a dry season without fertilizer. Owl Commercial Company, Quincy, Florida.

PECAN TREES are valuable for both crop and shade; every property owner should have a few on his lot. We furnish trees and plant them. Murphy's Nurseries, office 28 Auburn ave. Ivy 482-J.

DOGS.
A 5-MONTHS-OLD bird dog for sale cheap. J. C. Clarke, Camak, Ga.

LIVE STOCK

WANTED.
BEEF CATTLE and veal calves. Baldwin & Spurlin, 291 Peters. M. 2587, Atl. 1740.

HOGS.
BERKSHIRE HOGS
SPECIAL offering of boars, ready for service, bred and open gilts. A combination of individual excellence with practical utility, size as well as quality and breeding. Fair View Farm, Palmetto, Ga.

FOR SALE.
ATTENTION CATTLE SHIPPERS! We will dip free of charge all cattle from quarantined area. A. L. Suttles Co., Atlanta, Ga.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

FOR SALE—Sound, large mare mule, weight 1,000 pounds, only $45; pair mules, $60; smart pair, $75; several mules and horses from $25 up. This stock must be turned into cash at once. Vittur's Stable, 169 Marietta street.

FOR SALE—Large bay (sound) mare, $125; mules and horses from $25 up. Vittur's Stable, 169 Marietta street.

FOR RENT—Horses, wagons, buggies, by the hour or day. 309 Whitehall St. Main 2393. Atlanta phone 1394.

AUCTION SALES

THE SOUTHERN AUCTION AND SALVAGE COMPANY, at 90 South Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture, household goods or piano. Phone Bell, Main 2306.

ROOM and BOARD

NORTH SIDE.
THE NEW ROY
22 EAST ELLIS
UNDER new management; rooms newly papered and renovated; first-class board.

PEACHTREE INN
EUROPEAN OR AMERICAN, electric lights, steam heat; rates $1.50 and $2.00 per day. $7.00 to $10.00 a week.

LARGE upstairs furnished front room, with dressing room and electric lights, furnace heat, all modern conveniences, one block north of Ponce de Leon, on Piedmont; also excellent table board. Ivy 3322-J.

A COUPLE, in private family; no other boarders; every modern convenience; best of north side neighborhood; references. Phone Ivy 3479-L.

THE BYRON BEAUTIFULLY furnished room and connecting bath; meals; ideal location, 210 West Peachtree. I. 4562.

LARGE, bright room, with board, furnace heat, walking distance. 198 West Peachtree. Ivy 4931-J.

NICELY furnished room in steam heated apartment, with excellent board. Ivy 1564. 14 West Peachtree, Apt. No. 2.

20 PONCE DE LEON AVE., high-class board, beautiful room, adjoining bath; all conveniences. Ivy 719-J.

66 CURRIER Comfortable, large room for gentlemen; excellent table board, $20 per month. Ivy 3559-L.

SELECT BOARD, 652 Peachtree, the beautiful Peters home, with grounds covering entire block; rate reasonable. Ivy 1502-J.

THREE young men for large room, with private bath and running water; also table boarders, at reasonable rate. Ivy 6684.

THREE front rooms, light, private bath, instantaneous heater; good meals; best location, between Peachtrees. Ivy 152.

ROOM and board; good home cooking, served family style. Meals a specialty. Close in. 72 Walton. Ivy 5606-J.

WANTED—3 or 4 select boarders; also roommate for young man; close in; reasonable. Phone Ivy 6939.

LARGE room, furnace heat; board; private home; close in. W. Peachtree. Ivy 5859-J.

220 PEACHTREE, the Wilton; steam heat, good table, prompt service. Miss Kirtley.

71 FORREST AVE.—One or two gentlemen, private home, close in. Ivy 5912-J.

NICE front room, in private home; all conveniences; meals optional. Ivy 8382.

89 E. LINDEN AVE., front rooms and board for a few young men. Ivy 6098-J.

PRIVATE home, Peachtree St., 2 attractive steam-heated rooms, board. Ivy 8556-J.

263 W. P'TREE—Nicely fur. rooms; adjoining bath. Also front room. I. 5774-L.

60 E. ELLIS, first-class meals, 20c, or $3.50 per week. Ivy 5601-L.

IN private family, Peachtree place, large furnace-heated rm., meals optional. I. 2978-J.

FEW select boarders wanted, private family. 3 Delta place. Ivy 1214-L.

ONE pleasant room; delicious meals; table board a specialty; block P. O. 35 Cone st.

FURNACE heated rooms, with board, private family, close in. Ivy 5859-J.

DOWNSTAIRS room, private bath, entrance, sleeping porch. 794 Peachtree.

SOUTH SIDE.
BOARD and room, all conveniences, $4.25 per week; couple $8.50; heat furnished; walking distance. Main 5515.

ONE furnished room, private family, hot and cold water, with or without meals. Main 3822-L; reasonable.

EXCELLENT room and board. Transients solicited. 306 East Hunter street. Atl. 4153.

205 S. FORSYTH—Nice rooms, with excellent board; every convenience. Atl. 2932.

NICELY fur. rooms, with board; young men or couple. $15 month. M. 3614.

INMAN PARK.
LOVELY furnace-heated room, with two meals, good neighborhood. Ivy 7682-J.

LARGE front room, steam heat, excellent meals, men or business women. Ivy 1124-L.

WANTED—Board and Room

WANTED—Room and board in private family, by mother and daughter; both are business ladies; prefer walking distance. J-16, care Constitution.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

ALL THE COMFORTS of home—plus Athletic and Aquatic Sports.
Get a room at the Y. M. C. A.

IMPERIAL HOTEL
BEST family and tourist hotel in Atlanta; first-class in every respect; extra large rooms, beautifully furnished and well ventilated. A few vacant rooms. Come and investigate and we are sure that you will stop at the Imperial. Special attention paid to tourists. Hotel absolutely fire-proof.

THE PICKWICK
TEN STORY AND FIREPROOF.
WELL furnished rooms with connecting bath. Convenient shower bath on each floor. 77 Fairlie St. Near Carnegie Library.

Read Constitution Want Ads.

FOR RENT—Rooms

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.
LARGE connecting living room and bedrooms, with bath adjoining; with private family; to couple or two ladies; quiet neighborhood; adjacent to 3 car lines. References exchanged. Ivy 5766.

CALUMET HOUSE, 46½ Auburn ave., steam heat, connecting bath with every room; first-class in every particular. Rates reasonable. Phone Ivy 4554-J.

FOR RENT—Bright, well furnished rooms, upstairs in private home, close in; terms reasonable. Apply at 35 W. Peachtree St. Phone Ivy 3372.

FURNISHED ROOMS, also rooms completely furnished, for light housekeeping; electric lights, hot and cold water, private bath, steam heat, close in. Ivy 3889.

NEWLY fur. front rooms for rent; furnace heat, grates; board if desired; in private home; on car line—at 965 Highland ave. Druid Hills.

THE ADOLPH 18½ E. HARRIS ST. Bachelor rooms de luxe. Every modern convenience. I. 3071.

FURNISHED complete, suite of three or four rooms, for housekeeping; all modern conveniences; good location. Ivy 5612-J.

NICELY furnished front room, connecting bath, steam heat, electric lights and phone, one block Candler Bldg. Ivy 8614-J.

500 Peachtree NICE rooms, also room and kitchenette, steam heat, garage.

87 E. NORTH AVE., one fur. room, private bath, private family; men or business women preferred. Ivy 5644-J.

NICELY furnished and heated room in private family for single man; board near by. 861 Peachtree. Phone Ivy 1483.

ROOM for rent, steam heat, electric lights, walking distance; hot bath; men only. 95 W. Peachtree, Apt. No. 3. Ivy 5644-J.

TO COUPLE, three nice furnished rooms, second floor, bath, sink in kitchen, close in, on Forrest avenue. Ivy 3127.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room for one or two gentlemen. 99 West Peachtree St., Apartment 9.

30 E. ELLIS—Nicely furnished rooms, opposite Aragon Hotel. Ivy 4858-J.

FOUR nicely fur. rooms, all conveniences, four doors off Peachtree. 24 E. Baker.

ONE nicely furnished room, walking distance, steam heat, priv. home. Ivy 7043.

DESIRABLE rooms for rent, with all modern conveniences. 17 E. Cain St. I. 7355.

TWO ROOMS, with bath between; steam heat, walking distance. Ivy 3796.

FURNISHED room; all conveniences. 58 E. Merritts ave. I. 974-L.

ONE room, modern apartment, with private bath, cenerally located. Ivy 6751.

ONE fur. room, all modern conveniences, close in; price reasonable. 192 Courtland.

TWO nicely fur. rooms, all conveniences, private family. 40½ N. Forsyth. M. 5420.

TWO nicely furnished rooms for rent; all modern conveniences. 238 Luckie street.

WELL-FURNISHED front room; furnace heat. Ansley Park. References. Ivy 1783.

THREE nicely fur. rooms for men, all mod. conven., close in; reasonable. 232 Courtland.

15 W. 11th, near Peachtree, furnished room, steam heat, nice home. Ivy 5694.

FRONT rooms, steam heated, $3.50 week; block from postoffice. 31 Cone St.

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.
494 PIEDMONT, 2 or 3 rooms, gas stove connection, pri. home, electric lights. I. 4829.

81 W. BAKER, 3 connecting rooms and bath, all conveniences; reasonable. Ivy 5944.

UNFURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.
ENTIRE second floor, 3 connecting rooms, private bath; conveniences for housekeeping; to couple only. References. Owner, 138 Cooper street.

TWO connecting rooms, downstairs; also two upstairs; all conveniences. 117 Pulliam street.

512 CAPITOL AVE.—2 con. upstairs rooms; bath, hot water, lights; adults. M. 5371-J.

UNFURNISHED—WEST END.
TWO large connecting rooms, bath, adults only. $8. 67 White st. West 339.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
ROOMS, fur. or unf., all modern conveniences; price reasonable. 28 Cooper St.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

NORTH SIDE.
325 COURTLAND, 2 nicely fur. front housekeeping rooms, complete, to couple; private home; bath, phone—every convenience. Reasonable.

ONE room and kitchenette; furnace heat; also two unfurnished rooms. 514 Peachtree street. Apply 534 Peachtree.

TWO furnished rooms and kitchenette, two doors off Peachtree, $16. 54 East Alexander street.

TWO nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences, close in. 226 Ivy St. Ivy 5991-L.

IDEAL suite of 1 R., with kitchenette, upstairs, front. Atl. 5924-A. 34 Carnegie way.

DESIRABLE unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Phone Ivy 3974-L.

TWO first-floor rooms, with all conveniences, in modern home. Ivy 8548-L.

THREE completely fur. rooms, private bath, right price to right party. Ivy 2814-J.

SOUTH SIDE.
171-A CAPITOL AVE., one large room and kitchenette, connecting, completely furnished for light housekeeping; all conveniences. Main 3417-L.

FUR. or unfur. housekeeping rooms, electric lights, hot and cold water; all modern convenience. 161 Whitehall. Atl. 5926-A.

33 COOPER ST., two rooms and kitchenette, unfurnished, $8; close in. Main 5358-J.

THREE first floor rooms, lights, hot water, telephone. 220 Capitol ave.

WEST END.
TWO connecting rooms, furnished complete, sink in kitchen, private home. West 702-J.

WANTED—Rooms

BY COUPLE, small furnished apartment, near Peachtree. Address J-47, care Constitution.

APARTMENTS, HOUSES, ETC.

FOR RENT—Apartments

UNFURNISHED.
ONE NICE FIVE-ROOM
APARTMENT on Peachtree place, corner W. Peachtree; all modern improvements, steam heat. Price reasonable. Phone Main 883. Ivy 4080.

ELEGANT 4-room apartment, steam heat, hot and cold water; janitor service; all modern conveniences; can be seen at 324 Forrest avenue. L. B. Sanders, Owner, 407 Peters building. Phone Ivy 508-J.

FOR RENT—Nice five-room, steam-heated apartment; conveniences; sleeping porch. 442 West Peachtree street. Phone Ivy 7260-J.

BEAUTIFUL 4-ROOM APARTMENT, EAST FIFTH STREET, LARGE ROOMS, TILE BATH, FURNACE HEAT, HOT AND COLD WATER. JANITOR. IVY 4154-J.

TWO rooms, kitchenette and tile bath; large single room, private bath; all steam-heated. Ivy 7093.

SEVEN ROOMS, nicely arranged for two couples. 54 Williams, near W. Baker.

TWO new modern 5-room apartments, sleeping porches. 329 Lee. West 353.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
APARTMENTS FOR RENT
LIVINGSTON—95 East North avenue. One block from Peachtree, steam heated, three and four rooms; hardwood floors, tile bath rooms, shower baths. ICE VACUUM CLEANER AND JANITOR SERVICE FURNISHED FREE. Ten minutes' walk from FIVE POINTS. RENTS $32.50 and up.
FELD REALTY CO.
GROUND FLOOR HURT BUILDING.
Phone—Ivy 4670.

FURNISHED.
TO PARTIES with or without children, five rooms, steam heated, north side apartment, large rooms, elevator service, every convenience, nicely furnished, beautiful mahogany furniture and piano; reasonable rent; references exchanged. J-15, care Constitution.

ONE 4-room fur. apt., up-to-date. Apply 11 Currier st., Apt. B. References required. No children. Price $35.

FOR RENT—Typewriters

TYPEWRITERS
TYPEWRITERS rented four months for $5 and up. Initial payment applied in case of purchase. Catalog No. C-70 free. Supplies and repairs a specialty. American Writing Machine Company, 48 North Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR RENT—Houses

UNFURNISHED.
HOUSES, stores, offices and business space for rent. A phone message will bring our rent bulletin by mail, or a polite, intelligent representative to help you find what you want. George P. Moore, 10 Auburn avenue. Phones—Ivy 2336 and 2337; Atlanta phone 5402.

6-ROOM cottage in Inman Park, first-class condition, sleeping porch, hot water heater in kitchen; large garden; all conveniences. Ivy 3401-J.

6-ROOM COTTAGE, hot and cold water, gas, 20 minutes' walk from town, excellent neighborhood; can be had furnished if permanent. 193 Crew. Ivy 5521.

Decatur Homes for Rent
Phone Decatur 148. Jones & Ramspeck.

SPLENDID 8-room house, between Peachtrees, furnace, hardwood floors, screens; servant room, sleeping porch. Owner, I. 2155.

FOR RENT—Six-room bungalow on north side; terms very reasonable. Call Ivy 5765-J, after 3 p. m.

OUR weekly rent list gives full description of anything for rent. Call for one or let us mail it to you. Forrest & George Adair.

FOR RENT—A nice 6-room house, close in, with all conveniences. 178 Crew st.

349 CENTRAL AVE., east front, arranged for 2 families, owner. 371 Central. M. 4424.

FURNISHED.
FOR RENT—Furnished, an 8-room furnace-heated house on West Peachtree street; electric lights, gas, water, newly painted inside and out; handsomely furnished. In business hours call Main 1549.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
FOR quick results list your vacant houses with Beasley & Hardwick, 805 Empire Bldg.

FOR results list your property with Sharp, Boylston & Day, 12 Auburn avenue.

FOR RENT—Offices

FOR RENT—Offices in Constitution building; all modern conveniences. See John Knight.

DESIRABLE OFFICES, single and en suite. Some of these are equipped with compressed air and dental waste; hot and cold water in all offices; all night elevator service; location best in the city and service unexcelled. Candler building, Candler Annex and Forsyth building. Asa G. Candler, Jr., Agent. Phone Ivy 5274. 222 Candler building. See Mr. Wilkinson.

TWO connecting offices, steam heat, electric lights, with or without office furniture. 18½ W. Alabama st. Main 4557.

ONE-HALF my office, with use of Bell phone, $9 month. Apply 904 Empire bldg.

FOR RENT—Farms

GOOD FARM, fine section, in sight of city. Owner, 322 Spring street.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous

IF YOU want to rent apt. or business property, see B. M. Grant & Co., Grant Bldg.

REAL ESTATE

WANTED—Real Estate

CITY.
LIST YOUR real estate with us. We have the customers. George P. Moore, 10 Auburn avenue. Salesmen: L. W. Harrell, Louis M. Johnson, T. M. Word. Come to see us.

FARM LANDS.
ESTABLISHED ladies' ready-to-wear business on Whitehall street, Atlanta. Also several renting houses free of encumbrance; total value $35,000. Will exchange either for large improved farm free of encumbrance. Grossman's Cloak and Suit Company, Atlanta, Ga.

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exchange

1,250 ACRES—A very fine Houston county farm. 417 Peters bldg. Main 1771.

ALL classes city and farm property to exchange. R. F. Bishop, Atl. Nat'l. M. 5292.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE

NORTH SIDE.

B. M. GRANT & CO.
204-210 Grant Building.

NORTH SIDE APARTMENT.
NEW building of twelve apartments in the best close-in north side neighborhood; well built, excellent arrangements, etc. Rental $6,300 per year. Price $42,500, on reasonable terms.

START the New Year right by making one of the best investments of a lifetime. I have 40 acres inside the city limits near car line, public schools, paved streets, sewers and all other improvements. This property can be subdivided into lots and sold on easy terms at a price where you will treble your money during the year 1916. I have a very close price on this for a quick sale and the terms are so easy that any one with a small amount of cash can handle it. No information over the phone; see me in person. Ask for Mr. Thompson.

IN one of the prettiest sections of the north side and close to a prominent thoroughfare, we have a beautiful 8-room bungalow, thoroughly modern in every respect; equipped with all conveniences, including furnace and sleeping porch. A well planned, comfortable, home-like place. Price $6,750, on easy terms.

NORTH SIDE
HAVE a very attractive bungalow with six rooms, hall and sleeping porch. Nu-tile roof, guaranteed ten years; furnace-heated, quarter sawed oak floors in three rooms, glass knobs, woodwork finished in mission, bookcases in plate glass, beautiful electric showers; bath room has tile, kitchen has linoleum on floor; has nice pressed brick mantel. This is a very attractive bungalow and must be seen to be appreciated and is only half block from car line. Street sherted and has gas, electricity, water, sewer and every convenience. Lot 50x151 to alley. Price, $4,850. Terms, $500 cash, assume a loan of $2,500 and balance monthly. Call Ivy 396, from 5 to 7 p. m.

NEAR the Georgian Terrace and just off Ponce de Leon avenue, beautiful new brick veneer home of 8 rooms, artistic and up-to-date, $7,000; easy terms. J. R. Nutting & Co. Phone, Ivy 5.

INMAN PARK.
INMAN PARK—Six-room bungalow, all conveniences and improvements. Will sell at sacrifice price, $2,750, $550 cash, loan $1,700, balance monthly notes without interest. Phone Owner, Main 4492 or Ivy 752.

SUBURBAN.
HANDSOME new 6-room bungalow, with every convenience, in best section of Decatur; large, elevated lot. Price, $3,500; small cash payment. Well worth $4,000. W. H. S. Hamilton, 204 Equitable Bldg. Ivy 5234.

MISCELLANEOUS.
IF IT IS real estate you want to buy or sell, it will pay you to see me. A. Graves, 24 East Hunter street.

I MAKE A SPECIALTY of Georgia lands. Thomas W. Jackson, 1018-19 Fourth National Bank building.

H. M. ASHE & CO. Bargains in city and farm property. 1329 Healey. Ivy 1316.

FARM LANDS.
A SMALL FARM
WELL watered and close in, adjoining Bowden spring; 15 acres with new 5-room bungalow style house, in Austell, Ga., for $2,000; any kind of terms; no loan to assume. John A. Humphries, owner, 19½ Peachtree st.

IN HABERSHAM county, apple orchard of 1,500 trees, 2 to 3 years old; 100 acres of land and ideal location for some 3,000 trees. Will sell at sacrifice price within next thirty days. Address J-61, care Constitution.

GEORGIA FARM, acreage tract, near Atlanta. If interested will mail bulletin. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Bell phone, East Point 418.

FOR SALE—Several small farms, from 40 to 160 acres to suit purchaser. Land the finest quality; healthy section, near S. A. L. railroad. Address J. N. Wall, Elberton, Ga. Route No. 5.

FOR RENT—Apartments

THE McGOWAN
CORNER JUNIPER AND THIRD STREETS—In this modern apartment house we have two beautiful 4-room apartments, equipped with every modern improvement and convenience. A lovely cafe in building. Let us show you these.

THE GLADSTONE
CORNER NORTH AVENUE AND MYRTLE STREET—One very attractive 4-room apartment, with sleeping porch; also laundry in basement for tenant. Has all the modern conveniences and also the best possible service. See us for terms.

M. L. THROWER
Bell Phones, Ivy 163-164. 39 North Forsyth St.

THE FLEMING APARTMENTS
LOCATED in the BEST PART of the NORTH SIDE and between Peachtree and Piedmont avenue, we offer some nearly new four-room apartments with every comfort. All rooms have three exposures, are UNUSUALLY LIGHT and the rent is very reasonable. For further information apply
TURMAN & CALHOUN
SECOND FLOOR EMPIRE BLDG.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE

GEO. P. MOORE
REAL ESTATE AND RENTING
10 AUBURN AVENUE

NORTH SIDE BUNGALOW
ON TWELFTH STREET, between Peachtree and West Peachtree, we have a modern 6-room bungalow on a nice corner lot. Can sell for $6,000, $500 cash, balance easy. If you are in the market for a bungalow in a high-class section, let us show you this at once.

WEST END BUNGALOW AT A BARGAIN
ON A GOOD WEST END STREET we have a 6-room bungalow with all city conveniences. Price reduced from $3,750 to $2,800, $100 cash, balance $20 per month.

ST. CHARLES AVENUE BUNGALOW
ON THE VERY BEST PART OF ST. CHARLES AVENUE we have a 7-room bungalow with every known convenience. Price, $6,750, $1,000 cash. This is one of the prettiest and best arranged bungalows in the city. Call us for an engagement to see this place.

EDWIN L. HARLING
REAL ESTATE. 32 EAST ALABAMA ST. BOTH PHONES 1281.
RAILROAD FRONTAGE AT A SACRIFICE—On Whitehall street, near McDaniel street, we have a corner lot 58 feet front extending back to the railroad, that we will sell for $325 per front foot. This lot is cheap at $500 per front foot. We will give very easy terms. If you haven't any cash we will take several small pieces of property as part payment. Let us know what you have to trade for this railroad frontage.

NEW BUNGALOW REDUCED—On one of the best streets in the tenth ward, near the Adair school, we have a new 5-room bungalow that has been reduced from $4,000 to $3,350; $100 cash, balance $20 per month. This bungalow has gas, electric lights, tile bath, plenty of closets and all street improvements down. This place is ready for you to move into. This is a pick-up, both as to price, terms and location. See it today.

Success or Failure---Which?

ONE BEGAN SAVING WHEN A YOUNG MAN and invested wisely. The other neglected to save or made poor investments. Begin saving TODAY and invest your savings wisely by buying a lot on Lucile avenue, Atwood, Hopkins, Langhorn or Greenwich streets in WALTON PARK. They are BETTER and we are willing for you to be the JUDGE. Make a success in life. Don't be a failure. One a respected citizen, the other dependent upon charity. There is no compromise—WHICH?

WALTON REALTY COMPANY
210-211-212 GRANT BUILDING.

SHERIFF DENIES LYNCHING REPORT

Official Says Story of Killing of Two Blacks in Anderson County, South Carolina, Is False.

Hartwell, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) The report that two negroes were lynched today for an alleged insult to a white girl in Anderson county, S. C., just across the border, brought here tonight by a negress, has been denied by the Anderson county sheriff. He states that one of the two negroes is now in jail and that the other escaped from the mob.

According to the story told by the negress, her brother, named Sims, was shot and killed while trying to escape from the mob and her cousin, also named Sims, was hanged to an oak tree near the ferry on the Savannah river. She states that she was beaten and driven across the border into Georgia.

The trouble is alleged to have been caused when the three negroes in a buggy met a young white girl on the road and one of the blacks called out, "Hello, sweetheart."

It is reported that the girl described the incident to her family and a mob on horseback pursued and caught the blacks just before they reached the ferry on the road to Hartwell.

The Turkish mother loads her child with amulets as soon as it is born, and a small bit of mud, steeped in hot water, prepared by previous charms, is stuck on its forehead.

KINKY HAIR

Atlanta, Ga. Resinol Med. Co. Gentlemen:— My picture shows you what your Exelento Quinine Pomade has done for my hair. Before I used it, my hair was short and coarse, and now it is 34 inches long, and so soft and silky that I can do it any way I want to. JANIE HAND.

Don't let some fake Kink Remover fool you. You really can't straighten your hair until it's nice and long. That's what EXELENTO QUININE POMADE does, removes Dandruff, feeds the Roots of the hair, and makes it grow long, soft and silky. After using a few times you can tell the difference, and after a little while it will be so pretty and long that you can fix it up to suit you. If Exelento don't do as we claim, we will give your money back. 25c by mail on receipt of stamps or coin.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. Write For Particulars.

EXELENTO MEDICINE CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Hotel and Family Ranges, Cook Stoves and Heaters

Magnolia Stove & Range Co.

291-293 Edgewood Ave. Ivy 4209. Largest Exclusive Stove and Range store in the south.

UNION TYPOS WANT PRINTING DONE HERE

Home Products Committee Makes Its Report at Sunday Meeting.

That excellent progress is being made in the home products campaign instituted some time ago by the Atlanta Typographical union was reported by the special committee at yesterday's meeting of the union printers.

The members of the organization, realizing that Atlanta is suffering the loss of thousands of dollars annually through the placing of printing contracts with firms of other cities, are leaving nothing undone in their efforts to save this business for the printing establishments of this city.

Co-operating with the members of the committee are a number of the large printing houses of Atlanta, and the report submitted at Sunday afternoon's meeting at the assembly room of the chamber of commerce was warmly received by the members of the organization.

About 200 printers were present Sunday and interesting exercises marked the installation of the appointive officers who will serve during 1916, as follows:

Chaplain—Rev. Jere A. Moore.
Reading Clerk—W. B. Atchison.
Doorkeepers—R. T. Holdsrby, Ed White.
Correspondent to International Typographical Union Journal—Clifford D. Horton.
Executive Committee—R. E. Gann, W. H. Grant, W. S. Wardlaw, Earle E. Griggs, R. S. Mabry.
Investigating Committee—B. R. Black, chairman; W. H. Grant, secretary; T. E. Hollis, L. N. Hill, J. H. McAllister.
Relief Committee—O. J. Thrasher, chairman; W. P. Harding, G. L. Tully. From Women's Auxiliary, Mrs. T. J. Smith, Mrs. Otto Bligh.
Laws Committee—H. E. Springer, chairman; T. J. Smith, N. H. Kirkpatrick.
Label Committee—W. M. Fudge, chairman; R. T. Peavy, W. R. Correll.
Cemetery Lots Committee—J. W. Bower, chairman; A. J. Cloud, S. W. D. Caraway, Tom Laird, Miss Annie Griffin. (To co-operate with cemetery committee from Woman's Auxiliary.)
Health and Sanitation Committee—W. W. Poland, chairman; John G. Habersham, Alex Huddleston.
Printing Committee—P. L. Rikard, chairman; Jerome Jones, N. H. Kirkpatrick, J. E. Bodenhamer, W. C. Caraway.
Publicity Committee—Earle E. Griggs, chairman; R. C. Bruce, W. S. Wier.
Apprentice Committee—Lovelace Eve, chairman; W. H. Grant, secretary; Howard S. Sutton, Walter A. Freeman, Charles E. Singleton.
Home Products Committee—R. E. Gann, chairman; Earle E. Griggs, secretary; Walter H. Grant, treasurer; C. P. Bedingfield, J. E. Bodehamer, R. C. Bruce, W. C. Caraway, Carroll Farrar, W. M. Fudge, J. L. Gdish, D. W. Green, Lovelace Eve, T. E. Hollis, Jerome Jones, W. C. Kendrick, N. H. Kirkpatrick, E. S. Mabry, Fred Norris, R. T. Peavy, Otto Sligh, T. J. Smith, H. E. Springer, L. H. Still, J. Gordon Terry, W. S. Wier.

SCHOOL BELLS RING AGAIN THIS MORNING

With 1916 resolutions to make records for Atlanta in school work, the children of Atlanta's public schools return to their classes this morning after a vacation of ten days, during which time they cast aside the irksome tasks for the joys of a holiday season.

With the exception of the Commercial High school every public institution gave its students a ten days' vacation. On account of time lost at the beginning of the 1915-16 term, the Commercial High students were forced to give up several of their Christmas holidays to work.

Tech students will also resume their grind today, after a ten days' vacation. The Tech boys who went to their homes for the holidays began to arrive in Atlanta Sunday morning and all day Sunday up until a late hour last night the streets again looked like those of a college town as the boys filed back to the college.

COCA-COLA MEETING OPENS THIS MORNING AT HOTEL ANSLEY

More than fifty delegates to the annual coca-cola convention have registered at the Hotel Ansley. The meeting convenes in the Ansley assembly hall this morning, and will last three days. There will be in the neighborhood of 100 guests from all parts of the south. An interesting feature on the convention program is an address to be delivered by S. C. Dobbs, advertising manager of the Coca-Cola company. A pleasing program of entertainment has been arranged.

FATHER OF SLAIN LAD WILL NOT PROSECUTE

"They Were Just Playing Too Rough, Like Boys Sometime Do," Says Aged Negro.

Although William Brockmen, the 11-year-old negro boy who was shot in a pitched battle between four negro boys and six whites, near Ponce de Leon ball park Saturday afternoon, died in the Grady hospital early Sunday morning, his father, M. Brockmen, of 220 East Ellis street, declared to city detectives that he would not prosecute the case against the white boys.

"I understand full well that neither the white nor negro boys meant to murder each other," stated the old negro father. "They just got to playing too rough like boys will do sometimes. The white boys are just as sorry over William's death as I am myself, and I don't want to see anybody suffer."

The little negro was shot by Marist Green, age 13, of 675 North Boulevard, who was armed with a .32-caliber Winchester rifle.

Holden Comes Today To Hold Conference On W. & A. Litigation

Judge Horace M. Holden, special counsel for the state in the Louisville and Nashville railroad litigation, will come to Atlanta today to hold a conference with Governor Harris, Secretary of State Phil Cook and Assistant Attorney General Mark Bolding upon the mandamus which was served upon Secretary Cook Saturday, citing him to appear before Judge J. T. Pendleton, of Fulton superior court, January 15 to show cause why he should not grant the petition for charter sought by the North Georgia Mineral railroad to build a line of railroad from White's, near Cartersville, to Atlanta.

The charter was applied for through King & Spalding, attorneys for the North Georgia Mineral railroad, some eighteen months ago and was denied by Secretary Cook upon the passage of the Western and Atlantic anti-paralleling act.

The North Georgia Mineral railroad now seeks to compel the secretary of state by mandamus to grant the charter. This action will bring the whole Louisville and Nashville attempt to parallel the Western and Atlantic, including the question of the legality of the anti-paralleling act, into the courts, with a good prospect of the fight going to the United States supreme court.

Emancipation Day.

Quitman, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) The negroes of southwest Georgia held a rally here yesterday in honor of the celebration of Emancipation day. The exercises were held in a church, which consisted of reading of the proclamation, songs and addresses from prominent negroes from all parts of the state. The street parade, headed by a brass band, was one of the principal features of the day.

DR. ANNIE L. SAWYER TO EXAMINE TEACHERS

Appointment Is Made by Dr. W. N. Adkins, Medical Director of School System.

Dr. W. N. Adkins, medical director of the city school board, yesterday authorized the announcement of Dr. Annie L. Sawyer's appointment as the physician who will examine teachers who prefer that their examination be conducted by a physician other than Dr. Adkins.

Dr. Sawyer will conduct the examinations in her office in the Grant building, beginning the duties assigned to her Monday morning. Dr. Adkins will resume the examination of teachers in his new offices in the Commercial High School building Monday or Tuesday.

The selection of Dr. Sawyer follows the decision of the board of education to require that all physical examinations of teachers in the Atlanta schools be made by the board's physician or a woman named by him. The decision to authorize the appointment of a female physician was for the satisfaction of young women of the faculties of the different schools who feel a hesitancy in appearing before a male physician.

Dr. Adkins' new offices in the Commercial High School building are admirably arranged for the purposes to which they will be put and are convenient for him and for those with whom he will come into contact. His equipment is being removed from the Chamber of Commerce building, where he has occupied offices for some time past.

HOLMES INSTITUTE CLOSES FINE YEAR; BIG REGISTRATION

The annual report of the Holmes Institute made by B. R. Holmes, president and founder, to the city council for 1915, showed that the Holmes institute has closed one of the most successful year's work in the history of the school. The enrollment in all the departments for 1915, day and night school, was more than 450 students.

Fifty per cent of the students' parents were unable to buy books and were turned out of the school of the city. Twenty-five per cent were unable to buy clothing, shoes, food and books. Some were unable to furnish a home for them to live in and they were boarded in the Holmes institute, where books, clothing and food were furnished free.

No student is allowed to attend or graduate from the Holmes institute without learning a useful trade aside from the regular English course. Cooking, dressmaking, house cleaning, printing, tailoring and laundering, etc., are taught. The colored people spent enough money for fines in 1915 to pay the expense of all the charitable institutions in the south.

The Ex-Slave association has been organized by the Holmes institute and the citizens of Atlanta are helping the old poor colored people. Several hundred old people are receiving monthly donations from this association. The object is to reach every ex-slave in the south. The management of the Holmes institute is planning to build a $5,000 building as a home for the ex-slaves. The white and colored people throughout, the south and north are contributing. The trustees passed a resolution thanking The Constitution and other papers for publishing the news of the school for 1915.

AT THE THEATERS

Louis Mann.

(At the Atlanta.)

On Friday and Saturday with a Saturday matinee the Atlanta will offer that distinguished star, Louis Mann, in a new play entitled "The Bubble." Mr. Mann has not been here in two years, but he is coming back with the finest play of his entire career and that means much. "The Bubble" was a distinct hit in New York, remaining there for five months. It will be given here with the original New York company and production, not a single change of any character having been made. In the role of a German baker, Mr. Mann has a part which is as distinctive and appealing as that which he played in "The Man Who Stood Still." It is a play teeming with heart interest and pathos yet mingled with humor of the finest kind. Mr. Mann is such a distinguished actor that no tiny bit escapes him and the Atlantans who see him this time are sure of a rare treat. Seats will go on sale Tuesday at 9 o'clock.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Forsyth.)

William Morris takes headline place on the Keith vaudeville bill at the Forsyth this week in one of vaudeville's funniest sketches, "Mrs. Temple's Telegram." Six other acts of the finest quality have been secured by Manager Hickman. One of them is the Six Nosses, who present an unusual musical offering. Another big hit will be the "Old Homestead" double quartet—perfectly blended voices in the old pieces that made Denman Thompson's great production the most popular of American plays. Marion Weeks, a 17-year-old miss with a wonderful coloratura soprano, also is on this week's bill, and another offering will be by Bert Hanlon, eccentric singing and talking comedian. The La Grohs, a company of four, will present an eccentric novelty pantomime and a funny blackface comedy team will be Gruet and Gruet.

Mary Pickford.

(At the Grand.)

Mary Pickford will be seen at the Grand today in one of the most sweetly pathetic characters she has ever depicted for the screen, that of "Molly O," in "The Foundling," a five-part Famous Players production. The producers claim that in this film Miss Pickford is seen in her most captivating role, and surpasses herself. Some very human touches about "The Foundling" make it really a classic. The picture is a drama of smiles and tears, comedy scenes offsetting those of pathetic import and displaying the work of master production.

"Green-Eyed Monster."

(At the Strand.)

One of the most impressive Fox productions of the season, "The Green-Eyed Monster," will be the main offering at the Strand theater today and tomorrow. It is an unusually sensational, distinctively dramatic love story, admirably played by Robert B. Mantell and Genevieve Hamper, the latter of whom has been pronounced the screen's most beautiful actress. Added to the Fox picture, the Strand will show for the first time the "Heeza Liar" cartoons, which have been booked by the management for the remainder of the season. "Colonel Heeza Liar" is a source of endless delight for the kiddies. A special music program will be rendered by the Strand's elaborate orchestra.

"Damaged Goods."

(At the Lyric.)

"Damaged Goods," sanctioned by press and pulpit for the wonderful lesson its terrible realism drives home, will be the offering at the Lyric all this week, with Richard Bennett in the title role supported by the original New York cast. This will be the second week in Atlanta of "Damaged Goods," the picture having been transferred to the commodious Lyric to accommodate the hundreds who were unable to view it last week. Exhibitions will be continuous from 1:30 p. m. until 11 p. m. The admission price will be 25 cents for orchestra and balcony, with 10 cents for the gallery. "Damaged Goods" is a seven-act play, depicting in sensational style the reaping of a harvest of "wild oats." The daring presentation in this picture of truths that otherwise might never be known until too late, make it one of the most-talked-of among films.

Will Welcome Train.

Quitman, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) Elaborate preparations are being made to welcome the Hampton Springs Pullman Special, the new South Georgia train which leaves Atlanta on its maiden trip tonight. It will arrive in Quitman early Monday morning. There will be a large delegation of business and railroad men aboard the train on its first trip. Quitman will turn out in great numbers to welcome the train at the depot. At Hampton Springs, the southern terminus of the train, an elaborate luncheon will be given in honor of the first Pullman train on the South Georgia railway.

"STOP DRIFTING," NEW YEAR ADVICE OF REV. DR. FLINN

"Stop drifting; work toward a definite goal in life; cut loose from the past, and trust in God's promises for the future."

These were the keynotes in a strong New Year's sermon delivered Sunday night at the North Avenue Presbyterian church by Rev. Richard Orme Flinn, the pastor.

Taking as his subject, "The Challenge: Whither Goest Thou?" he said that the beginning of a new year is always a time when people ought to ask themselves the question which Christ asked of the disciples—"Whither Goest Thou?" The question is one which most people will find it hard to answer, he said, and, therefore, the best way to find an answer is for a person to ask himself, "Whither art thou striving to go?" This question, he said, is one which, if thought over, will help make a person strive toward better and higher things during the coming year than during the past.

NEGRO CHURCH IS FIRED IN SOUTHWEST GEORGIA

Two Negroes Sought for Villipigue's Death Believed to Have Escaped.

Blakely, Ga., January 2.—While no more attempts have been made on the lives of negroes since last week's outbreak, in which six negroes were killed, reports reached here today that a negro church building, in the western part of this (Early) county, was burned last night. Some half dozen lodge buildings have been burned since angry whites went out to avenge the death of Henry J. Villipigue, an overseer residing in the western part of the county, but until last night, negro churches, it was said, had been spared. Villapigue was murdered by negroes for having whipped one of them, according to statements by neighbors.

Mike and Ulysses Goolsby, negroes accused of complicity in Villipigue's death, generally are believed to have escaped from the county. John T. Beaseley, of Blakely, left here last night for Montgomery, Ala., on hearing reports that the negroes had gone there. A deputy sheriff was expected to follow him later.

Idlers in and around the courthouse square late today were given a surprise when a pistol dropped from the hand of a man who had been using it to illustrate the part he said he had taken in the hunt for negroes last week. One cartridge of the pistol exploded, the ball going through the fleshy part of the leg of the narrator. No one else was hurt.

NEGROES WHO SHOT AT BOSTON FARMER JAILED IN THOMAS

Thomasville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Two negroes have been arrested and placed in jail here charged with being implicated in an attack made upon Sydney McRae, a farmer of this county, living about four miles south of Boston. McRae claims that on Friday night, while driving home from Boston, he was attacked without warning by four negroes, who shot at him from either side of the road. He says that there were a number of shots fired at him from both pistols and shotguns, several small shot entering his arms and legs and a bullet grazing his hand, but he was not seriously hurt at all.

McRae says that when the negroes started firing he stooped down in his buggy and drove as rapidly as possible to his home. Upon reaching there he gave the alarm and a number of people came out from Boston. Sheriff Rheberg, of this city, was also notified and, with his deputy, he went to the scene and yesterday brought in the two negroes, who were suspected of being mixed up with the affair. It is not known how much evidence there is against them.

5,000 FOLKS AT MACON HEAR GYPSY SMITH, JR.,

Son of Famous English Evangelist Opens Three Weeks' Revival.

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Gypsy Smith, Jr., son of the famous English evangelist of that name, who is now preaching to the British soldiers in the trenches, opened a three weeks' revival meeting here today and at the two services held fully 5,000 people heard him.

Tonight more than 1,000 were turned away at the city auditorium, which was filled to its capacity. The crowd was the largest that has ever gathered to hear a man speak under any roof in Macon.

Five hundred cottage prayer meetings were held in Macon last week as a preliminary to the meeting and they served to arouse the whole city. Religious workers predicted tonight that Macon is ripe for a religious awakening and they predict that Gypsy Smith will sweep the city.

COLT CLUB IS ORGANIZED FOR GRADY COUNTY BOYS

Thomasville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—A Colt club, formed along the same lines as the Pig clubs, is what the Grady County Live Stock association has organized for the boys of that county, the object being to give them an increased interest in the raising of fine stock.

Prizes will be offered, among them being a $100 brood mare, as a sweepstakes prize, with others of value. The Live Stock association is an important organization in Grady and is doing much to further the effort of raising the stock and cattle in that county.

THE STRAND

Today and Tomorrow

ROBERT MANTELL

AND

GENEVIEVE HAMPER

In a Fox Masterpiece

"The Green-Eyed Monster"

Added Attraction:

Colonel Heeza Liar in Fifteen Minutes of Cartoon Comedy:

"Colonel Heeza Liar's Waterloo."

GENUINE JELLICO COAL

$4.25 PER TON

ATLANTA COAL CO.

Main 2350 Atlanta 692

FOR RENT--253-55 Peachtree St.

We offer a double storeroom just beyond Harris St. Is about 40x75 feet, with cement floored basement of same dimension, basement having good light and alley access from rear. In the heart of the automobile district, and particularly well-suited for automobiles or accessories. Very attractive rate.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

Filing Cabinets :: Indexes :: Folders

1916 Transfer Time

Is Here and You Will Need

New Transfer Cases

We have a new and well constructed transfer case that is as serviceable as any made. It has neat appearance and can be stacked anywhere. There is nothing cheap about it except the price.

Call Main 2600, or, Come and See It

FOOTE & DAVIES CO.

Blank Books :: Inventory Sheets :: Loose Leaf Ledgers

Marion R. Miles, Pres't. W. W. Northern, C. P. A., V. Pres't.
Jas. W. Elkins, Jr., C. P. A. Secretary.

ATLANTA AUDIT COMPANY, Inc.

513 Empire Bldg. Phone Ivy 5465. Atlanta, Georgia.

"THE MELTING POT"

A Mammoth, Soul-Inspiring, Patriotic American Feature Play, featuring that noted actor, Walker Whiteside, will be shown exclusively at

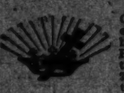
THE GEORGIAN THEATER

Monday —— Tuesday —— Wednesday

This Is One of the Latest, Most Wonderful Screen Dramas

ADMISSION 10c

LODGE NOTICE



A stated conclave of Coeur de Lion Commandery, No. 4, K. T., will be held in its asylum, corner Peachtree and Cain streets, this (Monday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. The Order of the Red Cross will be conferred. All qualified Sir Knights courteously invited to attend. By order of

D. E. SHUMAKER, Commander.
R. D. GUINN, C. G.

Attest:
A. P. TRIPOD, Recorder.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

CLARKE—Ernest F. Clarke, formerly of Atlanta, died at his home in Oklahoma City at 8 o'clock Sunday morning. The remains will be brought to Atlanta for interment and brief services will be held at the graveside in West View cemetery Tuesday afternoon.

NEAL

Treatment REMOVES CAUSE of Using

DRINK OR DRUGS

in a few days. Call or address NEAL INSTITUTE (Successor Ga. Keeley Institute), 229 Woodward Ave. Dr. J. M. Conway, 10 years with the Keeley, Physician in charge.

60 Neal Institutes in Principal Cities

Forc-Handed Business Men

employ accountants frequently as much as a preventive measure as for bringing out the real financial condition. The advantage in having an experienced accountant review your business lies in getting cleancut, common sense advice. This in addition to verifying the book work.

JOEL HUNTER & CO.

Certified Public Accountants

Atlanta, Georgia.

No. 21

If you can't bring or send your want ads, phone Main 5000, ask for Classified Adv. Dept. Atlanta Phone 5001.

RATES:

1 time ..... 30c per line
3 times ..... 8c per line
7 times ..... 6c per line

For contract rates, phone for Solicitor. Accounts opened for ads by telephone to responsible parties if proper name is in the telephone directory. Other want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon publication, bill to be presented by mail or collector the same day rendered.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

Stored—Packed—Shipped.

"Satisfaction First."

John J. Woodside Storage Co. INC.

LUMBER

Get our wholesale prices on large lots and car lots for deliveries anywhere in the states of N. C., S. C., Georgia, Tenn. Largest jobbers of Portland Cement, Lime, Plaster in United States.

CAROLINA PORTLAND CEMENT CO.

Atlanta, Ga.

Offices and warehouses, Charleston, Jacksonville, Birmingham, New Orleans.

AMUSEMENTS

ATLANTA FRI., SAT. MAT., SAT.

THE SOUTH'S FAVORITE STAR,

LOUIS MANN

In His Latest Dramatic Triumph,

"THE BUBBLE"

Original New York Cast and Production.

Nights, 25c to $2. Mat. 25c to $1.50. SEATS TUES.

FORSYTH

2:30—Keith Vaudeville—8:30.

William Morris, "Old Homestead" Quintet, Six Musical Nosses, Marion Weeks, Other Acts

Where to Go, Morning, Noon and Night.

THREE DAYS—MON., TUESDAY AND WED.

GRAND 5c and 10c 11 a.m. to 11 p.m.

The World's Foremost Favorite MARY PICKFORD, in "THE FOUNDLING."

A Sweet, Pathetic Play.

A Powerful Drama of Smiles and Tears.

Added Attraction—PARAMOUNT TRAVELOGUE.

DAMAGED GOODS

The Great Drama of Sin's Consequences

PERFORMANCES:

1:30, 3:15, 5, 6:45, 8:30, 10 P. M.

LYRIC

Like Rust in a Fine Watch—That is Constipation

A RUSTY watch loses time. In the same way, a rusty human system is clogged and slowed down by constipation, which causes a tremendous loss of mental and physical energy.

The remedy in the case of the watch is a fine grade of machine oil. And the remedy for constipation, according to the latest conclusions of medical science, is an even finer lubricant—Nujol—the pure white mineral oil.

Nujol lubricates the intestinal tract throughout its entire length, and softens the intestinal contents. In this way it facilitates the processes of normal evacuation, and eventually makes possible the return of regular bowel movements.

Nujol is not a laxative-drug nor a bowel stimulant. It is not absorbed by the system, hence it may be taken in any quantity without harm. It does not act as a purge, but if used regularly will bring permanent relief from constipation in the course of a week or ten days.

Write for booklet, "The Rational Treatment of Constipation." If your druggist hasn't it, we will send a pint bottle of Nujol prepaid to any point in the United States on receipt of 75c—money order or stamps.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(New Jersey)
Bayonne New Jersey

Nujol
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

THE PURE WHITE MINERAL OIL

Approved by:
Harvey W. Wiley, Director Good Housekeeping Bureau of Foods Sanitation and Health.